



# COLORADO

## Parks and Wildlife

Department of Natural Resources

6060 Broadway  
Denver, CO 80216

TO: Members of the Colorado Parks and Wildlife Commission  
FROM: Hilary Hernandez, Regulations Manager  
RE: Chapter W-0 and related provisions of Chapters W-2, W-3, W-11, W-15, and Chapter P-7 Final Regulations for the November 2022 Parks and Wildlife Commission Meeting  
DATE: **Revised November 10, 2022**

Final regulatory changes for Chapter W-0 and related provisions of Chapters W-2, W-3, W-11, W-15, and Chapter P-7 are summarized below. If there are questions about the agenda item below, or if additional information is needed, please feel free to contact Hilary Hernandez at [hilary.hernandez@state.co.us](mailto:hilary.hernandez@state.co.us).

**Agenda Item 13: Chapter W-0 - “General Provisions” 2 CCR 406-0, and those related provisions of Chapter W-2 (“Big Game” 2 CCR 406-2), Chapter W-3 (“Furbearers and Small Game, Except Migratory Birds” 2 CCR 406-3), Chapter W-11 (“Wildlife Parks and Unregulated Wildlife 2 CCR 406-11), Chapter W-15 (“License Agents” 2 CCR 406-15), and Chapter P-7 (“Passes, Permits and Registrations” – 2 CCR 405-7) necessary to accommodate changes to or ensure consistency with Chapter W-0 (Step 2 of 2)**

### Revising a Unit S16 boundary name

One of the boundaries for Unit S16 has been updated to Grizzly Creek following the renaming of the creek by the U.S Board on Geologic Names. (This will be a step 1 of 1 change.)

### Modification to the Low-income annual Colorado State Wildlife Area pass

CPW offers the Low-income annual Colorado State Wildlife Area pass to income eligible individuals. To qualify previously, individuals were required to have an income at or below the federal poverty guidelines and provide a federal or state tax return as documentation, or a signed affidavit stating that their income was at a level that did not require them to file taxes. To serve income eligible individuals better, the program has been expanded to Colorado residents who are enrolled in any one of several specified programs for low-income households.

Recently Proposition FF to create the Healthy School Meals for All Program was passed during the election. As part of the program, all students in Colorado public schools will receive free school meals. Previously, CPW recommended including the free or reduced-price school meals program as one way an income eligible household could show proof of eligibility to qualify for the Low-income annual State Wildlife Area pass. If using free lunches as a qualification for the pass, Proposition FF would greatly expand Low-income annual State Wildlife Area pass eligibility to all Coloradans with a child enrolled in a K-12 grade public school. For now, CPW now recommends removing the free or reduced-price school meals program from the previously recommended list of qualifying programs for the Low-income annual State Wildlife Area pass.



**Adjusting license fees according to adjustments to the Denver-Aurora-Lakewood Consumer Price Index**

Following the passage of the Hunting, Fishing, and Parks for Future Generations Act (SB 18-143), the Colorado Parks and Wildlife Commission has the authority to adjust most wildlife licenses annually with the Consumer Price Index (CPI).

Consumer Price Indices for the Denver-Aurora-Lakewood metropolitan statistical area (successor to the Denver-Boulder-Greeley statistical area) are compiled by the United States Bureau of Labor Statistics. CPI figures are reported bimonthly, in addition to the average CPI for the first half of the calendar year, the average CPI for the second half of the calendar year, and the average CPI for the entire calendar year. The chart below shows the average CPI for the first half of each year.

<b>Consumer Price Index - All Urban Consumers</b>	
Denver-Aurora-Lakewood Metropolitan Area	
First Half 2018	260.790
First Half 2019	264.147
First Half 2020	271.264
First Half 2021	276.290
First Half 2022	300.002
Annual Percentage Change (2022 Base Year)	8.6%
Cumulative Percentage Change (Rounded) (2018 Base Year)	15.0%

The CPI calculation above yields the following fees as adjusted in regulation. The fees shown in the blue highlighted columns are the statutory caps for each license fee. The Parks and Wildlife Commission may reduce fees as appropriate through the rule-making process.

