2023 Colorado Small Game & Waterfowl

SOME SEASON DATES CONTINUE INTO 2024
1. Start With Hunter Education
   Hunter Education certification is required to buy or apply for any hunting license if you were born on or after 1/1/1949. CPW offers traditional, online and Bowhunter Education courses. Colorado also honors Hunter Education certifications from all other states and some foreign countries. Colorado also offers an online test-out option for US military personnel and persons 50 years of age or older; which will fulfill the Hunter Education requirement. Apprentice certificates are also available. To learn more or register for a class: cpw.info/hunter-education

2. Choose Your Species
   Decide which of the small-game species you would like to hunt. The hunting regulations for the small-game species, including birds, are published in a regulation brochure which is distributed for free and available online and where licenses are sold:
   - Small Game & Waterfowl: Small-game animals, small-game and migratory birds, ducks and geese. Also available online in Spanish. Go to: cpw.info/regulations-brochures

3. Decide Where to Hunt
   Colorado is home to a variety of small-game habitat. From the grain fields of the Eastern Plains to the steep slopes of the Rockies and the river bottoms throughout, the small-game hunter can enjoy the challenges of diverse terrain and species during the season. Public-land hunting is plentiful and CPW provides additional walk-in access on registered private lands annually. Walk-in access properties are marked with signage on the properties. Several brochures outline small-game hunting areas:
   - Regular Walk-In Atlas
   - Late Cropland Walk-In Atlas
   - State Recreation Lands (State Wildlife Areas, State Trust Lands and State Parks)

4. Select Your Method
   Small-game hunting is a great introduction for the beginner or novice hunter. A variety of firearms, as well as archery equipment, can all be legal methods of take in Colorado. Be sure to check the legal methods of take for your species in the regulations.

5. Pick Your Hunting Season
   Small game, upland birds and waterfowl all have various hunting seasons associated with each species. By planning a variety of species to hunt, the small-game hunter can hone their hunting skills while enjoying the entire fall and winter seasons. Dove season, which starts Sept. 1, is traditionally called the start of the small-game hunting season.

5 Steps to the Hunt
Small Game Checklist
☐ Hunter education
☐ Small-game license
☐ Harvest Information Program (HIP) 
☐ Waterfowl stamps (state and federal)
☐ Regulation brochure(s)
☐ Essential gear in good condition
☐ Mark the seasons on your family calendar

Photo © Michael DelliVeneri for CPW
WHAT'S NEW: 2023

MOUNT EVANS HUNTING CLOSURE MODIFIED: Hunting is prohibited on Mt. Evans Summit Lake cirque and within one-quarter mile (changed from one-half mile) of either side of the centerline of Mt. Evans Hwy. See page 20.

HIP UPDATE: HIP registration is no longer required for hunters who only hunt furbearers, excluding coyote. If you plan to hunt small game, waterfowl or coyotes, you still need to register with HIP. See page 3.

STATE WILDLIFE AREAS UPDATED: Changes have been made to regulations that standardize and clarify language for permissible activities on many state wildlife areas. Please review the listed restrictions for the SWA you plan to visit, as access and allowances may have changed. See “Land-Use Rules,” pages 17–back cover. For complete regulations, see the Colorado State Recreation Lands brochure: cpw.info/rec-lands-brochure

ACCESS LICENSES AND PASSES IN THE MYCOLORADO™ APP: CPW resident fishing, small game, small game fishing combination licenses and the new Keep Colorado Wild Pass are now accessible through the myColorado™ app! Visit mycolorado.gov to learn more.

CHECK OUR OTHER REGULATION BROCHURES FOR MORE INFORMATION: Depending on the activity you’d like to do on our state's public lands, our other brochures such as Big Game, Fishing and Colorado State Recreation Lands contain useful additional information to help you recreate and hunt responsibly. Be sure to take a look!

LICENSE INFORMATION

LICENSE FEES & HABITAT STAMPS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>RESIDENT</th>
<th>NONRESIDENT</th>
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<tr>
<td>Habitat Stamp (required, ages 18–64)</td>
<td>$11.50</td>
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<td>Small Game*</td>
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<td>Small Game (one-day)*</td>
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<td>Furbearer License Only</td>
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<tr>
<td>Senior Annual Small Game for Lifetime Fishing License Holders (Senior Columbine or Centennial lifetime fishing license holders only)</td>
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<tr>
<td>First Responder Lifetime Small Game/Fishing Combo (Resident only, permanent occupational disability; see page 2)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Veterans Lifetime Small Game/Fishing Combo (Resident only, 60% disabled or Purple Heart recipient; see page 2)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Band-tailed Pigeon Permit</td>
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*Does not include furbearers.

Prices include the 25-cent search-and-rescue fee and the $1.50 fee for the Wildlife Education Fund if applicable.

ACCEPTED FORMS OF PAYMENT

- Online and by phone: Visa, Mastercard, Discover credit/debit cards and CPW gift certificates.
- CPW offices/parks: In addition to the above: check, money order, traveler's checks and cash.
- Sales agents: Any form of payment the agent accepts. CPW gift certificates are not valid.

WHAT YOU NEED TO BUY A LICENSE

1. PROPER IDENTIFICATION and PROOF of residency (for Colorado residents).
2. PROOF of hunter education.
3. HABITAT STAMP: A 2023 ($11.50) or lifetime ($345.36) Habitat Stamp is required prior to buying a license for anyone ages 18–64. NOTE: A Social Security number is required for hunters age 12 and older.

LICENSE REQUIREMENTS

1. Hunters must have an annual youth small-game/furbearer, small-game (annual, 1-day or additional day, plus the furbearer harvest permit if applicable; see number 6 below), annual combo small-game/fishing license (plus the furbearer harvest permit if applicable; see number 6 below), or furbearer license. Hunters must carry their license when hunting and show it when requested by law enforcement officers.
2. Small-game, coyote and migratory bird hunters, including falconers, must sign up with HIP EACH YEAR before their license is valid. See “Harvest Information Program” on page 3.
3. Annual fishing, small-game and furbearer licenses, the furbearer harvest permit, and the Colorado Waterfowl Stamps and Habitat Stamps are valid March 1 through March 31 of the following year (13 months). Lifetime combo small-game/fishing licenses are valid as long as you are a Colorado resident.
4. In order to hunt small game in any seasons that continue beyond March 31, 2023 (see small-game dates, pages 9–11), you must purchase a 2023 small-game license.
5. TO HUNT & TAKE SMALL GAME, you need a small-game license, a combo small-game/fishing or a lifetime combo small-game/fishing license. Small-game definition on page 5.
6. TO HUNT FURBEARERS, you will need to purchase either a furbearer license (to harvest furbearers ONLY, definition of furbearer on page 5) or a small-game license (including daily small-game licenses and combo small-game/fishing licenses) AND a $10 annual furbearer harvest permit. See number 7 below for the exception for coyote.
7. TO HUNT COYOTES, you need a small-game license or a furbearer license. An annual furbearer harvest permit is NOT required to hunt or take coyote. During big-game seasons, if you have an unfilled big-game license for the same season and unit, you may hunt coyote without a small-game or furbearer license. You must use the same method of take for coyote as your big-game license allows. Once the big-game license has been filled, hunters must purchase a small-game or furbearer license to continue hunting coyote, and if using a rifle, it must be .23 caliber or smaller.
8. TO HUNT EURASIAN COLLARED-DOVES, and other invasive species, you must have a hunter education card; however, a hunting license is not required. See page 7.
9. TO HUNT COMMON SNAPPING TURTLES, you need a small-game or fishing license.
10. TO HUNT WATERFOWL, you need a small-game hunting license. If you are 16 or older, you also must have the $31 Federal Migratory Bird Hunting and Conservation Stamp (Duck Stamps) and the $11.50 Colorado State Waterfowl Stamp to hunt waterfowl. COLORADO WATERFOWL STAMP: The state stamp is printed on your hunting license and validated by signing your name in ink on the license. FEDERAL DUCK STAMP: The federal stamp is available after July 1 online, by phone and at select post offices (fws.gov/birds/get-involved/duck-stamp.php). It is valid when you sign your name in ink across the face of the stamp. It is also available at CPW offices and sales agents. When purchased at state outlets, an electronic stamp is issued. This instantly gives you a unique code that is valid for 45 days from the date of issue, sufficient time for the gum-backed stamp to arrive in the mail. A federal stamp is not required to take light geese during the conservation order season: See “Legal Migratory Bird Hunting Methods,” no. 10 on page 6.
11. TO HUNT SANDHILL CRANES, a separate federal permit number, available through HIP (see page 3), is required.
12. TO HUNT BAND-TAILED PIGEONS, a permit ($5) is required in addition to the small-game license. The permit is available online, by phone, at CPW offices and at sales agents.
13. If a license is restricted to a specific area, you can hunt only that area.
14. Licenses are not transferable.
15. False statements made in buying a license and altering a license are illegal and void the license.
16. All license exchanges will be charged a $5.00 fee.
1. **RESIDENCY REQUIREMENTS**

   - The physical residence address you give to buy or apply for a license must be the same as the address given for Colorado state income tax purposes. A P.O. Box is NOT a valid physical address.
   - You terminate your Colorado residency if you apply for, buy or accept a resident hunting, fishing or trapping license issued by another state or foreign country, register to vote outside Colorado or accept a driver’s license that shows an address other than in Colorado.

   **RESIDENCY TYPES**

   1. **STANDARD COLORADO RESIDENT**
      - **Requirements:** You must live in Colorado for at least 6 consecutive months immediately prior to buying or applying for any resident CPW product, have your primary residence in Colorado and have not applied for or purchased a resident license or pass outside of Colorado in the last 6 months.
      - **Proof:** Current and valid Colorado driver’s license with a Colorado address issued 6 or more months prior. If the Colorado driver’s license is not 6 months old, you must provide at least two forms of additional residency proof, as outlined in "Additional Residency Proofs" below.

   2. **STUDENT: ATTENDING SCHOOL FULL-TIME IN COLORADO**
      - **Requirements:** You must be attending school full time at an accredited Colorado school starting at least 6 months prior to buying or applying for any resident CPW product.
      - **Proof:** Student ID, name of institution, date you became a full-time student, school transcript showing full-time status.

   3. **STUDENT: ATTENDING SCHOOL FULL-TIME OUTSIDE OF COLORADO**
      - **Requirements:** You must meet Colorado residency requirements and be attending an accredited school outside of Colorado, paying nonresident tuition.
      - **Proof:** Student ID, name of institution, date you became a full-time student, proof of out-of-state tuition payment.

   4. **MILITARY: STATIONED IN COLORADO**
      - **Requirements:** You must be active-duty military stationed in Colorado. Military member’s spouse and/or dependents share the same residency status. Residency begins the date the orders begin.
      - **Proof:** Military ID and orders.

   5. **MILITARY: COLORADO HOME OF RECORD**
      - **Requirements:** You must be active-duty military stationed outside of Colorado, but with Colorado as your home of record, paying income tax as a Colorado resident. Military member’s spouse and/or dependents share the same residency status.
      - **Proof:** Military ID and orders.

   6. **YOUTH**
   Children under the age of 18 have the same residency status as their parent, legal guardian or person with whom they live the majority of the time per court order.

   **OTHER RESIDENCY INFORMATION**

   1. **ADDITIONAL RESIDENCY PROOFS**
      - If you otherwise meet residency requirements but your Colorado driver’s license or ID was issued or renewed less than 6 months ago, or you have a CPW-approved religious exemption to photo identification on your record, you must provide at least two additional proofs of residency showing 6 consecutive months of Colorado residency immediately prior to buying or applying for a license. Those proofs include: income sources (pay stubs), utility bills, state income tax documents (as a full-time resident), lease agreements/rent receipts, motor vehicle registration, voter registration.

   2. **MULTIPLE HOMES**
      - If you have a home in Colorado and another location, call 303-297-1192 to make sure you comply with Colorado residency requirements before obtaining a CPW license or state park pass.

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2. **HUNTER EDUCATION**

   **HUNTER EDUCATION (SAFETY) REQUIREMENTS**

   1. Anyone born on or after January 1, 1949, must have a hunter education card to hunt in Colorado.
   2. A hunter education card is needed to apply for/buy a license.
   3. Your hunter education card must be carried while hunting, unless it is verified and your license is marked with a “V.” To get your hunter education card verified, take your hunter education card to a CPW office (listed on inside front cover) or state park.
   4. CPW honors hunter education cards from other states, provinces and countries.

   **HUNTER EDUCATION EXEMPTIONS**

   1. Individuals over age 50 or active duty U.S. military and veterans can obtain a hunter education certificate by testing out of hunter education:
      - [cpw.info/hunter-education-test-out](http://cpw.info/hunter-education-test-out)
   2. An apprentice certificate can be obtained for hunters who are at least 10 years old and who must be accompanied by a mentor in the field. This hunter education waiver can be obtained twice in a lifetime: [cpw.info/apprentice-certificate](http://cpw.info/apprentice-certificate)

   **HABITAT STAMPS**

   Habitat Stamps are **REQUIRED** for hunters and cost $11.50; only one is required per person, per year for anyone ages 18–64. Habitat Stamps are now valid March 1–March 31 of the following year (13 months).

