Pigeon Paramyxovirus

 Pigeon paramyxovirus causes disease in pigeons and doves, and is responsible for die-offs of Eurasian collared doves in Colorado.

Species Affected in Colorado

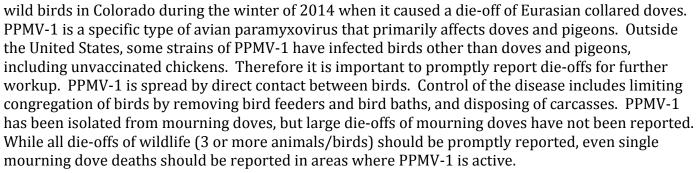
- Eurasian collared doves (invasive species).
- Potentially native doves (mourning doves, band-tailed pigeons).

What to Look For

- Die-offs of doves, with 3 or more birds found dead in a small area.
- Sick birds that do not fly away when approached.

Cause and Transmission

Pigeon paramyxovirus (PPMV-1) is endemic in the United States, but was first found in



Public Health Considerations

Although PPMV-1 has not been reported to infect humans, other avian paramyxoviruses can cause mild conjunctivitis (pinkeye) in humans that have directly handled infected birds. If instructed to dispose of carcasses by wildlife authorities, wear gloves or use a bag to pick up the carcasses. Dispose of the carcasses in an outdoor, closed-lid dumpster and immediately wash hands. Birds may be carrying other diseases of concern. Never handle sick or injured wildlife. Avian paramyxoviruses are not known to cause disease in non-avian domestic animals such as dogs and cats, but other diseases may be present in carcasses. Always prevent pets from eating carcasses.

Additional Information/References:

Schuler KL, Green DE, Justice-Allen AE, Jaffe R, Cunningham M, Thomas NJ, Spalding MG, and Ip HS. 2012. Expansion of an Exotic Species and Concomitant Disease Outbreaks: Pigeon Paramyxovirus in Free-Ranging Eurasian Collared Doves. EcoHealth (9) 163-170. DOI: 10.1007/s10393-012-0758-6