License Type	Residency	2022	2022	2022	2023	2023	2023
		CPI Adjusted Statutory Lid**	With annual increase in CPI only	Actual Price*	CPI Adjusted Statutory Lid**	With annual increase in CPI only	Actual Price*
3-year possession/hunting raptor license	Resident	\$158.92	\$158.92	\$158.92	\$172.55	\$172.55	\$172.55
Annual possession/hunting raptor license	Nonresident	\$84.75	\$84.75	\$84.75	\$92.03	\$92.03	\$92.03
Peregrine falcon capture license	Resident	\$317.83	\$317.83	\$317.83	\$345.11	\$345.11	\$345.11
Extra rod stamp	Resident	\$9.53	\$9.53	\$9.53	\$10.35	\$10.35	\$10.35
Extra rod stamp	Nonresident	\$9.53	\$9.53	\$9.53	\$10.35	\$10.35	\$10.35
Fishing - 1 day	Resident	\$12.71	\$12.71	\$12.71	\$13.80	\$13.80	\$13.80
Fishing - 1 day	Nonresident	\$15.89	\$15.89	\$15.89	\$17.26	\$17.26	\$17.26
Fishing - additional day	Resident	\$5.30	\$5.30	\$5.30	\$5.75	\$5.75	\$5.75
Fishing - additional day	Nonresident	\$5.30	\$5.30	\$5.30	\$5.75	\$5.75	\$5.75
Fishing - 5 day	Nonresident	\$31.78	\$31.78	\$31.78	\$34.51	\$34.51	\$34.51
Fishing - annual	Resident	\$34.96	\$34.96	\$34.96	\$37.96	\$37.96	\$37.96
Fishing - annual	Nonresident	\$100.65	\$100.65	\$100.65	\$109.28	\$109.28	\$109.28
Youth (ages 16-17) annual fishing	Resident	\$8.48	\$8.48	\$8.48	\$9.20	\$9.20	\$9.20
Senior annual fishing	Resident	\$8.48	\$8.48	\$8.48	\$9.20	\$9.20	\$9.20

License Type	Residency	2022	2022	2022	2023	2023	2023
Small game hunting	Resident	\$29.66	\$29.66	\$29.66	\$32.21	\$32.21	\$32.21
Senior lifetime fishing upgrade to annual combination fishing and small game hunting^	Resident	-	\$20.81	\$20.81	-	\$22.59	\$22.59
Small game	Nonresident	\$84.75	\$84.75	\$84.75	\$92.03	\$92.03	\$92.03
Small game - 1 day	Resident	\$12.71	\$12.71	\$12.71	\$13.80	\$13.80	\$13.80
Small game - 1 day	Nonresident	\$15.89	\$15.89	\$15.89	\$17.26	\$17.26	\$17.26
Small game - additional day	Resident	\$5.30	\$5.30	\$5.30	\$5.75	\$5.75	\$5.75
Small game - additional day	Nonresident	\$5.30	\$5.30	\$5.30	\$5.75	\$5.75	\$5.75
Furbearer license	Resident	\$29.66	\$29.66	\$29.66	\$32.21	\$32.21	\$32.21
Furbearer license	Nonresident	\$264.86	\$84.75	\$84.75	\$287.59	\$92.03	\$92.03
Turkey, fall	Resident	\$24.37	\$24.37	\$24.37	\$26.46	\$26.46	\$26.46
Turkey, fall	Nonresident	\$158.92	\$158.92	\$158.92	\$172.55	\$172.55	\$172.55
Turkey, spring	Resident	\$29.66	\$29.66	\$29.66	\$32.21	\$32.21	\$32.21
Turkey, spring	Nonresident	\$158.92	\$158.92	\$158.92	\$172.55	\$172.55	\$172.55
Turkey (youth)	Resident	\$14.83	\$14.83	\$14.83	\$16.11	\$16.11	\$16.11
Turkey (youth)	Nonresident	\$105.94	\$105.94	\$105.94	\$115.04	\$115.04	\$115.04
Combination fishing and small game hunting	Resident	\$50.85	\$50.85	\$50.85	\$55.22	\$55.22	\$55.22
Senior (ages 65 and older) combination fishing and small game hunting	Resident	-	\$29.29	\$29.28	-	\$31.79	\$31.79
Pronghorn	Resident	\$40.26	\$40.26	\$40.26	\$43.71	\$43.71	\$43.71
Pronghorn	Nonresident	\$418.48	\$418.48	\$418.48	\$454.39	\$454.39	\$454.39
Bear, fall	Resident	\$50.85	\$38.70	\$38.70	\$55.22	\$42.03	\$42.03
Bear, fall	Nonresident	\$699.23	\$101.85	\$101.85	\$759.24	\$110.59	\$110.59
Bear (youth)	Resident	-	\$14.26	\$14.26	-	\$15.48	\$15.48
Bear (youth)	Nonresident	-	\$50.93	\$50.93	-	\$55.30	\$55.30
Deer	Resident	\$40.26	\$40.26	\$40.26	\$43.71	\$43.71	\$43.71
Deer	Nonresident	\$418.48	\$418.48	\$418.48	\$454.39	\$454.39	\$454.39
Elk	Resident	\$56.15	\$56.15	\$56.15	\$60.97	\$60.97	\$60.97
Elk (either sex)	Nonresident	\$699.23	\$699.23	\$699.23	\$759.24	\$759.24	\$759.24
Elk (antlerless)	Nonresident	\$699.23	\$524.42	\$524.42	\$759.24	\$569.43	\$759.24
Mountain goat	Resident	\$317.83	\$317.83	\$317.83	\$345.11	\$345.11	\$345.11
Mountain goat	Nonresident	\$2,341.35	\$2,341.35	\$2,341.35	\$2,542.29	\$2,542.29	\$2,542.29
Moose	Resident	\$317.83	\$317.83	\$317.83	\$345.11	\$345.11	\$345.11
Moose	Nonresident	\$2,341.35	\$2,341.35	\$2,341.35	\$2,542.29	\$2,542.29	\$2,542.29
Mountain lion	Resident	\$50.85	\$50.85	\$50.85	\$55.22	\$55.22	\$55.22
Mountain lion	Nonresident	\$699.23	\$356.48	\$356.48	\$759.24	\$387.08	\$387.08
Rocky Mountain bighorn sheep	Resident	\$317.83	\$317.83	\$317.83	\$345.11	\$345.11	\$345.11
Rocky Mountain bighorn sheep	Nonresident	\$2,341.35	\$2,341.35	\$2,341.35	\$2,542.29	\$2,542.29	\$2,542.29
Desert bighorn sheep	Resident	\$317.83	\$317.83	\$317.83	\$345.11	\$345.11	\$345.11
Desert bighorn sheep	Nonresident	\$2,341.35	\$2,341.35	\$2,341.35	\$2,542.29	\$2,542.29	\$2,542.29
Resident low-income senior lifetime fishing	Resident	\$8.48	\$8.25	\$8.25	\$9.20	\$8.96	\$8.96
Youth big game (deer, elk, pronghorn)***	Resident	\$14.57	\$14.57	\$14.57	\$15.82	\$15.82	\$15.82
Youth big game (deer, elk, pronghorn)***	Nonresident	\$105.68	\$105.68	\$105.68	\$114.75	\$114.75	\$114.75