   - A lifetime stamp is $345.36.
   - Anyone buying a one-day or additional-day license for fishing and/or small game is exempt from purchasing the Habitat Stamp with the first two of these licenses. The habitat fee will be assessed when a third one-day or additional-day license is purchased for fishing or small game.
   - Anyone who is approved in the Columbine, Blue Spruce, Independence and/or Big Game Mobility programs is exempt from the Habitat Stamp requirement. See [cpw.info/accessibility](http://cpw.info/accessibility)

   **SPECIAL LICENSE INFORMATION**

   **YOUTH LICENSES & MENTOR HUNTING**

   People under age 18 must have a license to hunt small game. A youth small-game license is for hunters 17 and younger, and costs $1.40. If a youth plans on hunting with a youth small-game license, they must be accompanied by a mentor and must meet hunter education requirements. A mentor must be 18 or older and must meet hunter education requirements; mentors aren’t required to hunt. While hunting, youths and mentors must be able to see and hear each other without binoculars, radios, or other aids. Youths also have the option to purchase an adult small-game license, which allows them to hunt without a mentor, as long as they meet hunter education requirements.

   At age 18, hunters must buy an adult license. Mentors are not permitted to hunt ducks, geese, mergansers or coots during the youth waterfowl hunt season. See page 16, “Waterfowl: Youth, Veteran & Active Military Hunt,” for season dates.

   **RESIDENT FIRST RESPONDER LIFETIME COMBO LICENSE**

   Colorado resident first responders who have proof of a permanent occupational disability can qualify for the First Responder program to obtain a lifetime combo small game/fishing license.

   **RESIDENT DISABLED VETERAN LIFETIME COMBO LICENSE**

   Military veterans who have a service-connected disability (with an overall combined rating of 60% or more by the Dept. of Veterans’ Affairs) and are residents of Colorado can obtain a lifetime combo small game/fishing license.

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   **For more information, go to:** [cpw.info/habitat-stamp](http://cpw.info/habitat-stamp)
GENERAL INFORMATION

HARVEST INFORMATION PROGRAM (HIP)
Small-game, new coyote and migratory bird hunters, including falconers, must sign up with HIP EACH YEAR before their license is valid. You can get a 2023–2024 HIP number beginning on April 1 but can get a HIP number anytime after April 1, as long as it’s before you hunt small game during the 2023–2024 season. Write the new HIP number on your license!

To sign up with HIP, call 1-866-265-6447 (1-866-COLO-HIP) from 7 a.m. –10:30 p.m., or go to colorhip.com. You will be asked for basic information, including how many birds and small game you harvested the previous season, and the species you plan to hunt this year. A season begins Sept. 1 through March 15 of the next year. This information helps CPW manage migratory bird and Colorado small-game species by improving harvest estimates.

Live operator phone registrations at 1-866-COLO-HIP are no longer offered during the overnight hours from 10:30 p.m. to 7 a.m. The live operator system is also closed all day on major holidays (Thanksgiving, Christmas and New Year’s Day). During these out-of-service periods, please call back during open service times or go to colorhip.com and register online, still available 24/7.

WALK-IN ACCESS PROGRAM (WIA)
The Walk-In Access (WIA) program provides opportunities to hunt small game, migratory bird and furbearer species on enrolled properties, only during established season dates. Properties are closed to hunting Game & Fish’s quail and greater sage-grouse.

The regular season walk-in properties are open Sept. 1 through the end of Feb. The late cropland season properties are open from the opening day of pheasant season through the end of Feb. Extended walk-in properties are open from the start of pheasant season through the end of March. Properties are open to foot access only, from one hour before sunrise until one hour after sunset. They are open two hours before sunrise until two hours after sunset for waterfowl, deer, elk or pronghorn hunting.

Hunters must have a small-game license and Habitat Stamp to hunt on WIA lands. Properties enrolled are posted with Walk-In Access signs and published in the WIA atlas. Access is prohibited as posted when the landowner is actively harvesting crops.

Two atlases for 2023–24 will be published. The early version, the 2023 REGULAR WALK-IN ATLAS, is available in late Aug. and includes properties open Sept. 1. The 2023 LATE CROPLAND ATLAS will be available in late Oct. and includes an updated property list.

WILDLIFE CAUSING DAMAGE
Colorado law allows landowners to protect private property from most wildlife damage. For information, call CPW at 303-297-1192. Also see cpw.info/ regulations, Chapter W-17: Game Damage, for updated trapping regulations and details on small-game damage.

SAFE HANDLING OF GAME MEAT
Concern has grown about diseases affecting wild animals that could potentially make humans sick. Most of the time, properly handled and prepared game meat poses no greater risk than domestic meat of causing disease in humans. Hunters are encouraged to contact their local public health department for details on safe handling and preparing game meat:

1. Do not handle animals that are obviously sick or found dead. Report sick or dead animals you find to a CPW office.
2. Keep game cool, clean and dry.
3. Do not eat, drink or smoke while dressing game.
4. Use disposable gloves when cleaning game.
5. Wash your hands with soap and water, or use alcohol wipes after dressing game.
6. Clean all tools and surfaces immediately afterward. Use hot, soapy water, then disinfect with a 10 percent chlorine bleach solution.
7. Cook game meat to an internal temperature of at least 165 degrees F to kill disease organisms and parasites. Juices from adequately cooked game meat should be clear.
8. Do not eat any raw portions of wild game.
9. Do not feed raw wild game to domestic pets.

ATTENTION HUNTERS!
Our effort to reintroduce lynx to the state has been a great success. Lynx can now be found throughout southwest Colorado and into other parts of the state. Lynx sightings should be reported to a CPW office as we continue to monitor populations and movement. Bobcat hunters should use caution and carefully identify their target:

- **THE TIP OF A LYNX TAIL** is black all around. On a bobcat, the underside of the tip of its tail is white.
- **THE BELLY FUR** on a lynx is tawny colored. On a bobcat, it is white.
- **LYNX TRACKS** are 3 1/2 to 4 1/2 inches wide. Bobcat tracks are smaller than 2 1/2 inches wide.

DONATING WILDLIFE
You can donate edible parts of wildlife to a like-license holder anywhere or to anyone at the recipient’s home. A like-license is for the same species, sex, dates and manner of take as the donor’s license. Bag and possession limits apply to donors and recipients and birds must be properly tagged. See “Tagging, Transporting Birds,” page 7.

SMALL-GAME AND FURBEARER SURVEYS
Colorado Parks and Wildlife conducts several small-game and furbearer harvest surveys annually to estimate harvest, hunter numbers and recreation days, in addition to assessing satisfaction and crowding. Past surveys are available on the CPW website at cpw.info/small-game-stats and cpw.info/furbearers. Updated reports are available after annual surveys conclude.

Hunters are selected randomly to participate. Small-game and furbearer surveys are by telephone or by email. If contacted, your participation is not required, but responding — even if you did not hunt or harvest an animal — helps CPW manage small game and furbearers.

Bobcat Seals: Mandatory
All bobcats or their pelts must be personally presented by the hunter for inspection and sealing by CPW within 30 days after take, or within five days after the season closes; whichever is sooner. Any bobcat hide/pelt without a seal within five days after the season closes is illegal and becomes the property of the state. Seals will be placed only on bobcats taken legally in Colorado.

Inspection and sealing is free, and seals must stay attached to hide until processed. Bobcat hides/pelts cannot be transported, shipped or otherwise taken from Colorado until inspected and sealed. It is illegal to buy, sell, trade or barter an untanned bobcat hide/pelt without a seal. One seal per hide/pelt. Contact a nearby CPW office for details (offices listed on inside front cover).

Call Before Digging: 1-800-922-1987
Colorado law requires waterfowl hunters to call the Utility Notification Center of Colorado before digging hunting pits. By doing so, hunters can avoid accidentally hitting electric, gas, water and other utility lines.

SAFE HANDLING OF GAME MEAT
Concern has grown about diseases affecting wild animals that could potentially make humans sick. Most of the time, properly handled and prepared game meat poses no greater risk than domestic meat of causing disease in humans. Hunters are encouraged to contact their local public health department or CPW office for information on wildlife diseases that may be present where they plan to hunt.

Public health officials recommend the following precautions when handling and preparing game meat:

1. Do not handle animals that are obviously sick or found dead. Report sick or dead animals you find to a CPW office.
2. Keep game cool, clean and dry.
3. Do not eat, drink or smoke while dressing game.
4. Use disposable gloves when cleaning game.
5. Wash your hands with soap and water, or use alcohol wipes after dressing game.
6. Clean all tools and surfaces immediately afterward. Use hot, soapy water, then disinfect with a 10 percent chlorine bleach solution.
7. Cook game meat to an internal temperature of at least 165 degrees F to kill disease organisms and parasites. Juices from adequately cooked game meat should be clear.
8. Do not eat any raw portions of wild game.
9. Do not feed raw wild game to domestic pets.
GENERAL HUNTING LAWS

1. Colorado Parks and Wildlife can post firing lines at its properties.
2. It is illegal to kill, capture, injure or harass wildlife from a motor vehicle or an aircraft. It is also illegal to operate aircraft with intent to injure, harass, drive or rally wildlife. It is illegal to discharge a firearm or release an arrow from a motor vehicle or an aircraft.
3. It is illegal to discharge a firearm or release an arrow from, on or across a public road. Hunting with rifles, handguns, shotguns firing a single slug and archery equipment is prohibited within 50 feet on each side of the center line of any public road. On a divided road, the prohibition includes the median, and the 50-foot requirement is measured from the center line of both roads.
4. It is illegal to carry or have a firearm, except a pistol or revolver, in or on a motor vehicle unless the chamber is unloaded. While using artificial light from a vehicle, it is illegal to have a firearm with cartridges in the chamber or magazine, or possess a strung bow unless the bow is cased.
5. You must take all edible portions of meat from the field and prepare for human consumption. Do not leave wounded wildlife (or wildlife that might be wounded) without attempting to track and kill it.
6. Possession of wildlife is evidence you hunted.
7. Small-game and migratory bird hunters are not required to wear solid, fluorescent orange or pink clothes. However, CPW encourages you to wear fluorescent orange or pink clothes for safety.
8. You must stop at CPW check stations when told to do so.
9. Violations of Colorado wildlife laws carry point values. You can face suspension of license privileges for up to five years or more if you accumulate 20 or more points in five years.
10. During deer, elk, pronghorn and bear seasons, firearms (except handguns) must be unloaded in the chamber and magazine when carried on an off-highway vehicle (OHV). Firearms (except handguns) and bows carried on an OHV must be fully enclosed in a hard or soft case. Scabbards or cases with open ends or sides are prohibited. This regulation does not apply to landowners or their agents carrying a firearm on an OHV for the purpose of taking depredating wildlife on property owned or leased by them.
11. CALIBER RESTRICTION: It is illegal to hunt game birds, small-game animals or furbearers with a centerfire rifle larger than .23 caliber in regular rifle deer and elk seasons west of I-25, unless you have an unfilled deer or elk license for the season you are hunting. A small-game license is required.

LEGAL HUNTING HOURS

Legal times to hunt small game and/or waterfowl are one-half hour before sunrise to sunset. An exception is made for furbearers, which can be hunted from one-half hour before sunrise to one-half hour after sunset. Raccoons, coyotes, bobcats, striped skunks, beavers and red, gray or swift foxes can be hunted at night. See “Furbearers” under “Small-Game Hunting Laws” on page 5 for details.

In light goose conservation season, hunting is allowed one-half hour before sunrise to one-half hour after sunset.

Go to cpw.info/hunting-resources for a link to sunrise/sunset tables and more information.

RESTRICTIONS

CHILD SUPPORT DELINQUENCY

State law requires a Social Security number to buy a license. It is not displayed on the license but is provided, if requested, to Child Support Enforcement authorities. Hunting and fishing licenses are not issued to those suspended for noncompliance with child support. Any current licenses become invalid if held by an individual who is noncompliant with child support.

WEAPONS RESTRICTIONS

Colorado and federal laws prohibit people convicted of certain crimes, such as domestic violence, from possessing weapons even for hunting. If you’ve been convicted of a crime, check with the appropriate law enforcement authority to find out how the laws apply to you.

AIDS IN HUNTING SM. GAME & WATERFOWL

1. Dogs are allowed to hunt small game, waterfowl and furbearers, but only to pursue, bring to bay, retrieve, flush or point. It is illegal to use dogs to hunt cottontail rabbits, snowshoe hares and tree squirrels on land where any regular deer, elk, pronghorn or moose season is in progress.
2. Artificial decoys are permitted.
3. European ferrets are permitted for hawking. Ferrets must be neutered, tattooed on left inguinal area and dyed along one-fourth of their body for easy field identification.
4. Mechanical devices designed to call wildlife are allowed. Recorded or electronically amplified calls can be used to hunt furbearers and crows only.
5. You can hunt migratory game birds over standing crops or feed used in the course of agricultural planting, harvesting or other normal agricultural practices; baiting is not allowed.
6. It is illegal to use drones to look for, scout or detect wildlife as an aid in hunting.

NOTE: E-BIKE SAFETY

Hunters using e-bikes are encouraged to fully unload and case their firearms and bows when transporting them for safety. Check with the local BLM Field Office and/or USFS Ranger District where you want to ride for the most up-to-date information.
FOR SMALL-GAME MAMMALS
1. Rifles or handguns.