License Type	Residency	2022	2022	2022	2023	2023	2023
Youth small game hunting***	Resident	\$1.06	\$1.06	\$1.06	\$1.15	\$1.15	\$1.15
Youth small game hunting***	Nonresident	\$1.06	\$1.06	\$1.06	\$1.15	\$1.15	\$1.15
Colorado wildlife habitat stamp, purchased in conjunction with the purchase of a hunting or fishing license	Resident	\$10.59	\$10.59	\$10.59	\$11.50	\$11.50	\$11.50
Colorado wildlife habitat stamp, purchased in conjunction with the purchase of a hunting or fishing license	Nonresident	\$10.59	\$10.59	\$10.59	\$11.50	\$11.50	\$11.50
"Lifetime" Colorado wildlife habitat stamp	Resident	\$317.83	\$317.83	\$317.83	\$345.11	\$345.11	\$345.11
"Lifetime" Colorado wildlife habitat stamp	Nonresident	\$317.83	\$317.83	\$317.83	\$345.11	\$345.11	\$345.11

\*excludes additional surcharges and fees

\*\*2018 base year

\*\*\*Plus \$0.25 for S&R which is built into the statutory fee and for which CPI adjustments should not be made.

License Type	Residency	2022	2022	2023	2023
		CPI Adjusted Statutory Lid	Actual Price*	CPI Adjusted Statutory Lid	Actual Price*
Scientific collecting license	N/A	\$29.66	\$29.66	\$32.21	\$32.21
Importation license	N/A	\$79.46	\$79.46	\$86.28	\$86.28
Field trial license	N/A	\$24.37	\$24.37	\$26.46	\$26.46
Commercial lake license	N/A	\$211.89	\$211.89	\$230.07	\$230.07
Private lake license	N/A	\$14.83	\$14.83	\$16.11	\$16.11
Commercial wildlife park license	N/A	\$158.92	\$158.92	\$172.55	\$172.55
Noncommercial park license	N/A	\$29.66	\$29.66	\$32.21	\$32.21
Wildlife sanctuary license	N/A	\$158.92	\$158.92	\$172.55	\$172.55
Zoological park license	N/A	\$158.92	\$158.92	\$172.55	\$172.55

\*excludes additional surcharges and fees

\*\*2018 base year

License Type	Residency	2022	2022	2023	2023
		CPI Adjusted Statutory Lid	Actual Price*	CPI Adjusted Statutory Lid	Actual Price*
Migratory waterfowl stamp	N/A	\$10.59	\$10.59	\$11.50	\$11.50

\*excludes additional surcharges and fees

\*\*2018 base year

License Type	Residency	2022 CPI Adjusted Statutory Lid	2022 With annual increase in CPI	2022 Actual Price*	2023 CPI Adjusted Statutory Lid	2023 With annual increase in CPI	2023 Actual Price*
Non-refundable application-processing fee	Resident	\$7.42	\$7.13	\$7.13	\$8.05	\$7.26	\$8.00
Non-refundable application-processing fee	Nonresident	\$9.53	\$9.17	\$9.17	\$10.35	\$9.34	\$10.00

\*excludes additional surcharges and fees

\*\*2018 base year

Colorado State Wildlife Area Passes	Residency	2022 CPI Adjusted Statutory Lid	2022 Actual Price*	2023 CPI Adjusted Statutory Lid	2023 Proposed Price*
Colorado State Wildlife Area Pass - annual	N/A	-	\$35.21	-	\$38.21
Colorado State Wildlife Area Pass - 1 day	N/A	-	\$7.50	-	\$8.50
Youth (ages 16-17) annual Colorado State Wildlife Area Pass	N/A	-	\$8.73	-	\$9.45
Senior (ages 65 and older) annual Colorado State Wildlife Area Pass	N/A	-	\$8.73	-	\$9.45
Low-income annual Colorado State Wildlife Area Pass	N/A	-	\$8.73	-	\$9.45

\*excludes additional surcharges and fees

License prices established in Appendix F of Chapter W-0 are the actual license price. The discounts applied from the statutory maximum price for select licenses have been provided in Chapters W-2 and W-3. The 2022 nonresident license fee comparison for other mountain states has also been included in the mailing for reference.

### **Updating retail agent commission rates according to inflationary increases in license prices**

Previously adopted regulations set the retail agent commission at 4.75% of the license fee, except for those commissions that are fixed, as described below. Statutorily, the Commission may set these rates wherever feasible. Historically, the year-to-year Consumer Price Index (CPI) change has been used as a guideline for setting these rates. However, in 2019 CPW proposed fixed commission rates for different types of licenses (6.7% for fishing/small game, and 3.6% for nonresident big game). The fixed rates approved in 2019 yield the following retail agent commissions for the 2023 license year:

Division Product Type	2022	2022	2023	2023
	Actual Price	Commission	Actual Price	Commission
Second Rod Stamp	\$ 9.53	\$ 0.64	\$ 10.35	\$ 0.69
Resident Fishing - 1 day	\$ 12.71	\$ 0.85	\$ 13.80	\$ 0.92
Nonresident Fishing - 1 day	\$ 15.89	\$ 1.06	\$ 17.26	\$ 1.16
Fishing - 5 day	\$ 31.78	\$ 2.13	\$ 34.51	\$ 2.31
Resident Small Game - 1 day	\$ 12.71	\$ 0.85	\$ 13.80	\$ 0.92
Nonresident Small Game - 1 day	\$ 15.89	\$ 1.06	\$ 17.26	\$ 1.16

Nonresident Deer	\$ 418.48	\$ 15.07	\$ 454.39	\$ 16.36
Nonresident Pronghorn	\$ 418.48	\$ 15.07	\$ 454.39	\$ 16.36
Nonresident Bear	\$ 101.85	\$ 3.67	\$ 110.59	\$ 3.98
Nonresident Mountain Lion	\$ 356.48	\$ 12.83	\$ 387.08	\$ 13.93
Nonresident Antlerless Elk	\$ 524.42	\$ 18.88	\$ 759.24	\$ 27.33
Nonresident Either-sex Elk	\$ 699.23	\$ 25.17	\$ 759.24	\$ 27.33
Nonresident Antlered Elk	\$ 699.23	\$ 25.17	\$ 759.24	\$ 27.33
Nonresident Rocky Mtn Bighorn Sheep	\$ 2,341.35	\$ 84.29	\$ 2,542.29	\$ 91.52
Nonresident Desert Bighorn Sheep	\$ 2,341.35	\$ 84.29	\$ 2,542.29	\$ 91.52
Nonresident Goat	\$ 2,341.35	\$ 84.29	\$ 2,542.29	\$ 91.52
Nonresident Moose	\$ 2,341.35	\$ 84.29	\$ 2,542.29	\$ 91.52



# COLORADO

## Parks and Wildlife

Department of Natural Resources

6060 Broadway  
Denver, CO 80216

TO: Members of the Colorado Parks and Wildlife Commission  
FROM: Hilary Hernandez, Regulations Manager  
RE: Requested Analysis on Bear license pricing  
DATE: November 4, 2022

This memo provides continued analysis by CPW staff on potential bear license pricing for the Commission to consider at its November meeting, along with a staff recommendation as requested by the Commission. This analysis builds off concepts heard during the Commission discussion in September. When considering the setting of the price for bear license fees there are several things to consider from historical data, perceptions, incentivizing purchase, recruitment purposes, revenue generated, population management needs, and comparable pricing with other states.