NOTE: SMART RIFLES are prohibited, including any firearm equipped with a target tracking system, electronically controlled, assisted or computer-linked trigger or a ballistics computer. Any firearm equipped with a scope containing a computer processor is considered to be a smart rifle.

NOTE: FULLY AUTOMATIC RIFLES are prohibited.

2. Shotguns no larger than 10 gauge. Shotguns cannot be capable of holding more than 3 shells in magazine and chamber combined.

3. Hand-held bows and crossbows.

4. Air guns and slingshots.

5. Hawking.

6. All live traps (only cage or box traps) placed on public lands must be labeled clearly with the trapper’s Customer Identification number (CID), in a place that can be easily seen without needing to move the trap to see the label. Trappers who don’t have a CID must legibly label the traps with the trapper’s name. Live traps that aren’t labeled properly may be confiscated by any wildlife officer. This law also applies to furbearers (below).

FOR SMALL-GAME BIRDS (EXCEPT MIGRATORY BIRDS: SEE PAGE 6–7)
1. Rifles or handguns allowed for dusky grouse and ptarmigan.

2. Shotguns no larger than 10 gauge not firing a single slug. Shotguns cannot be capable of holding more than 3 shells in magazine and chamber combined.

3. Hand-held bows and crossbows.

4. Air guns and slingshots allowed for dusky grouse and ptarmigan.

5. Hawking.

FOR FURBEARERS
1. Any rifle, handgun, shotgun, hand-held bow or crossbow, live traps (limited to cage or box traps), air gun (pre-charged pneumatic air gun .25 caliber or larger for coyote and bobcat).

2. Use of bait. It must be made solely of plants or animals. Wildlife used as bait can be carcasses or parts of legally taken furbearers, carp, shad, white and longnose suckers, and inedible parts of legally obtained game mammals, birds or game fish.

3. Electronic call devices.

4. You must check traps in person, at least daily. In lynx recovery areas or where the lynx are, you must check traps every 24 hours. More on lynx: cpw.info/lynx-research

5. Any accidentally captured live animals for which trapping hours are open must be killed or released immediately upon checking the trap.

6. Animals captured in live traps cannot be moved from the trap site and must be killed or released on site when trap is checked.

7. If wildlife (except Canada lynx, see No. 8 in this list) is accidentally captured alive when trapping season is closed or is illegal for that species, you must release the animal immediately. You cannot kill it. If you find a dead animal in your trap, you must bring its carcass to a CPW officer or office within 5 days. Failing to do so is evidence of illegal possession of wildlife. Trappers who comply will not be charged with illegal possession.

8. If you accidentally capture a Canada lynx and it’s not injured, you must release it immediately and report it to CPW within 24 hours. If a lynx is accidentally injured, but not in your possession, you must report it to CPW within 24 hours. If you capture a lynx accidentally and injure it, take the lynx to CPW or a licensed veterinarian, and report it to CPW within 24 hours. If you accidentally kill a lynx, you must report it to CPW within 24 hours, and take the carcass to CPW within 3 days after the report. Failing to follow these rules is considered unlawful take and possession. You will not be charged if you comply with these requirements or use the plan’s best management practices to avoid accidentally taking a lynx. Guidelines available on the CPW website, search for Avoid Lynx Take.

9. On private land, artificial light is allowed at night to hunt raccoons, coyotes, bobcats, striped skunks and red, gray or swit foxes, with written permission of landowner or agent.

10. On public land, artificial light is allowed at night with permit from local district or area wildlife manager, to hunt raccoons, coyotes, bobcats, striped skunks, beavers, and red, gray or swit foxes. Permits are valid for time and place specified.

a. Permits are not valid 24 hours before or during deer, elk or pronghorn rifle seasons, nor opening weekend of archery deer season, pheasant and waterfowl seasons.

b. It is illegal to hunt with a light permanently attached to a vehicle, or to project light from inside a vehicle.

c. It is illegal to take furbearers within 500 yards of a dwelling, building, campground or other structure, or in areas that jeopardize human safety.

d. You must carry and show the permit while hunting if requested by a law enforcement officer.

e. CPW can deny a permit for management purposes.

f. Night-hunting permits are not issued for bobcat on public land in Canada lynx recovery areas or where lynx are. If a bobcat hunter kills a Canada lynx during bobcat hunting season, CPW will not issue any more night-hunting permits for bobcat for the rest of the calendar year in the recovery areas or where the lynx was killed. CPW also will revoke all night-hunting permits previously issued for bobcats.

ILLEGAL SMALL-GAME HUNTING METHODS

1. The use of toxicants, drugs, explosives, stupefying substances or body grip devices, cable device traps, enclosed foothold traps, foothold traps, lethal cable device traps, and to hunt, kill, capture, injure or harass wildlife are illegal. Exempt as allowed under chapter W-5 or permitted by the CO Dept. of Agriculture.

2. Use of electronic calls is not allowed to hunt small game. (Electronic calls are legal to hunt furbearers.)

3. Use of any artificial light, night vision or thermal devices as an aid in hunting wildlife, except as in “Legal Small-Game Hunting Methods” (above) is not allowed.

4. Use of live-action game cameras to locate, surveil, or aid or assist in locating or surveilling game wildlife in order to take/trap to take game wildlife during the same or following day. This doesn’t include game cameras that record photographic/video data and store such data for later use, as long as the device cannot transmit data wirelessly.

5. Use of bait to hunt small-game mammals, game birds and migratory birds is not allowed.

6. Use of visual lures, fresh meat baits, fish oil and anise oil lures to attract fowl in lynx recovery areas or where lynx are found is not allowed.

7. Except when legally placed on private property by permit, illegal to set traps within 50 feet of either side of the travelled part of state or federal highways or county roads.

8. It is illegal to destroy or damage beaver or muskrat houses, dens or dams, except to maintain water flow or prevent property damage.

9. Contests involving furbearers (including coyote), black-tailed, white-tailed and Gunnison’s prairie dogs, or Wyoming (Richardson’s) ground squirrels are prohibited. A contest is any competitive event where money or other valuable prizes are awarded for the taking of these species. Certificates or similar tokens of recognition without significant monetary value are not considered valuable prizes. This does not apply to wildlife parks and field trials licensed by CPW.

10. Use of any artificial light, night vision or thermal devices as an aid in hunting wildlife, except as in “Legal Small-Game Hunting Methods” (above) is not allowed.

11. Use of live-action game cameras to locate, surveil, or aid or assist in locating or surveilling game wildlife in order to take/trap to take game wildlife during the same or following day. This doesn’t include game cameras that record photographic/video data and store such data for later use, as long as the device cannot transmit data wirelessly.

12. Use of bait to hunt small-game mammals, game birds and migratory birds is not allowed.
MIGRATORY BIRD HUNTING LAWS

LEGAL MIGRATORY BIRD HUNTING METHODS

1. Shotguns cannot be larger than 10 gauge. They cannot be capable of holding more than three shells in magazine and chamber combined. They must be fired from the shoulder. To reduce capacity of shotguns that hold more than three shells in the chamber and magazine combined, the magazine must be cut off, altered or plugged with a one-piece filler that cannot be removed unless the gun is disassembled. Slugs are illegal to hunt waterfowl.

2. Hand-held bows are allowed only if the arrow or bowstring is not held or drawn mechanically. It is illegal to use bows on firing lines designated by the Parks and Wildlife Commission.

3. It is legal to hunt waterfowl in the open, from a blind or other concealed place (except a sink box). When camouflaged with vegetation from agricultural crops, camouflaging cannot result in exposing, depositing, distributing or scattering grain or other feed.

4. Hunting is allowed from vessels (except sink boxes) with motors or sails if motor is off, and/or sails furled and forward movement has stopped. Hunting is allowed from drifting vessels and those propelled by hand. Motorized vessels are only allowed to pick up dead or injured birds, or to put out and retrieve decoys.

5. It is legal to take migratory birds, including waterfowl, coots and cranes, on or over the following lands not otherwise baited: standing or flooded standing crops; standing flooded or manipulated natural vegetation; flooded harvested crop lands; where seeds or grains were scattered solely from normal agricultural planting, harvesting, post-harvest manipulation or normal soil stabilization practice; flooded, standing agricultural crops where grain is inadvertently scattered solely by a hunter entering or exiting an area, placing decoys or retrieving downed birds.

6. It is legal to take migratory birds, except waterfowl, coots and cranes, on or over the following lands not otherwise baited: where grain or other feed is distributed or scattered solely from manipulation of agricultural crops or other feed, or solely from normal agricultural operations.

7. It is legal to take migratory game birds and waterfowl by the aid of baiting, or on or over any baited area, if you know or reasonably should know the area is baited. It is illegal to place or direct placement of bait on or in an area to cause, induce or allow anyone to take or attempt to take migratory birds with the help of bait or over a baited area.

8. It is illegal to use any artificial light as an aid in hunting or taking wildlife. Recorded or electronically amplified calls are allowed. Shotguns that hold more than 3 rounds in the chamber and magazine may be used in this season only. Hunting is allowed one-half hour before sunrise to one-half hour after sunset. A federal migratory bird stamp is not required, but a Colorado waterfowl stamp is. (See page 14 for season dates.)

9. It is illegal to own or transport live migratory birds or waterfowl, including directly above it, without first obtaining permission from owner, occupant or person in charge of the dwelling.

10. It is illegal to use or transport live migratory birds or waterfowl, including directly above it, without first obtaining permission from owner, occupant or person in charge of the dwelling.

11. It is illegal to own or transport live migratory birds or waterfowl, including directly above it, without first obtaining permission from owner, occupant or person in charge of the dwelling.

12. It is illegal to buy, sell, barter or offer to buy or sell feathers or mounted specimens of migratory birds.

13. It is illegal to receive or have someone else’s migratory birds unless they are tagged as required.

14. SANDHILL CRANE HUNTERS: Whooping cranes are federally endangered and illegal to hunt. They may be in Colorado during sandhill crane season.

15. The most restrictive state or federal laws apply. See fws.gov/program/migratory-birds for more information.

ILLEGAL MIGRATORY BIRD HUNTING METHODS

1. Baiting is illegal (see description of baiting above, number 5). For information on federal baiting laws, go to fws.gov/story/2021-12/information-waterfowl-hunters.

2. Traps, snares, nets, rifles, pistols, swivel guns, punt guns, battery guns, machine guns and fish hooks, poisons, toxicants, explosives or stupefying substances are illegal.

3. Recorded or electronically amplified calls are allowed. Shotguns that hold more than three shells in magazine and chamber may be used in this season only. Hunting is allowed one-half hour before sunrise to one-half hour after sunset. A federal migratory bird stamp is not required, but a Colorado waterfowl stamp is. (See page 14 for season dates.)

8. IN THE AREAS BOUNDED on N by Wyoming; E and S by I-76, Hwy. 71, U.S. 36 and I-70; and W by the Continental Divide and Larimer- Jackson county line; and in Bent, Crowley, Kiowa, Mesa, Otero and Prowers counties:
   a. It is illegal to hunt waterfowl within 50 yards on either side of center line of a public road.
   b. It is illegal to hunt waterfowl within 150 yards of a dwelling, including directly above it, without first obtaining permission from owner, occupant or person in charge of the dwelling.

9. It is illegal to have or transport live migratory birds or waterfowl, including directly above it, without first obtaining permission from owner, occupant or person in charge of the dwelling.

10. You cannot kill, have, transport, import or export migratory birds, their parts, nests or eggs that were taken, bought, sold, transported, possessed or exported illegally.

11. You cannot kill, have, transport, import or export migratory birds, their parts, nests or eggs that were taken, bought, sold, transported, possessed or exported illegally.

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15. The most restrictive state or federal laws apply. See fws.gov/program/migratory-birds for more information.
HUNTING TERMS & DEFINITIONS: MIGRATORY BIRDS

AGGREGATE: Total number of animals allowed to be taken in one day, by one person, regardless of species.

DAILY BAG LIMIT: Maximum number of wildlife you can take in a day, including any eaten or donated during the day they’re taken.

CENTRAL FLWAY: East of the Continental Divide.

GEESE: All species of geese and brant. Light geese means lesser snow geese (including blue), greater snow geese and Ross’ geese. Dark geese means Canada geese, white-fronted geese, brant, cackling geese and all other species of geese except light geese.

MANIPULATION: Alteration of natural vegetation or agricultural crops by activities that include, but are not limited to, mowing, shredding, discing, rolling, chopping, trampling, flattening, burning or herbicide treatments. Manipulation does not include distributing or scattering grain, seed or other feed after removal from, or storage on, the field where grown.

MIGRATORY GAME BIRDS: Migratory birds included in conventions between U.S. and foreign countries to protect birds for which seasons are established. They are: waterfowl (ducks, including mergansers, and geese, including brant), mourning and white-winged doves, sandhill cranes, American coots, sora, Virginia rail, Wilson’s snipe, band-tailed pigeons, crows.

NATURAL VEGETATION: Non-agricultural, native or natural plants growing from planting, or existing seeds and other propagules. This does not include planted millet. However, millet growing on its own after planting year is considered natural vegetation.