### Historical data

In 2001, big game license prices were increased by the Colorado General Assembly, including the statutory limits on nonresident bear licenses. However, legislators wanted to maintain flexibility for predator management and did not want to reduce bear hunter participation. In keeping with the sentiments expressed by the legislature at the time, the Commission decided to exercise its authority to set license prices below the statutory cap and keep nonresident license prices at the 2000 rate, which reduced bear licenses to \$250. From 2001 through 2009, the price stayed at \$250 and aligned with the nonresident antlerless elk license price. In 2010, nonresident bear licenses were increased to \$350 to be consistent with the nonresident antlerless elk license price increase. From 2010 through 2018, bear license prices stayed at \$350.

In November 2018, the Commission was looking for ways to increase bear harvest. They examined several different options including combination licenses, companion licenses, and other management tools. During that meeting, CPW staff recommended offering differential pricing for bear licenses for the concurrent rifle season for \$250 to nonresidents in DAUs with List B bear hunt codes. All nonresident bear PLO licenses would also be set to \$250. This pricing recommendation was based on several factors: 1) it was the lowest price Colorado had charged nonresidents for bears in the previous 18 years; 2) it was comparable to the \$261 average nonresident bear license price of all western states that year; 3) with this pricing scenario and existing bear quota, there was less opportunity for revenue loss. Other nonresident bear licenses would continue to be sold for \$350. Limiting the \$250 nonresident differential pricing to the concurrent rifle bear season was preferred because it required less reprogramming in IPAWS as these bear licenses already required the hunter to hold a valid deer or elk license that overlapped with the bear license by at least one GMU and at least one season date. This also ensured that these bear licenses would not contribute to hunter crowding on public lands.

However, the Commission expressed concern that hunters who were already deer or elk hunting would have a hard time purchasing the bear license if the price was set at the staff's recommended prices. In the end, the Commission chose not to approve the staff recommendation and instead approved reducing



the nonresident bear license price to \$100 statewide for all hunt codes. This action was intended to increase the number of bear hunters without an equivalent increase in hunter crowding to help meet bear management objectives.

In 2020, as part of the 5-year big game season structure changes, a majority of bear hunt codes were made OTC unlimited (both for residents and nonresidents), which substantially added to bear license sales. Bear season structure changes were aimed at removing unnecessary barriers to bear hunting whenever possible to achieve DAU harvest objectives, while still managing bear hunter crowding during the early seasons or in quality deer and elk units. Additionally, resident bear licenses were discounted ~25% beginning in 2020 from \$48 to \$38. Total bear license sales have nearly doubled in three years, but harvest has only increased modestly. Since 2018, CPW has honored the Commission's decision to move to the \$100 price point for all nonresident bear licenses.

### **Perceptions and incentives**

Perception is a very important element in the protection and management of wildlife across the state. Charging less than the statutory price, particularly for predator licenses, has been seen by some as devaluing those species. Some also feel that asking customers if they would like to add a bear license to their purchase of a deer or elk license implies they are adding something of lesser value to their primary purchase. Others perceive that there is an overabundance of bears, particularly near urban areas, and that CPW should continue differential pricing of bear licenses in an attempt to keep bear populations at a level that reduces human-bear conflict.

Incentivizing purchase is another reason for differential pricing. At this time, CPW is unable to do a willingness-to-pay analysis for bear licenses. However, a graph of the sale of bear licenses over time has been compiled (Figure 1). In general, it appears the resident license demand is not very dependent on price, at least not at the prices currently offered, as the quantity sold did not increase much when the price decreased to \$38. However, the nonresident license demand did seem to increase significantly with the decrease in price to \$100. You can see this even more clearly when looking at the OTC license sales (Figure 2). The nonresident OTC license sales increased significantly when the price decreased, but the resident OTC license sales stayed about the same. *For Figures 1 and 2 it is important to note; these data do include license returns, exchanges, etc.*



Figure 1: Bear license sales over time

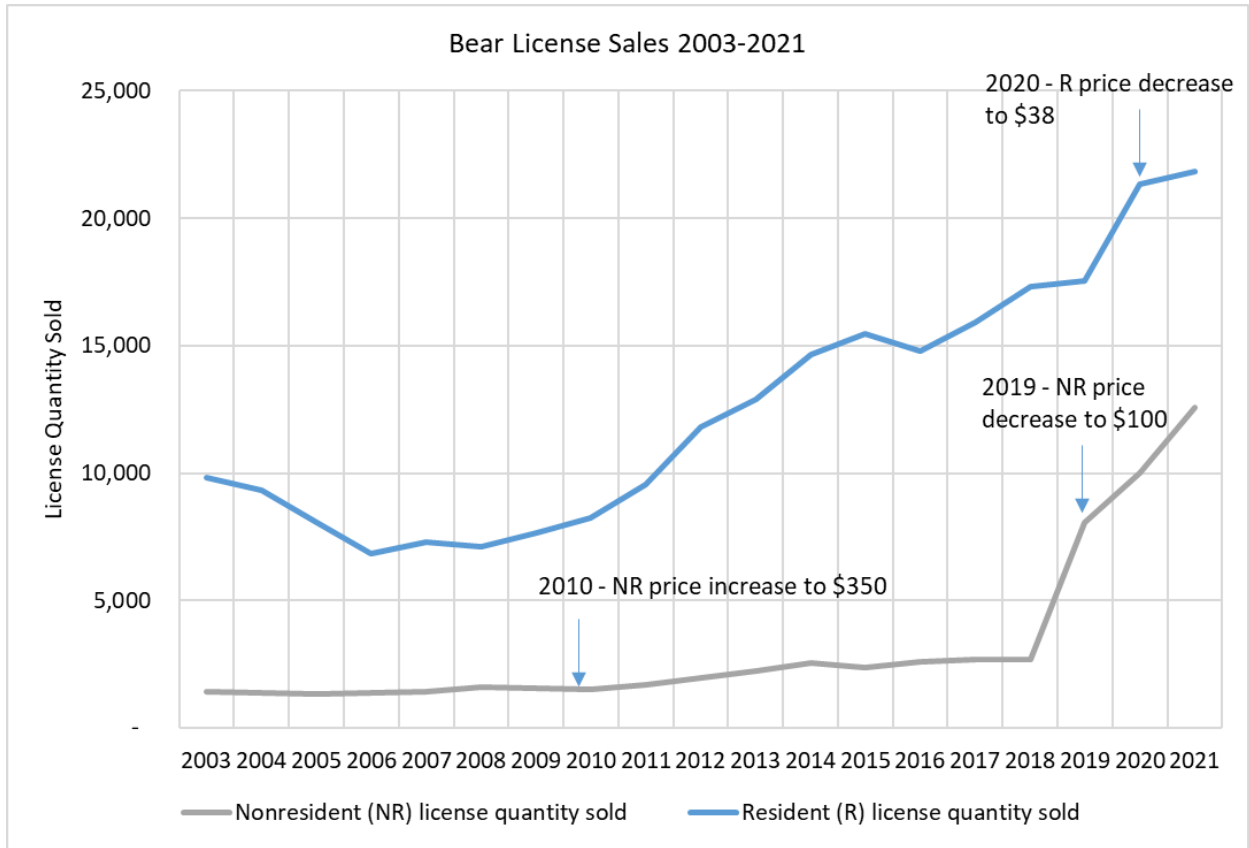
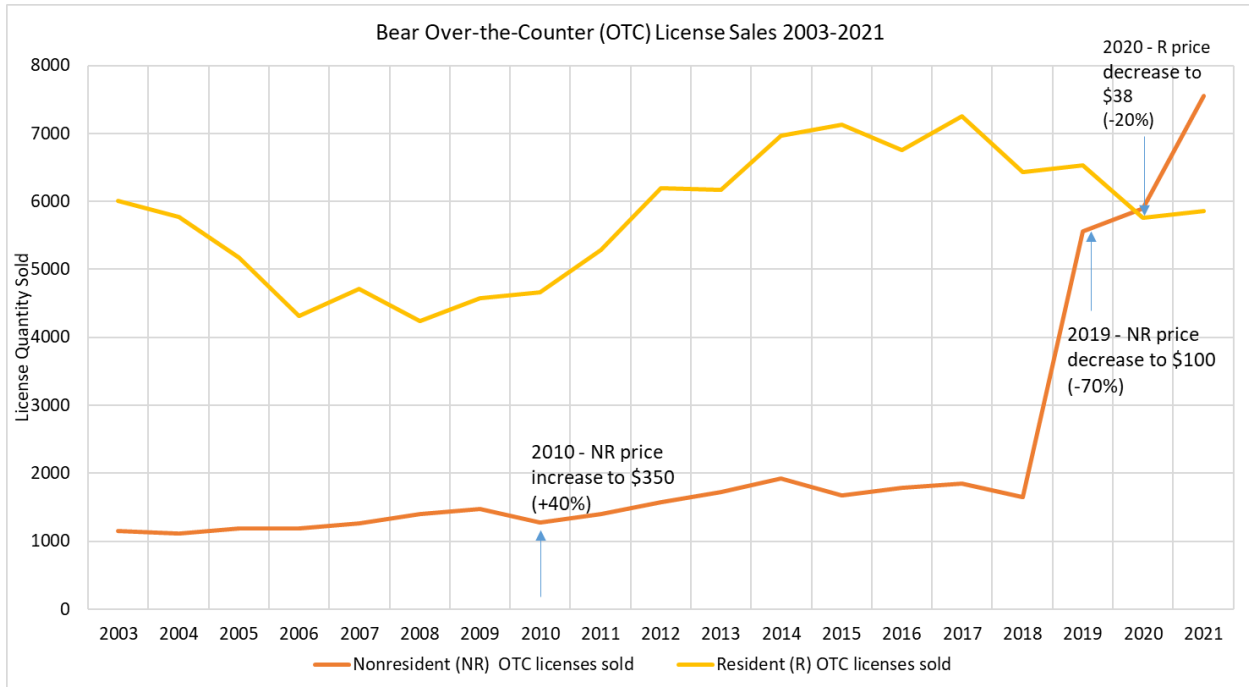