NONTOXIC SHOT: Any shot type approved to take migratory game birds according to 50 CFR 20.21 (U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service). See page 8 for table and details.

NORMAL AGRICULTURAL OPERATION: Planting, harvesting, post-harvest manipulation or agricultural practice conducted according to 50 CFR 20.11 (U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service).

NORMAL AGRICULTURAL PLANTING, HARVESTING OR POST-HARVEST MANIPULATION: Planting or harvesting to produce and gather crops, or manipulation after harvest and removal of grain, conducted according to 50 CFR 20.11 (U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service).

NORMAL SOIL STABILIZATION PRACTICE: Planting for agricultural soil erosion control or post-mining reclamation conducted according to 50 CFR 20.11 (U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service).

PACIFIC FLWAY: West of the Continental Divide.

POSSSESSION LIMIT: Maximum number of wildlife you can have at any time, including in the field, in transport, at home or in storage.

SINKBOX: Raft or low-floating device with a depression concealing a person below the surface of the water.

1. A carcass tag must be attached to wildlife requiring one.
2. Licensees must accompany wildlife not requiring a carcass tag (except as in No. 4).
3. One fully feathered wing or head must be attached to birds in transit until they arrive at hunter’s home or commercial processing facility.
4. To ship migratory birds, packages must be marked outside with name and address of sender, name and address of receiver and number of birds, by species. Licenses, a photocopy of the license or carcass tag must accompany wildlife shipped by common carrier.
5. It is illegal to leave migratory birds anywhere other than at your home or with someone else for picking, cleaning, processing, permanent or temporary storage or taxidermy, unless the birds or package of birds have a tag attached. You must sign tags and include your address, total number and species of birds, date of kill and your hunting license number.
6. It is illegal to receive or have someone else’s migratory birds unless they are tagged as required.
7. Migratory bird preservation facilities:
   a. If you have someone else’s migratory birds for picking, cleaning, freezing, processing, storing or shipping, you must have records showing the number of each species, date you received them, date birds were disposed of, and name and address of who received the birds.
   b. You must keep records 1 year after the last entry.

BIRD SPECIES IDENTIFICATION

A fully feathered wing or head must be attached to all birds, except turkeys, doves and band-tailed pigeons, in transit to hunter’s home or commercial processor. For pheasants, a foot with visible spur can be substituted.

NOTE: While in the field or during transport, all dressed (not fully feathered) doves, including Eurasian collared-doves, count against the daily bag and possession limit for mourning and white-winged doves during the Sept. 1–Nov. 29 dove season. Eurasian collared-doves must be fully feathered while in the field or during transport at all other times.

HUNTING INVASIVE BIRDS

EURASIAN COLLARED-DOVES, EUROPEAN STARLINGS AND HOUSE (ENGLISH) SPARRSOS are considered invasive species in Colorado. Because of this designation, these species may be hunted year-round. No license or Habitat Stamp is required to hunt invasive species; however hunters must have and carry with them a hunter education card.

Hunters may harvest any number of each of these species and by any method of take approved for big- or small-game hunting. These species may be taken at night with the use of artificial light and night vision equipment.

Commercial hunting of invasive species is prohibited, as is receiving or attempting to receive compensation by hunting these species. Eurasian collared-doves must remain fully feathered while in the field or during transport, except when counted as part of the mourning or white-winged dove bag and possession limit during the dove season that runs from Sept. 1–Nov. 29. See page 10 for season dates and bag limits.

TAGGING, TRANSPORTING BIRDS

1. A carcass tag must be attached to wildlife requiring one.
2. Licensees must accompany wildlife not requiring a carcass tag (except as in No. 4).
3. One fully feathered wing or head must be attached to birds in transit until they arrive at hunter’s home or commercial processing facility.
4. To ship migratory birds, packages must be marked outside with name and address of sender, name and address of receiver and number of birds, by species. Licenses, a photocopy of the license or carcass tag must accompany wildlife shipped by common carrier.
5. It is illegal to leave migratory birds anywhere other than at your home or with someone else for picking, cleaning, processing, permanent or temporary storage or taxidermy, unless the birds or package of birds have a tag attached. You must sign tags and include your address, total number and species of birds, date of kill and your hunting license number.
6. It is illegal to receive or have someone else’s migratory birds unless they are tagged as required.
7. Migratory bird preservation facilities:
   a. If you have someone else’s migratory birds for picking, cleaning, freezing, processing, storing or shipping, you must have records showing the number of each species, date you received them, date birds were disposed of, and name and address of who received the birds.
   b. You must keep records 1 year after the last entry.

c. You must allow people authorized to enforce this regulation to enter the facilities at reasonable hours to inspect records and premises.

8. Per week, beginning on Sunday, it is illegal to import more than 25 doves and 10 pigeons from a foreign country, or more than 10 ducks and 5 geese from a foreign country, except Canada and Mexico. Doves and waterfowl imported from Canada and Mexico cannot exceed Canadian and Mexican export limits. One fully feathered wing must stay attached to birds transported and shipped between ports of entry and someone’s home or a migratory bird facility. It is illegal to import someone else’s birds.

9. It is illegal to take, have, transport, import or export migratory birds, their parts, nests or eggs that were taken, bought, sold, transported, possessed or exported illegally.

10. It is illegal to have or transport live migratory birds, including wounded birds. You must kill migratory game birds immediately after recovering them.

11. No permit is required to have or transport plumage and skins of legally taken migratory birds for your own use.

12. No permit is required to have, dispose of and transport feathers of wild ducks and wild geese legally killed, or of birds seized by wildlife authorities. It is legal to use feathers to make fishing flies, bed pillows, mattresses and similar commercial items, except millinery or ornamental use.

13. It is illegal to buy, sell, barter or offer to buy or sell feathers or mounted specimens of migratory game birds.

HUNTING LAWS

WANT FOR BANDED BIRDS

Wildlife managers need help gathering information about the migratory bird populations. If you kill or find a banded bird, please report it to the USGS Bird Banding Lab: reportband.gov

CPW.STATE.CO.US 7
1. It is illegal to use or have toxic (lead) shot, either in shotshells or as loose shot for muzzleloading, while taking or attempting to take ducks, geese or coots in Colorado. This includes national wildlife refuges open to hunting. Toxic shot, either in shotshells or as loose shot for muzzleloading, cannot be in a hunter’s gun, on his/her person or near a hunter taking or attempting to take waterfowl. Store lead shot in your vehicle. You can store lead shot elsewhere if it’s not readily accessible while hunting waterfowl.

2. Nontoxic shot is required in commercial wildlife parks, field trials and dog-training while hunting captive-reared mallards.

3. It is illegal to have or use nontoxic shot larger than size T to hunt ducks, geese or coots.


5. Falcons must comply with HIP (see page 3).

6. Firearms are prohibited while hawking.

7. Hawking is prohibited from a public road.

8. Hawking on private property is illegal without permission from the owner or person in charge.

9. A Raptor Importation License is required to import any raptor into Colorado. An application for raptor importation must be submitted a minimum of 7 days prior to the proposed importation date. A current health certificate issued within 30 days of the proposed entry from the state of origin is required. Raptor import application/license are fee exempt and may be submitted at cpwshop.com/purchase-special-license.page.

1. Apprentices may hunt with only one raptor at a time.

2. A resident falconry license is required.

3. Nonresident falconers must buy either:
   a. A nonresident annual falconry license; applications are submitted online at cpwshop.com/purchase-special-license.page, or;
   b. A nonresident small-game license and have proof that they possess a current and valid falconry license in their home state.

4. Hunter education certificate is not necessary with a resident 3-year falconry license or a nonresident annual falconry license. State and federal Migratory Bird Hunting Stamps are required for hunting migratory waterfowl.

TOM ROSTER’S 2016 NONTOXIC SHOT LETHALITY TABLE®

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¹ These findings are derived from testing 21” x 28 gauge; 21” x 26; 21” x 23 1/2 x 12; 26” x 21” x 12 ga.; 26” x 21” x 10 ga. steel loads; plus 21” x 29 ga.; 26” x 21” x 20 ga.; 26” x 21” x 12 ga. HEVI-Shot loads.

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GET THE LEAD OUT

Go to www.colorado.gov/lead-health and click "For the public" to see the Lead in Harvested Wild Game factsheet.

From the field to the table, ensuring your next harvest is safe for your family is important. Switching from lead bullets may be an option that’s right for you. Science tells us ingesting lead can cause potential health problems over time. Risks are low for most people; however, you can also:

1. Use lead-free shot or bullets.

2. Choose a firearm with lower-velocity bullets, so bullet fragments don’t scatter as far into the wound. Liberally trim and discard meat damaged by the bullet when you process an animal.

3. Clean your meat grinder between each animal. Lead is soft and can go through your grinder, contaminating an entire batch of ground meat. If you don’t grind the meat yourself, speak with your commercial processor about their equipment cleaning process between animals.

4. Avoid eating game meat from animals harvested with lead bullets if you are pregnant. Children younger than 6 should also avoid it.
**SMALL-GAME ANIMALS**

**SEASON DATES & BAG LIMITS**

- **ABERT’S SQUIRREL**
  - Season: Nov. 15–Jan. 15, annually
  - Daily Bag Limit: 2
  - Possession Limit: 4

- **COMMON SNAPPING TURTLE**
  - Seasons: April 1–Oct. 31, annually
  - Bag Limit: Unlimited
  - Possession Limit: Unlimited

- **MINK**
  - Season: Oct. 1–end of Feb., annually
  - Bag Limit: 5 of each species
  - Possession Limit: 10 of each species

- **OPOSSUM**
  - Season: Nov. 15–Jan. 15, annually
  - Daily Bag Limit: 2
  - Possession Limit: 4

- **RING-TAILED CAT**
  - Season: Year-round
  - Bag & Possession Limit: Unlimited

- **WEASEL: LONG-TAILED, SHORT-TAILED**
  - Season: Year-round
  - Bag & Possession Limit: Unlimited

- **BEAVER**
  - Season: Oct. 1–April 30, annually
  - Bag Limit: Unlimited
  - Possession Limit: Unlimited

- **BOBCAT**
  - Season: Dec. 1–end of Feb., annually
  - Bag Limit: Unlimited
  - Possession Limit: Unlimited

- **COYOTE**
  - Season: Year-round
  - Bag & Possession Limit: Unlimited

- **MARMOT**
  - Season: Aug. 10–Oct. 15, annually
  - Daily Bag Limit: 2
  - Possession Limit: 4

- **PRAIRIE DOG: WHITE-TAILED, BLACK-TAILED, GUNNISON’S**
  - Public Land Season: June 15–end of Feb., annually
  - Private Land Season: Year-round
  - Bag & Possession Limit: Unlimited

- **PRAIRIE RATTLESNAKE**
  - Season: June 15–Aug. 15, annually
  - Daily Bag Limit: 3
  - Possession Limit: 6

- **SQUIRREL: FOX, PINE**
  - Season: Oct. 1–end of Feb., annually
  - Bag Limit: 5 of each species
  - Possession Limit: 10 of each species

- **SNOWSHOE HARE**
  - Season: Year-round
  - Bag & Possession Limit: Unlimited

- **MOUNTAIN SNOWSHOE HARE**
  - Season: Year-round
  - Bag & Possession Limit: Unlimited

- **WYOMING (RICHARDSON’S) GROUND SQUIRREL**
  - Season: Year-round
  - Bag & Possession Limit: Unlimited

- **RODENTIA: SMALL-TOOTHED HAMSTER, WHITE-FACED HAMSTER, BROWN HAMSTER**
  - Season: Year-round
  - Bag & Possession Limit: Unlimited

**FURBEARER HARVEST LOG**

Fill out the below Furbearer Harvest Log and use the information for answering the furbearer harvest survey if you are contacted at the end of the year. The surveys help us keep track of the furbearer species taken each year, so we can better manage their populations.

**FURBEAVERS**

- **BADGER**
- **FOX: RED, GRAY, SWIFT**
- **MINK**
- **MUSSKRAT**
- **OPPOSUM**
- **PINE MARTEN**
- **RACCOON**
- **RING-TAILED CAT**
- **SKUNK: STRIPED, WESTERN SPOTTED**
- **WEASEL: LONG-TAILED, SHORT-TAILED**
- **BOBCAT**

**SMALL-GAME SEASON OPPORTUNITIES**

Check the exact season dates, more hunting opportunities, bag and possession limits and hunting area restrictions/boundaries in the regulations in this brochure and online: [cpw.info/regulations](http://cpw.info/regulations)

**SPECIES AUG SEPT OCT NOV DEC JAN FEB**

- **SMALL-GAME ANIMALS & FURBEAVERS**
  - Abert’s squirrel
  - Rabbit, Hare
  - Coyote
  - Fox, Pine Squirrel
  - Marmot
  - Wyoming Ground Squirrel
  - Badger, Fox, Mink, Skunk, etc.

- **SMALL-GAME BIRDS & MIGRATORY SMALL-GAME BIRDS**
  - Band-tailed pigeon
  - Chukar Partridge
  - Mourning, White-Winged Dove
  - Greater Prairie-Chicken
  - Dusky (Blue) Grouse
  - Greater Sage-Grouse: Season 1
  - Greater Sage-Grouse: Season 2
  - Mountain Sharp-Tailed Grouse
  - Ptarmigan: Season 1
  - Ptarmigan: Season 2
  - Pheasant: E of I-25
  - Pheasant: W of I-25
  - Quail: W of I-25
  - Quail: E of I-25 & S of I-70
  - Quail: E of I-25 & N of I-70
  - Ptarmigan: Season 1
  - Ptarmigan: Season 2
# Small-Game Birds & Migratory Small-Game Birds

## Season Dates & Bag Limits

**Band-tailed Pigeon**

- **Season:** Sept. 1–14, annually
- **Area:** Statewide
- **Daily Bag Limit:** 2
- **Possession Limit:** 6

*Note:* A band-tailed pigeon permit ($5) is required in addition to the small-game license. See page 1.

**Chukar Partridge**

- **Season:** Sept. 1–Nov. 30, annually
- **Area:** Statewide
- **Daily Bag Limit:** 4
- **Possession Limit:** 12

**Crow**

- **Season:** Nov. 1–end of Feb. 2024
- **Area:** Statewide
- **Daily Bag Limit:** Unlimited
- **Possession Limit:** Unlimited

*Note:* Recorded or electronically amplified calls may be used during this season.

**Dove:** Mournings, White-winged

- **Season:** Sept. 1–Nov. 29, annually
- **Area:** Statewide
- **Daily Bag Limit:** 15 singly or in aggregate
- **Possession Limit:** 45 singly or in aggregate

*Note:* See “Bird Species Identification” on page 7 for transit requirements. See “Eurasian Collared” note on this page for influence on bag limits.

**Dove:** Eurasian Collared

- **Season:** Year-round
- **Area:** Statewide
- **Daily Bag Limit:** Unlimited
- **Possession Limit:** Unlimited

*Note:* Eurasians must be fully feathered while in the field and during transport, unless counted as part of the mourning and/or white winged dove bag limits. See page 7.

*Note:* A license is not required, as these are considered an invasive species. See page 7, “Hunting Invasive Birds.”

**European Starling, House (English) Sparrow**

- **Season:** Year-round
- **Area:** Statewide
- **Daily Bag Limit:** Unlimited
- **Possession Limit:** Unlimited

*Note:* A license is not required, as these are considered an invasive species. See page 7, “Hunting Invasive Birds.”

**Great PRAIRIE-CHICKEN**

- **Season:** Oct. 1–Jan. 31, annually
- **Area:** Only GMUs 93, 97, 98, 100, 101, 102 103 and 109, and all of Morgan Co., and those portions E of Colo. 71, and S of Colo. 14 and Hwy. 138.
- **Daily Bag Limit:** 2 per day
- **Possession Limit:** 6 per year

**Grouse: Dusky (Blue)**

- **Season:** Sept. 1–Nov. 26, 2023
- **Area:** West of I-25
- **Daily Bag Limit:** 3
- **Possession Limit:** 9

**Grouse: Greater Sage**

- **Season:** Sept. 9–15, 2023
- **Area:** GMUs 3, 11, 13, 18 except east of Colo. 125 in Grand Co., 27 except north and east of Grand CR 50 (Church Park Rd.) and U.S. 40, 37, 181, 201, 211, 301 and 441.

*Note:* That GMUs 2, 4 and 5, and 10 are NOT open for greater sage-grouse hunting.

- **Daily Bag Limit:** 2
- **Possession Limit:** 4

**Grouse: Mountain Sharp-tailed**

- **Season:** Sept. 1–Oct. 31, 2023
- **Area:** Only GMUs 4, 5, 12, 13, 14, 131, 211, 214 and 441.
- **Daily Bag Limit:** 2
- **Possession Limit:** 4

## Colorado Dove Identification

### Mourning Dove
- 12 inches long from tip of beak to end of tail
- Grayish-brown color
- Long, pointed tail
- Rapid wing beat, erratic flight path
- Soft call — “cooAHoo” — followed by several coos

### White-winged Dove
- Slightly larger than mourning dove
- Gray-brown color
- Long, moderately rounded tail
- White bar on upper wing surface
- Soft call — “hoohoo-hoohoo” — with the last note descending

### Eurasian Collared-Dove
- 15 inches from tip of beak to end of tail
- Larger, heavier than mourning dove
- Dark grayish-brown
- Long, squared tail
- Thin black band on neck with white upper border
- Gray belly and undertail coverts with black on tail
- Rapid, three-part cooing — “coo-coo-coo” — middle coo is longest

### Grouse: Dusky (Blue)
- **Season:** Sept. 1–Nov. 26, 2023
- **Area:** West of I-25
- **Daily Bag Limit:** 3
- **Possession Limit:** 9

### Grouse: Greater Sage
- **Season:** Sept. 9–15, 2023
- **Area:** GMUs 3, 11, 13, 18 except east of Colo. 125 in Grand Co., 27 except north and east of Grand CR 50 (Church Park Rd.) and U.S. 40, 37, 181, 201, 211, 301 and 441.

*Note:* That GMUs 2, 4 and 5, and 10 are NOT open for greater sage-grouse hunting.

- **Daily Bag Limit:** 2
- **Possession Limit:** 4

### Grouse: Mountain Sharp-tailed
- **Season:** Sept. 1–Oct. 31, 2023
- **Area:** Only GMUs 4, 5, 12, 13, 14, 131, 211, 214 and 441.
- **Daily Bag Limit:** 2
- **Possession Limit:** 4

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**Dove Banding**

Mourning doves are banded in Colorado and other states as part of a program to monitor their status. Hunters should report banded mourning doves to the USGS Bird Banding Lab:

[reportband.gov](http://reportband.gov)
**PHEASANT**

SEASON 1: Nov. 11–Jan. 31, 2024
AREA: East of I-25

SEASON 2: Nov. 11–Jan. 7, 2024
AREA: West of I-25

DAILY BAG LIMIT: 3 cocks
POSSESSION LIMIT: 9 cocks

**RAIL: SORA, VIRGINIA**

SEASON: Sept. 1–Nov. 9, annually
AREA: Statewide
DAILY BAG LIMIT: 25 singly or in aggregate
POSSESSION LIMIT: 75 singly or in aggregate

**QUAIL: NORTHERN BOBWHITE, SCALED, GAMBEL’S**

SEASON 1: Nov. 11–Jan. 31, 2024
AREA: East of I-25 and south of I-70 from I-25 to Byers and Hwy. 36 from Byers to Kansas, and the parts of the following counties that are west of I-25: Pueblo, Fremont, Huerfano, El Paso and Las Animas counties.

SEASON 2: Nov. 11–Jan. 7, 2024
AREA: East of I-25 and north of I-70 from I-25 east to Byers and Hwy. 36 from Byers to Kansas.

SEASON 3: Nov. 11–Jan. 7, 2024
AREA: West of I-25 except those areas west of I-25 in Pueblo, Fremont, Huerfano, El Paso and Las Animas counties.

DAILY BAG LIMIT: 8 of each species
POSSESSION LIMIT: 24 of each species

**SANDHILL CRANE**

SEASON: Sept. 30–Nov. 26, 2023
AREA: East of the Continental Divide except North Park (Jackson Co.) and San Luis Valley.
DAILY BAG LIMIT: 3
NOTE: Permit required through HIP.
See pages 1 and 3 for more information.

**WHITE-TAILED PTARMIGAN**

SEASON 1: Sept. 9–Oct. 1, 2023

SEASON 2: Sept. 9–Nov. 26, 2023
AREA: Only GMUs 44, 45, 53, 54, 66, 67, 68, 70, 71, 74–81, 444 and 751.

DAILY BAG LIMIT: 3
POSSESSION LIMIT: 6

**WILSON’S SNIPE**

SEASON: Sept. 1–Dec. 16, annually
AREA: Statewide
DAILY BAG LIMIT: 8
POSSESSION LIMIT: 24

**RAIL: SORA, VIRGINIA**

SEASON: Sept. 1–Nov. 9, annually
AREA: Statewide
DAILY BAG LIMIT: 25 singly or in aggregate
POSSESSION LIMIT: 75 singly or in aggregate

**SANDHILL CRANE**

SEASON: Sept. 30–Nov. 26, 2023
AREA: East of the Continental Divide except North Park (Jackson Co.) and San Luis Valley.
DAILY BAG LIMIT: 3
NOTE: Permit required through HIP.
See pages 1 and 3 for more information.

**WHITE-TAILED PTARMIGAN**

SEASON 1: Sept. 9–Oct. 1, 2023

SEASON 2: Sept. 9–Nov. 26, 2023
AREA: Only GMUs 44, 45, 53, 54, 66, 67, 68, 70, 71, 74–81, 444 and 751.

DAILY BAG LIMIT: 3
POSSESSION LIMIT: 6

**WILSON’S SNIPE**

SEASON: Sept. 1–Dec. 16, annually
AREA: Statewide
DAILY BAG LIMIT: 8
POSSESSION LIMIT: 24

**GREATER SAGE-GROUSE HUNTING**

The areas of the state open to greater sage-grouse hunting were recently modified based on grouse populations.

Units open to greater sage-grouse hunting include GMUs 3, 11, 13, part of 18, 27, part of 28, 37, 181, 201, 211, 301 and 441.

Note that GMUs 2, 4, 5, and 10 are NOT open for greater sage-grouse hunting.

Also, the North Park season is open in units 6, 16, 17, 161 and 171.

**OPEN FOR HUNTING**

- North Park season units open Sept. 9–10
- Regular season units open Sept. 9–15
- Greater sage-grouse habitat range

**HABITAT RANGES: COMMON SMALL-GAME BIRDS**

The ranges of popular Colorado birds to hunt are shaded in yellow below. The red lines through the state indicate I-70 east and west, I-25 north and south, and I-76 northeast from Denver.

**PHEASANT:**

**SCALED QUAIL:**

**BOBWHITE QUAIL:**

**DUSKY GROUSE:**
**WATERFOWL: DUCK, COOT & TEAL**

**SEASON DATES & BAG LIMITS**

### CENTRAL FLYWAY

#### NORTHEAST ZONE
- **Area:** East of I-25 and north of I-70.
- **Dates:** Oct. 14–Nov. 26; Dec. 11–Jan. 31, 2024
- **Daily Bag Limit:**
  - **Duck & Merganser:** 6, in the aggregate. Up to 5 can be mallard, but no more than 2 can be female mallard. Included in the daily bag limit of 6, you can have no more than 1 pintail, 2 canvasback, 2 redhead, 3 wood duck and 1 scaup.
  - **Coot:** 15
- **Possession Limit:** 3 daily bag limits

#### SOUTHEAST ZONE
- **Area:** East of I-25 and south of I-70, and all of El Paso, Pueblo, Huerfano and Las Animas counties.
- **Dates:** Oct. 28–Jan. 31, 2024
- **Daily Bag Limit:**
  - **Duck & Merganser:** 6, in the aggregate. Up to 5 can be mallard, but no more than 2 can be female mallard. Included in the daily bag limit of 6, you can have no more than 1 pintail, 2 canvasback, 2 redhead, 3 wood duck and 1 scaup.
  - **Coot:** 15
- **Possession Limit:** 3 daily bag limits

#### MOUNTAIN/FOOTHILLS ZONE
- **Area:** West of I-25 and east of the Continental Divide, except El Paso, Pueblo, Huerfano and Las Animas counties.
- **Dates:** Sept. 30–Nov. 26; Dec. 25–Jan. 31, 2024
- **Daily Bag Limit:**
  - **Duck & Merganser:** 6, in the aggregate. Up to 5 can be mallard, but no more than 2 can be female mallard. Included in the daily bag limit of 6, you can have no more than 1 pintail, 2 canvasback, 2 redhead, 3 wood duck and 1 scaup.
  - **Coot:** 15
- **Possession Limit:** 3 daily bag limits

### PACIFIC FLYWAY

#### WESTERN ZONE
- **Area:** West of the Continental Divide not included in the Eastern Zone.
- **Dates:** Sept. 30–Oct. 17; Nov. 6–Jan. 31, 2024
- **Daily Bag Limit:**
  - **Duck & Merganser:** 7 in aggregate. Of these, no more than 2 can be female mallard, 1 pintail, 2 canvasback, 2 redhead and 2 scaup.
  - **No scaup can be taken after Jan. 12, 2024.**
  - **Coot:** 25
- **Possession Limit:** 3 daily bag limits

#### EASTERN ZONE
- **Area:** Routt, Grand, Summit, Eagle and Pitkin counties, those parts of Saguache, San Juan, Hinsdale and Mineral counties west of the Continental Divide, and part of Gunnison Co., east of the northern intersection of CR 29 with the Moffat-Routt Co. line, south along CR 29 to the intersection of CR 29 with the Moffat-Routt Co. line (Elkhead Reservoir State Park).
- **Dates:** Sept. 30–Jan. 12, 2024
- **Daily Bag Limit:**
  - **Duck & Merganser:** 7 in aggregate. Of these, no more than 2 can be female mallard, 1 pintail, 2 canvasback, 2 redhead and 2 scaup.
  - **No scaup can be taken after Dec. 24, 2023.**
  - **Coot:** 25
- **Possession Limit:** 3 daily bag limits

### SEPTEMBER TEAL SEASON
- **Areas:** Lake and Chaffee counties, and all areas east of I-25.
- **Dates:** Sept. 9–17
- **Daily Bag Limit:** 6 teal — blue-winged, green-winged and cinnamon teal, in aggregate
- **Possession Limit:** 18
- **Note:** Only teal can be harvested during this season. Teal can also be harvested during all other duck seasons, including the youth, veteran & active military hunt season. Check daily bag limits on pages 12 and 16.