Figure 2: Bear OTC license sales over time



### Population management

Additionally, bear population management is a factor in these decisions. One of the original reasons to reduce the fee was to increase the purchase of licenses that were previously unsold in certain units to help reach population harvest objectives. Below is a table of the bear limited license quotas, limited licenses sold per year, and percent of limited licenses unsold (Figure 3). The table shows the percentage of unsold licenses has decreased since the price reduction in 2019. However, this decrease is likely not due to pricing alone as limited quota numbers also decreased significantly starting in 2020 with the 2020 big game season structure changes; a large number of licenses were converted from the limited quota to over-the-counter (OTC) licenses.

Figure 3: Bear licenses sold and unsold, 2015-2021

YEAR	Quota	Licenses Sold	Licenses Unsold	% Licenses Unsold	OTC (Unlimited)
2015*	25,751	17,698	8,053	31%	52
2016*	25,872	16,965	8,907	34%	51
2017*	26,190	18,091	8,099	31%	78
2018*	28,617	19,275	9,342	33%	61
2019*	31,025	25,074	5,951	19%	97
2020	20,527	17,267	3,260	16%	13189
2021	20,715	18,621	2,094	10%	14781
*Includes Over-the-Counter with Caps					
Includes all established bear hunts					
Does not include returned licenses					

Another factor to consider is the number of human-bear incidents per year, of which one type is game damage claims. Figures 4-7 show the game damage claims by species from the fiscal year 2018 through the fiscal year 2021. There are a large number of environmental and social factors that can influence the number of game damage claims per year. CPW is unable to say with certainty whether differential pricing for bear licenses contributed to fewer game damage claims in the past couple of years or whether fewer claims can be attributed to other factors.