**Ducks of Colorado**

Illustrations of some commonly encountered ducks are depicted here. More on identifying waterfowl: ducks.org/hunting/waterfowl-id
DUCK SEASONS: FLYWAYS & ZONES

MAP
WATERFOWL: GOOSE

SEASON DATES & BAG LIMITS

CENTRAL FLYWAY

► REGULAR SEASON
AREA: East of the Continental Divide, except areas designated as part of the special seasons below that include: North Park, San Luis Valley and South Park.

   DARK GOOSE:
   DATES: Oct. 30–Feb. 11, 2024
   DAILY BAG LIMIT: 5
   POSSESSION LIMIT: 15

   LIGHT GOOSE:
   DATES: Oct. 28–Feb. 11, 2024
   DAILY BAG LIMIT: 50
   POSSESSION LIMIT: Unlimited

► LIGHT GOOSE CONSERVATION ORDER SEASON
AREA: East of I-25.
DATES: Feb. 12, 2024–April 30, 2024
DAILY BAG LIMIT: Unlimited
POSSESSION LIMIT: Unlimited

NOTES: See page 6, No. 10 of “Legal Migratory Bird Hunting Methods” section for special season rules.

► NORTH PARK SEASON
AREA: Jackson Co.

   DARK GOOSE:
   DATES: Sept. 30–Jan. 12, 2024
   DAILY BAG LIMIT: 5
   POSSESSION LIMIT: 15

   LIGHT GOOSE:
   DATES: Oct. 28–Feb. 11, 2024
   DAILY BAG LIMIT: 50
   POSSESSION LIMIT: Unlimited

► SAN LUIS VALLEY SEASON
AREA: Alamosa, Conejos, Costilla and Rio Grande counties, and the parts of Archuleta, Hinsdale, Mineral, Saguache and San Juan counties east of the Continental Divide.

   DARK GOOSE:
   DATES: Sept. 30–Oct. 18; Nov. 18–Feb. 11, 2024
   DAILY BAG LIMIT: 5
   POSSESSION LIMIT: 15

   LIGHT GOOSE:
   DATES: Oct. 28–Feb. 11, 2024
   DAILY BAG LIMIT: 50
   POSSESSION LIMIT: Unlimited

► SOUTH PARK SEASON
AREA: Chaffee, Custer, Fremont, Lake and Park and Teller counties.

   DARK GOOSE:
   DATES: Sept. 30–Jan. 12, 2024
   DAILY BAG LIMIT: 5
   POSSESSION LIMIT: 15

   LIGHT GOOSE:
   DATES: Oct. 28–Feb. 11, 2024
   DAILY BAG LIMIT: 50
   POSSESSION LIMIT: Unlimited

PACIFIC FLYWAY

► EARLY CANADA GOOSE SEASON
AREA: West of the Continental Divide.
DATES: Sept. 1–9, annually
DAILY BAG LIMIT: 5
POSSESSION LIMIT: 15

► WESTERN ZONE
AREA: West of the Continental Divide not included in Eastern Zone.
DATES: Sept. 30–Oct. 8; Nov. 6–Jan. 31, 2024

   DARK GOOSE:
   DAILY BAG LIMIT: 5
   POSSESSION LIMIT: 15

   LIGHT GOOSE:
   DAILY BAG LIMIT: 10
   POSSESSION LIMIT: 30

► EASTERN ZONE
AREA: Routt, Grand, Summit, Eagle and Pitkin counties, those parts of Saguache, San Juan, Hinsdale and Mineral counties west of the Continental Divide, and part of Mollino Co., except the North Fork of the Gunnison River Valley (GMUs 53, 63 and 521), and the part of Moffat Co. east of the northern intersection of CR 29 with the Moffat-Routt Co. line, south along CR 29 to the intersection of CR 29 with the Moffat-Routt Co. line (Elkhead Reservoir State Park).
DATES: Sept. 30–Jan. 3, 2024

   DARK GOOSE:
   DAILY BAG LIMIT: 5
   POSSESSION LIMIT: 15

   LIGHT GOOSE:
   DAILY BAG LIMIT: 10
   POSSESSION LIMIT: 30

ATTENTION: SNOW GOOSE HUNTERS

If you removed the plug from your shotgun to hunt during the 2023 light goose spring conservation order season, remember to replace the plug before hunting in the fall small-game and waterfowl seasons.

TO COLORADO PARKS AND WILDLIFE!
Direct donations, volunteering and more: cpw.info/donate
WATERFOWL: YOUTH, VETERAN & ACTIVE MILITARY

NOTE: Hunting in veteran and active-military seasons is restricted to veterans and members of the Armed Forces on active duty, including members of the National Guard and Reserves. Go online for acceptable forms of military I.D.: cpw.state.co.us

CENTRAL FLYWAY

▶ ALL ZONES IN CENTRAL FLYWAY
  DAILY BAG LIMITS:
  DUCK, Merganser, Coot: Daily bag and possession limits are the same as regular Central Flyway regulations. See page 14.
  Goose: 5 dark geese
  POSSESSION LIMIT: 3 daily bag limits

▶ NORTHEAST ZONE
  AREA: East of I-25 and north of I-70
  DATES: Oct. 7–Oct. 8, 2023

▶ SOUTHEAST ZONE
  AREA: East of I-25 and south of I-70, and all of El Paso, Pueblo, Huerfano and Las Animas counties.
  DATES: Oct. 21–22, 2023

▶ MOUNTAIN/FOOTHILLS ZONE
  DATES: Sept. 23–24, 2023

NOTE: Hunting in youth seasons is restricted to youth ages 17 and younger with a mentor. Mentors cannot hunt during youth waterfowl seasons. See "Special License Information," page 2.

HUNTING WITH HAWKS & FALCONS

SEASON DATES & BAG LIMITS

▶ COTTONTAIL RABBIT
▶ SNOWSHOE HARE
▶ JACKRABBIT: WHITE-TAILED, BLACK-TAILED
  SEASON: Sept. 1–March 31, annually
  AREA: Statewide
  DAILY BAG LIMIT: 10 of each species
  POSSESSION LIMIT: 20 of each species

▶ CHUKAR PARTRIDGE
  SEASON: Sept. 1–March 31, annually
  AREA: Statewide
  DAILY BAG LIMIT: 4
  POSSESSION LIMIT: 12

▶ BAND-TAILED PIGEON
▶ CROW
▶ DOVE: MOURNING, WHITE-WINGED
▶ DUCK, GOOSE, COOT
▶ RAIL: SORA, VIRGINIA
▶ WILSON’S SNIPE
  CENTRAL & PACIFIC FLYWAYS:
  SEASON: Dates coincide with established seasons.
  DAILY BAG LIMIT: 3 singly or in aggregate for species with an open hunting season or special falconry season
  POSSESSION LIMIT: 9 singly or in aggregate
  NOTE: Falconry bag and possession limits are not in addition to gun bag limits.

▶ EUROPEAN STARLING
▶ HOUSE (ENGLISH) SPARROW
▶ EURASIAN COLLARED-DOVE
  SEASON: Year-round
  AREA: Statewide
  BAG & POSSESSION LIMITS: Unlimited

▶ FURBEARERS
  SEASON: Dates coincide with established seasons (see "Small-Game Animals," page 9).
  AREA: Statewide
  BAG & POSSESSION LIMITS: Unlimited

▶ GROUSE: DUSKY (BLUE)
  SEASON: Sept. 1–March 31, annually
  AREA: West of I-25
  DAILY BAG LIMIT: 3
  POSSESSION LIMIT: 9

▶ GROUSE: GREATER SAGE
  SEASON: Sept. 1–Jan. 31, annually
  AREA: GMUs 3, 11, 13, 18 except east of Colo. 125 in Grand Co., 27, 28 except north and east of Grand CR 50 (Church Park Rd.) and U.S. 40, 37, 181, 201, 211, 301 and 441; and in North Park (GMUs 6, 16, 17, 161 and 171). Note that GMUs 2, 4 and 5, and 10 are NOT open for greater sage-grouse hunting.
  DAILY BAG LIMIT: 2
  POSSESSION LIMIT: 2 birds only in North Park (GMUs 6, 16, 17, 161 and 171); 4 birds in all other GMUs listed above.

▶ GROUSE: MOUNTAIN SHARP-TAILED
  SEASON: Sept. 1–Jan. 31, annually
  AREA: Only GMUs 4, 5, 12, 13, 14, 131, 211, 214 and 441.
  DAILY BAG LIMIT: 2
  POSSESSION LIMIT: 4

▶ PHEASANT
  SEASON: Sept. 1–March 31, annually
  AREA: Statewide
  DAILY BAG LIMIT: 3 birds
  POSSESSION LIMIT: 9 birds

▶ QUAIL: NORTHERN BOBWHITE, SCALLED, GAMBEL’S
  SEASON: Sept. 1–March 31, annually
  AREA: Statewide
  DAILY BAG LIMIT: 8 of each species
  POSSESSION LIMIT: 24 of each species

▶ SQUIRREL: FOX, PINE
  SEASON: Sept. 1–March 31, annually
  AREA: Statewide
  DAILY BAG LIMIT: 5 of each species
  POSSESSION LIMIT: 10 of each species

▶ WHITE-TAILED PTARMIGAN
  SEASON: Sept. 1–March 31, annually
  AREA: Statewide
  DAILY BAG LIMIT: 3
  POSSESSION LIMIT: 6

PACIFIC FLYWAY

▶ WESTERN ZONE
  AREA: West of the Continental Divide not included in the Eastern Zone.
  DATES: Oct. 21–22, 2023
  DAILY BAG LIMITS:
  DUCK & Merganser: 7 in aggregate. Of these, no more than 2 can be female mallard, 1 pintail, 2 canvasback, 2 redhead and 2 scaup.
  COOT: 25
  GOOSE: 5 dark geese, 10 light geese
  POSSESSION LIMIT: 3 daily bag limits

▶ EASTERN ZONE
  AREA: Routt, Grand, Summit, Eagle and Pitkin counties, those parts of Sangre de Cristo, San Juan, Hinsdale and Mineral counties west of the Continental Divide, and part of Gunnison Co., except the North Fork of the Gunnison River Valley (GMUs 53, 63 and 521), and the part of Moffat Co. east of the northern intersection of CR 29 with the Moffat-Routt Co. line, south along CR 29 to the intersection of CR 29 with the Moffat-Routt Co. line (Elkhead Reservoir State Park).
  DATES: Sept. 23–24, 2023
  DAILY BAG LIMIT:
  DUCK & Merganser: 7 in aggregate. Of those, no more than 2 can be female mallard, 1 pintail, 2 canvasback, 2 redhead and 2 scaup.
  COOT: 25
  GOOSE: 5 dark geese, 10 light geese
  POSSESSION LIMIT: 3 daily bag limits

Go online for acceptable forms of military I.D.: cpw.state.co.us
LAND USE

SPECIAL REGULATIONS FOR SMALL GAME & WATERFOWL

RESERVATIONS

Hunting reservations must be made by phone at 1-800-244-5613 or online at: cpw.info/hunting-reservations

- RESERVATIONS AVAILABLE STARTING AT 9 A.M.
- RESERVATIONS ARE NOT ACCEPTED MORE THAN 14 DAYS BEFORE the hunt date, nor after noon the day before the hunt date, unless otherwise specified.
- TO CANCEL, hunters must do so by noon the day before the hunt date, except for Boyd Lake State Park: Hunting reservations can be canceled up to the starting time of the reserved time slot. Failing to cancel reservations or follow check station procedures may result in losing future reservation privileges for the rest of the hunting season.
- MAXIMUM 1 RESERVATION PER HUNT DATE. Reservations are not transferable. To make the reservation, a hunter must have a valid license for the species to be hunted and must be at the property the day of the hunt.
- HUNTERS MAY ONLY HUNT the area specified on the reservation, unless stated otherwise in the property listings.

THE FOLLOWING PROPERTIES REQUIRE HUNTING RESERVATIONS OR HAVE THEM AVAILABLE:

See specific property regulations, pages 17–back cover.

CENTRAL FLYWAY:

- Andrick Ponds SWA
- Banner Lakes SWA
- Barr Lake State Park
- Boyd Lake State Park
- Brush Prairie Ponds SWA
- Centennial Valley SWA
- Elliott SWA: Union Tract
- Jackson Lake SWA
- Mitani-Tokuyasu SWA
- Tamarrack Ranch SWA
- Whitehorse SWA

PACIFIC FLYWAY:

- Colorado River Island SWA
- Flanders Ranch SWA
- Franklin Island SWA
- Hereford Haven SWA
- Highline Lake State Park
- Horsethief Canyon SWA
- James M. Robb—Colorado River State Park
- Orchard Mesa SWA
- Stagecoach State Park
- Sweitzer Lake State Park
- Tilman Bishop SWA

1. It is illegal to hunt on private land without permission from landowner or person in charge. It is illegal to post or indicate that public lands are private. It is illegal to hunt on state trust lands without permission of lessee, except on lands open for wildlife recreation.
2. It is illegal to hunt waterfowl in federal reservations; areas the U.S. government sets aside as bird, game or other wildlife reservations, breeding grounds or refuges; or areas closed by the Migratory Bird Treaty Act, except as permitted. More regulations may apply on national wildlife refuges. Contact: Alamosa and Monte Vista, 719-589-4021; Browns Park, 970-365-3613; Arapaho, 970-723-8202.
3. IN THE AREAS BOUNDED on N by Wyoming; E and S by 1-76, Hwy. 71, U.S. 36 and I-70; and W by the Continental Divide and Larimer-Jackson county line; and in Bent, Crowley, Kiowa, Mesa, Otero and Prowers counties:
   a. It is illegal to hunt waterfowl within 50 yards on either side of centerline of any public road.
   b. It is illegal to hunt waterfowl within 150 yards of a dwelling, including directly above it, without first obtaining permission from owner, occupant or person in charge of the dwelling.
4. PUEBLO COUNTY: It is illegal to hunt waterfowl within 150 yards of a dwelling, including directly above it, without first obtaining permission from owner, occupant or person in charge of the dwelling.
5. ALOONG THE COLORADO RIVER:
   a. IN GRAND COUNTY: Closed to waterfowl hunting from Shadow Mountain dam to Twin Creek after Nov. 14.
   b. IN MESA COUNTY: Closed to waterfowl hunting on Colorado River and 200 yards on either side of river from Grand Avenue bridge in Grand Junction to W end of Horsethief Canyon SRA from Wed.–Fri., except Thanksgiving, Christmas and New Year’s Day. The river and 200 yards on either side of it are closed to waterfowl hunting from Appleton Drain to Hunter Wash (at W end of Walker SWA). Hunting reservations are required to hunt waterfowl from designated blinds along the Riverfront Trail between Fruita and Loma. See “Reservations” at left.

PROPERTY BY FLIGHTWAY

CENTRAL FLYWAY PROPERTIES:
- Ovid-Julesburg Corridor; Mt. Evans Hwy.
- National Wildlife Refuges: Arapaho; Monte Vista & Alamosa
- Reservoirs (private): Empire; Fossil Creek; Meredith; Vancil
- SWAs: Andrick Ponds; Atwood; Banner Lakes; Bravo; Brush Prairie Ponds; Brush; Centennial Valley; Cottonwood; Diamond J; Dome Lakes; Dunce Ridge; Elliott; Higel; Jackson Lake; John K. Tool; John Martin Reserve; Jumbo (Julesburg) Reservoir; Jumping cow; Knudson; Messner; Overland Trail; Playa Blanca; Pony Express; Queens; Red Lion; Russell Lakes; Sedgwick Bar; Shriver-Wright; Sikes Ranch; South Republican; Tamarrack Ranch; Turk’s Pond; Wellington; Whitehorse
- STLs: Atwood; Bravo; Ford Bridge; MacFarlane Reservoir; Mud Springs; Nee Noche Reserve; NeeSoPa; Overland Trail; Red Lion Ranch; Sikes Ranch; Steinhoff Hill
- State Parks: Barr Lake; Boyd Lake; Trinidad Lake

PACIFIC FLYWAY PROPERTIES:
- National Wildlife Refuges: Browns Park
- SFU: Roaring Judy
- Reservoirs (private): Dillon; Grand Lake & Windy Gap; Mack Mesa
- SWAs: Bill Patterson; Bodo; Cerro Summit; Chuck Lewis; Colorado River Island; Flanders Ranch; Franklin Island; Garfield Creek; Gunnison River; Horsethief Canyon; Mogeisen Ponds; Orchard Mesa; Sarvis Creek; Tilman Bishop; Walker; Willow Creek Reservoir
- STLs: Browns Park; Fournville; Ted’s Canyon
- State Parks: Highline Lake; James M. Robb—Colorado River State Park; Stagecoach; Sweitzer Lake

ANDRICK PONDS SWA, MORGAN CO.
1. Open for public access 4 a.m.–9 p.m. Sat., Sun., Wed. and state and federal holidays only.
2. From Sept. 1 through end of dark goose season, only open for migratory bird hunting within designated hunting areas. Reservations required, valid until sunrise and limited to 3 per hunter annually. See “Reservations” (left).
3. Mandatory check-in and check-out at check stations. Check-in allowed after 4 a.m. Hunters can hunt only the area reserved and may check-in on first-come, first-served basis after a hunter checks out, or after sunrise if a hunter has not checked in. Maximum of 4 hunters per hunting area.
4. During waterfowl and turkey seasons, scouting permitted from 10 a.m.–2 p.m. on Thurs. only. All people scouting must check-in and out at check station. Firearm, dogs not allowed during scouting.
5. No hunting on Clark Lake.
6. Hunting prohibited with centerfire rifles.

ARAPAHO NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE, JACKSON CO.
1. For information, call 970-723-8202.
2. Units A and D closed to all hunting. Unit B open to migratory bird, small-game hunting through Dec. 31. Unit C closed to migratory bird hunting.

ATWOOD STL, LOGAN CO.
1. Open for public access 4 a.m.–9 p.m., Sept. 1–May 31.
2. Hunting prohibited with centerfire rifles.

ATWOOD SWA, LOGAN CO.
1. Open for public access 4 a.m.–9 p.m.

BANNER LAKES SWA, WELD CO.
1. Access by foot only, and only through designated parking area. Closed N of Hwy. 52 April 1–July 15.
LAND CLOSURES DURING DEER SEASON

Waterfowl hunting and all other recreational activities except deer hunting are prohibited on the following lands during opening weekend of regular plains rifle deer season and on opening day and first weekend of late plains rifle deer season:

► STATE WILDLIFE AREAS
Atwood, Bravo, Brush, Centennial Valley, Cottonwood, Dune Ridge, Eliott, Jean K. Tool, Knudson, Messex, Overland Trail, Pony Express, Sedgwick Bar and Tamarack Ranch

► STATE TRUST LANDS
Atwood, Bravo, Overland Trail and Red Lion Ranch

2. Closed first day of regular waterfowl season to day before first day of pheasant season, except for waterfowl hunting on Sat., Sun., Mon. and state and federal holidays. During this period, waterfowl reservations available but not required. See “Reservations”, page 17, for details. Reservations valid throughout reserved day until hunter with reservation checks out.

3. Vessels prohibited except for hand-launched, hand-propelled vessels used as aid for fishing, hunting or training hunting dogs.

► BARR LAKE STATE PARK, ADAMS CO.
1. Waterfowl hunting only on opening day of the season and on Sat. and Wed. Hunters may only hunt the area reserved, and only from designated blinds, with a maximum of 3 hunters per blind.
2. Dove hunting only on opening day of the season and on Sun. and Mon. for the month of Sept. Hunters may only hunt from designated stations, with a maximum of 3 hunters per station.
3. Hunting by reservation only. See “Reservations” (page 17). Mandatory check in and check out at the check station.
4. Hunt areas not reserved are available on first-come, first-served basis after 5 a.m. each hunting day. Reserved areas not claimed by 7 a.m. also available first come, first served.

► BILL PATTERSON SWA, GARFIELD CO.
1. Waterfowl hunting from designated blinds only.
2. Hunting allowed with shotguns only.

► BODO SWA, LA PLATA CO.
1. Open S of CR 210 only for small-game hunting Dec. 1–April 30.
2. Discharging firearms or bows prohibited, except while hunting.
3. From Oct. 1–Nov. 30, dogs are allowed as service animals or when actively hunting, training for hunting or during licensed field trials. Dogs allowed May 1–Sept. 30 and must be under control and on leash by handler, except service animals or when actively hunting, training for hunting or during licensed field trials.

► BOYD LAKE STATE PARK, LARIMAR CO.
1. Hunting waterfowl by reservation only. See “Reservations” (page 17). Reservations available on first-come, first-served basis starting 14 days before hunt date, and can be made or canceled up to the starting time of the reserved time slot. Hunters may only hunt the area and time reserved.
2. Leaving decoys set overnight is prohibited.

► BRAVO STL, LOGAN CO.
1. Open for public access 4 a.m.–9 p.m., Sept. 1–end of Feb.
2. Access from Bravo SWA parking lot only.

► BRAVO SWA, LOGAN CO.
1. Open for public access 4 a.m.–9 p.m.

► BROWNS PARK NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE, MOFFAT CO.
1. For information, call 970-365-3613.
2. Butte Cassidy Lake, Hog Lake and river corridor open to waterfowl hunting. All other units closed.

► BROWNS PARK STL, MOFFAT CO.
1. Open year-round for big game and small-game hunting, during open seasons only.
2. Open year-round for fishing on Green River.

► BRUSH SWA, MORGAN CO.
1. Open for public access 4 a.m.–9 p.m.

► BRUSH PRAIRIE PONDS SWA, MORGAN CO.
1. Open for public access 4 a.m.–9 p.m.
2. Only hunting allowed Sept. 1 through end of dark goose season. Mandatory check in and check out at check station.
3. From Sept. 1–Nov. 30 only open for migratory bird hunting within designated hunting areas, and only on Sat., Sun., Wed. and state and federal holidays. Reservations required, valid until sunrise and limited to 3 per hunter annually. See “Reservations” (page 17).
4. Checks in, checks out, or if reservation exists for a hunt area after midnight immediately preceding the hunt, or if reserved area isn’t claimed by legal sunrise.
5. Check in allowed after 4 a.m. Hunters can check in on first-come, first-served basis after 4 a.m. or after a hunter checks out.
6. From Dec. 1 through end of dark goose season, hunters can check in on first-come, first-served basis after 4 a.m. or after a hunter checks out. 5 hunting areas available for check in. Properly checked-in hunters may hunt anywhere on the property.
7. Up to 2 hunting areas reserved annually for residents with a valid waterfowl hunting license to enter drawing. Hunters may apply for one hunt area per day, but can list multiple requests on one application. All relevant hunting regulations apply.
8. Discharging firearms or bows allowed only while hunting.

► CERRO SUMMIT SWA, MONTROSE CO.
1. Public access for fishing and hunting only.
2. Hunting allowed from Aug. 15–Nov. 30.
3. Access through designated parking area only; public access by foot only.
4. Dogs are allowed as an aid in small-game hunting only. Dogs are prohibited, from entering the water.
5. Vessel use and water contact activity is prohibited except by float tubes with waders for fishing only.

► CHUCK LEWIS SWA, ROUTT CO.
1. Open for public access from sunrise to sunset, except while hunting or fishing.
2. Big-game and small-game hunting prohibited.
3. Waterfowl hunting allowed, except within 50 yards of Routt CR 14F bridge.
4. Discharging firearms or bows allowed only while hunting.

► COLORADO RIVER ISLAND SWA, MESA CO.
1. Only waterfowl hunting, and only from designated blinds.
2. Waterfowl hunting by reservation only. See “Reservations” (page 17). Hunters may only hunt area specified on reservation. Hunters must check in and out at the property.

► COTTONWOOD SWA, MORGAN CO.
1. Open for public access 4 a.m.–9 p.m., except with night hunting permit.

► DIAMOND J SWA, JACKSON CO.
1. Fishing, small-game hunting and waterfowl hunting only.
2. Hunting by shotgun or falconry only.

NOTE: A construction project scheduled for this winter to increase water delivery to this property may impact waterfowl hunters. Go to the Small Game Season Dates and Fees page at cpw.state.co.us for more information.
3. Discharge of firearms and bows is prohibited, except while hunting.

**DILLON RESERVOIR, SUMMIT CO.**
1. Goose hunting prohibited Sat. through Mon. of Labor Day weekend.
2. Dillon Reservoir Recreation Committee and Denver Water restrict hunting to designated areas only. For details, go to: [co-summitcounty2.civicplus.com/DocumentCenter/View/13410](http://co-summitcounty2.civicplus.com/DocumentCenter/View/13410)

**DOME LAKES SWA, SAGUACHE CO.**
1. Discharging firearms or bows prohibited in designated safety zones or as posted.
2. Dogs must be under control and on leash by handler, except when used as an aid in hunting waterfowl.

**DUNE RIDGE SWA, LOGAN CO.**
1. Open for public access 4 a.m.–9 p.m.

**EAGLE ROCK SWA, YUMA CO.**
1. Open for public access 4 a.m.–9 p.m. only.
2. Horse use is prohibited, except when used in hunting.

**ELLIOTT SWA, MORGAN CO.**
1. Open for public access 4 a.m.–9 p.m. only.

**LONETREE TRACT:**
- a. From Sept. 1 through regular duck seasons, mandatory check in and check out at check stations. Check in allowed after 4 a.m.

**HAMLET TRACTS:**
- a. From Sept. 1 through regular duck seasons, mandatory check in and check out at check stations on first-come, first-served basis. Check in allowed after 4 a.m. Maximum of 4 hunters per hunting area. Hunters must comply with youth-mentor-only area restrictions as posted.

**UNION TRACT:**
- a. Waterfowl hunting, only from designated areas or blinds, on Sat., Sun., Wed. and state and federal holidays only. Reservations required, valid until sunrise and limited to 3 per hunter annually. See “Reservations” (page 17).
- b. Mandatory check in and check out at check station. Check in allowed after 4 a.m. Hunters can hunt only the area reserved and may check in on first-come, first-served basis after a hunter checks out or after sunrise if a hunter has not checked in. Maximum of 4 hunters per hunting area.
- c. During waterfowl seasons, scouting permitted from 10 a.m.–2 p.m. on Thurs. only. All people scouting must check in and out at check station. Firearms, dogs not allowed during scouting.

**EMPIRE RESERVOIR, WELD & MORGAN COs.**
1. Goose hunting prohibited below high waterline and from any part of dam and inlet structures.

**FLANDERS RANCH SWA, ROUTT CO.**
1. Waterfowl by reservation only. Reservation holders must have their confirmation letter with them at all times while hunting on property. See “Reservations” (page 17).

**FOSSIL CREEK RESERVOIR, LARIMER CO.**
1. Goose hunting prohibited as posted.

**FORD BRIDGE STL, LOGAN CO.**
1. Open for public access Sept. 1–end of Feb., 4 a.m.–9 p.m.
2. Hunting with centerfire rifles prohibited.

**FOURMILE STL, MOFFAT CO.**
2. Only portable hunting blinds allowed.

**FRANKLIN ISLAND SWA, MESA CO.**
1. Only waterfowl hunting, and only from designated blinds.
2. Waterfowl hunting by reservation only. See “Reservations” (page 17). Hunters may only hunt area specified on reservation. Hunters must check in and out at the property.
3. Discharge of firearms or bows prohibited, except while hunting.

**GARFIELD CREEK SWA, GARFIELD CO.**
1. Goose hunting is prohibited on the Upper Baldy Unit.
2. Hunting prohibited within 75 yards of centerline of CRs 312 and 328.
3. Discharge of firearms or bow prohibited in designated safety zones, or as posted.

**GRAND LAKE & WINDY GAP RESERVOIR, GRAND CO.**
1. Waterfowl hunting prohibited on lakes and within 100 yards of high waterlines.

**GUNNISON RIVER SWA, GUNNISON CO.**
1. Access to Gunnison River by foot only from Van Tuyl trail intersection at Y-gate, as posted.
2. Only waterfowl hunting on Van Tuyl tract.
3. Dogs must be under control and on leash by handler, except when used as an aid in waterfowl hunting.

**HIGHLINE LAKE STATE PARK, MESA CO.**
1. Waterfowl and small-game hunting Mon.–Fri., except for youth hunting waterfowl during youth waterfowl season weekend.
2. Small-game hunting only in part of the park bounded on N and E by property boundaries; on S by no-wake buoy line; on W by Mack Mesa Reservoir.
3. Waterfowl hunting by reservation only. See “Reservations” (page 17). Hunters may only hunt area reserved and only from designated blinds, with a maximum of 4 hunters per blind.

**HORSETHIEF CANYON SWA, MESA CO.**
1. Open for public access sunrise to sunset; no time restrictions for fishing; seasonal closure March 15–July 15 as posted, except while spring turkey hunting.
2. Quail hunting prohibited.
3. Hunting permitted with shotguns, hand-held bows, muzzleloaders and by falconry.
4. All turkey and waterfowl hunting W of Blind #1, S of the Colorado River must require reservations. Reservations must be made through the Hunting Reservation System. See “Reservations” (page 17). Hunters can hunt only the area reserved. Hunters must check in and out at property.
5. Waterfowl hunting prohibited Wed.–Fri. except Thanksgiving, Christmas and New Year’s days.

**JACKSON LAKE SWA, MORGAN CO.**
1. Open 4 a.m.–9 p.m., except no time restrictions for fishing.
2. Fishing prohibited Oct. 1 through dark goose season.
3. During teal season and first split of regular duck season, reservations required on Sat., Sun. and state and federal holidays to hunt waterfowl. Reservations valid until sunrise and limited to 3 per hunter annually. Reservations must be made through the Hunting Reservation System. See “Reservations” (page 17). Mon.–Fri., except state and federal holidays, hunter may check in on first-come, first-served basis.
4. Waterfowl hunters must check in and out at check station. Check in allowed after 4 a.m. Hunters can hunt only the area reserved and may check in on first-come, first-served basis after a hunter checks out or after sunrise if a hunter has not checked in. Maximum of 4 hunters per hunting area.

**JAMES M. ROBB-COLORADO RIVER STATE PARK, MESA CO.**
A PARK PASS IS REQUIRED IN ALL AREAS OF THE PARK.
1. Hunting by reservation only. See “Reservations” (page 17). Hunters may only hunt the area specified on the reservation.

**ISLAND ACRES AND PEAK PARK SECTIONS:**
- a. Park in designated parking areas only. A state park pass is required on all motor vehicles in the Island Acres section.
- b. Waterfowl hunting only, and only from designated blind. Maximum 4 hunters per blind.

**34 ROAD PARCEL:**
- a. Park in designated parking areas only.
- b. Waterfowl hunting only, and only from designated blind. Maximum 2 hunters per blind.
- c. Hunting is only available on weekends (Sat. and Sun.) during established waterfowl seasons.
- d. Please respect private property in this area and remain on CPW property for the duration of your visit.
5. Permitted hunters may take one other non-
hunter on their property.
6. Vehicular access permitted only on marked roads.
7. Gate shall be left as found after passing through.
4. Discharging firearms or bows prohibited in designated safety zones as posted.
5. Dogs must be under control and on leash by handler, except when hunting.

**Russell Lakes SWA, Saguache Co.**
1. Parking only in established areas.
2. Closes at 1 p.m. during first split waterfowl season.
3. Public access is prohibited from Feb. 15–July 15 to protect wintering and nesting waterfowl and to protect administrative areas. Sect. 29 closed during waterfowl seasons.
4. Camping during waterfowl hunting seasons by licensed waterfowl hunters and only in self-contained units in designated areas.

**Sarvis Creek SWA, Routt Co.**
1. Discharge of firearms or bows allowed only when hunting.

**Sedgwick Bar SWA, Sedgwick Co.**
1. Open for public access 4 a.m.–9 p.m.

**Shriver-Wright SWA, Rio Grande Co.**
1. Hunting with centerfire rifles prohibited.
2. Discharge of firearms or bows prohibited, except while hunting or bows used on archery range.
3. Camping allowed during waterfowl hunting seasons by licensed waterfowl hunters and only in parking areas with self-contained units.
4. Dogs must be under control and on leash by handler, except service animals or when actively hunting, training for hunting or during licensed field trials.
5. Valid hunting or fishing or Colorado State Wildlife Area Pass **NOT** required to access this property.

**South Republican SWA, Yuma Co.**
1. Parking only in designated areas. Waterfowl hunting access prohibited on downstream face of dam.
2. Waterfowl hunting prohibited as posted.

**Stagecoach State Park, Routt Co.**
1. Waterfowl hunting only in designated hunting zones. Maximum of 6 hunters per zone.
2. Reservation required. See "Reservations" (page 17). Hunting only in reserved hunt zone. Mandatory check in and check out as posted.
3. Hunt areas not reserved are available on first-come, first-served basis after 5 a.m. each hunting day.
   **Reserved areas not claimed by 7 a.m. also available first come, first served. Any hunt area must be yielded at any time by request of a hunter with a valid reservation for that area.**

**Sikes Ranch SWA & STL, Baca and Las Animas Co.s.**
1. Trapping by permit only, and permit must be on trapper at all times while trapping. Permits available at CPW Area Office in Lamar.
2. Open for public access one hour before sunrise–one hour after sunset, except when an animal is harvested, the successful hunter is allowed to remain as long as necessary to remove the animal, and except when authorized by a night hunting permit.

**Land-Use Rules Continued on Back Cover**
NOTICE ABOUT THIS GUIDE & SPECIES INCLUDED
This brochure includes information on small game, furbears, migratory birds and waterfowl, including squirrel, beaver, bobcat, rabbit, hare, jackrabbit, coyote, marmot, prairie dog, badger, fox, skunk, weasel, band-tailed pigeon, partridge, crow, dove, greater prairie-chicken, dusky (blue) grouse, greater sage-grouse, mountain sharp-tailed grouse, pheasant, quail, rail, ptarmigan, duck, coot, merganser, teal, goose and more. This brochure is not a legal notice nor a complete collection of hunting regulations and laws. Copies of statutes and regulations can be obtained from a CPW office or at cpw.info/regulations. For questions, call CPW at 303-297-1192.

LAND-USE RULES, CONTINUED FROM PAGE 21

▶ STEINHOFF HILL ST, LARIMER CO.
1. Small-game hunting prohibited, except by archery or shotguns not firing single slugs.

▶ SWEITZER LAKE STATE PARK, DELTA CO.
1. Waterfowl hunting only on Sat., Sun., Wed. and state and federal holidays after Labor Day.
2. Waterfowl hunting allowed only in 6 designated hunt zones.
3. Reservations required from 5 a.m.–12 p.m. See “Reservations” (page 17). Reserved zones unoccupied by 7 a.m. will be available on first-come, first-served basis. Any hunt zone must be yielded at any time upon request of a hunter holding a valid and active reservation for that zone.
4. Reservations not required from 1 p.m. to sunset. Hunting is first-come, first-served at this time.
5. Leaving decoys overnight is prohibited.

▶ TAMARACK RANCH SWA, LOGAN CO.
1. Open for public access 4 a.m.–9 p.m. only.
2. Mandatory check in and check out at check station. Hunters must park at hunting area they check into. After 9 a.m., hunters may hunt surrounding areas.
3. From Oct. 25 through end of regular duck seasons, reservations are available but not required, on weekends and state and federal holidays. See “Reservations” (page 17).
5. See “Launching Vessels” box, page 19.

AUGMENTATION PONDS:
a. From first day of second duck season through end of dark goose season, waterfowl hunting allowed only through a lottery drawing. Hunting limited to specific pond/hunt area each day. To enter drawing, send a letter/postcard postmarked by Sept. 30 to the CPW Area Office in Brush (28167 County Rd. T, Brush CO, 80723), with name, address, phone number, CID number and desired reservation dates (can list multiple dates on same letter/postcard). Must have a valid waterfowl hunting license.
b. Mandatory check in and check out at check station. Maximum of 4 hunters per group, per day. Must park in designated parking areas, but allowed to drop off decoys via existing 4WD only road, as posted. Must remain on existing roads, as posted.
c. During light goose conservation order season, mandatory check in and check out at check station.

d. From Oct. 25 through Nov. 6, mandatory check in and out at check station in the evening.

e. From Jan. 1 through April 15, mandatory check in and out at check station.

▶ TED’S CANYON ST, MOFFAT CO.
1. Open for public access Aug. 15–end of Feb.
2. Big-game and small-game hunting only.

▶ TILMAN BISHOP SWA, MESA CO.
2. Walk-in access only.
3. Deer, waterfowl and small-game hunting only.
4. Hunting with archery equipment and shotguns with shot-shells or by falconry only.
5. Waterfowl hunting by reservation only. Reservations must be made through the Hunting Reservation System: See “Reservations: Hunting” (page 1) for details. Hunters must check in and out at property.
6. Waterfowl hunters must use designated blinds.

▶ TRINIDAD LAKE STATE PARK, LAS ANIMAS CO.
1. Waterfowl hunting prohibited as posted.

▶ TURK’S POND SWA, BACA CO.
1. All human activity prohibited within 0.25 miles of high waterline around Turk’s Pond, including administrative buildings, from opening day of regular duck season through last day of regular dark goose season as posted. Hunters allowed inside closure only to retrieve downed waterfowl, must leave all firearms outside closure.
2. Vessel use prohibited except vessels propelled by hand or electric motor when used for fishing or hunting.

▶ VOLCANO RESERVOIR, MORGAN CO.
1. Waterfowl hunting prohibited, as posted.

▶ WELDON RESERVOIR, WELDON UNIT, LARIMER & WELD COs.
1. From first day of regular waterfowl season to first day of pheasant season open only on Sat., Sun., Wed. and state and federal holidays.
2. Only hand-propelled vessels may be used, and only when hunting waterfowl.
3. Hunting with centerfire rifles prohibited.

▶ WHITEHORSE SWA, ADAMS CO.
1. Open only for youth/mentors who have received certification to use the property as participants in the youth hunting program; access limited to dates specified by the program.
2. Reservations available for waterfowl hunting. See “Reservations: Hunting” (page 1) for details. Hunters can hunt only the area reserved, except in areas where reservations are unreserved and unoccupied. Mandatory check in and check out at check station as posted and reservation holder must be present while hunting.

▶ WYNN MANZANITA RESERVOIR SWA, GRAND CO.
1. Access permitted for fishing, small game, and waterfowl hunting only.
2. Access permitted only through designated access points as posted.
3. Hunting with centerfire rifles prohibited.

REPORT POACHERS
OPERATION GAME THIEF: 1-877-265-6648
EMAIL: GAME.THEIF@STATE.CO.US

Earn a reward payment for reporting wildlife violations by calling Operation Game Thief. Callers can remain anonymous. (This number is not for information requests or emergencies.)

TO DONATE: co.accessgov.com/ogt/Forms/Page/ogt/payments/