Figure 4: Fiscal year 2018 Game Damage Compensation by species

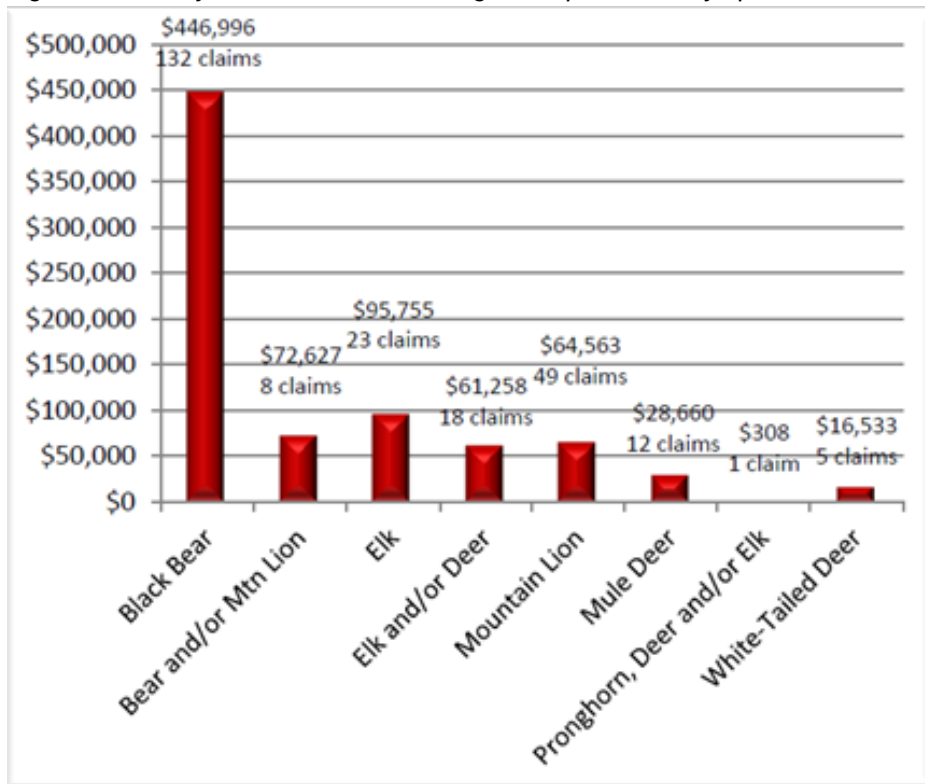


Figure 5: Fiscal year 2019 Game Damage Compensation by species

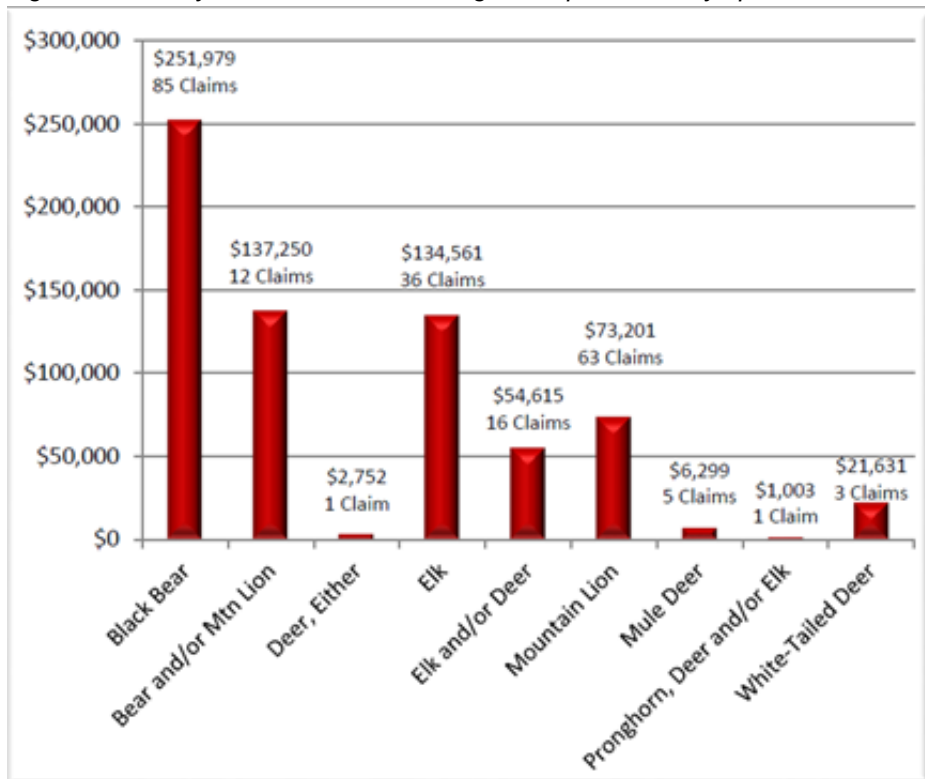


Figure 6: Fiscal year 2020 Game Damage Compensation by species

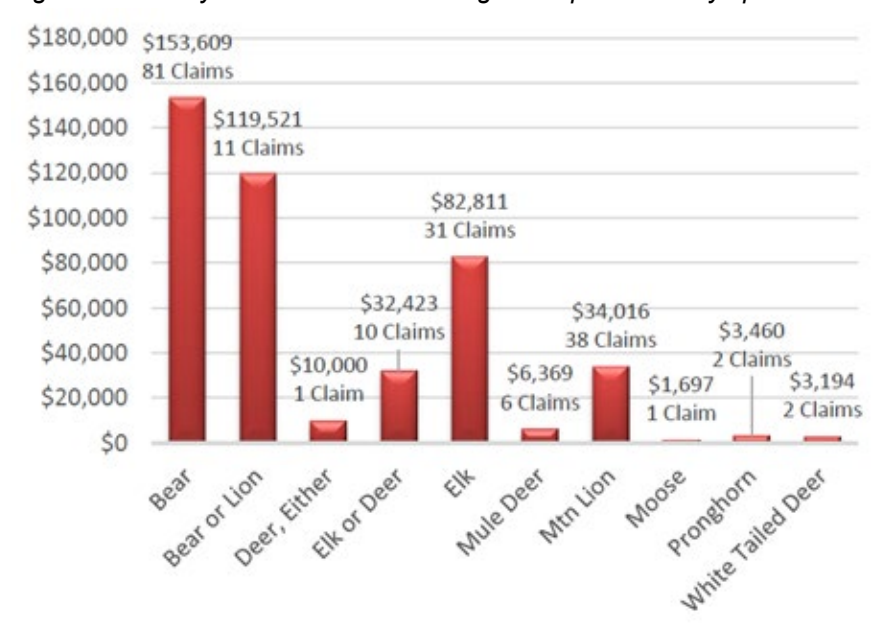
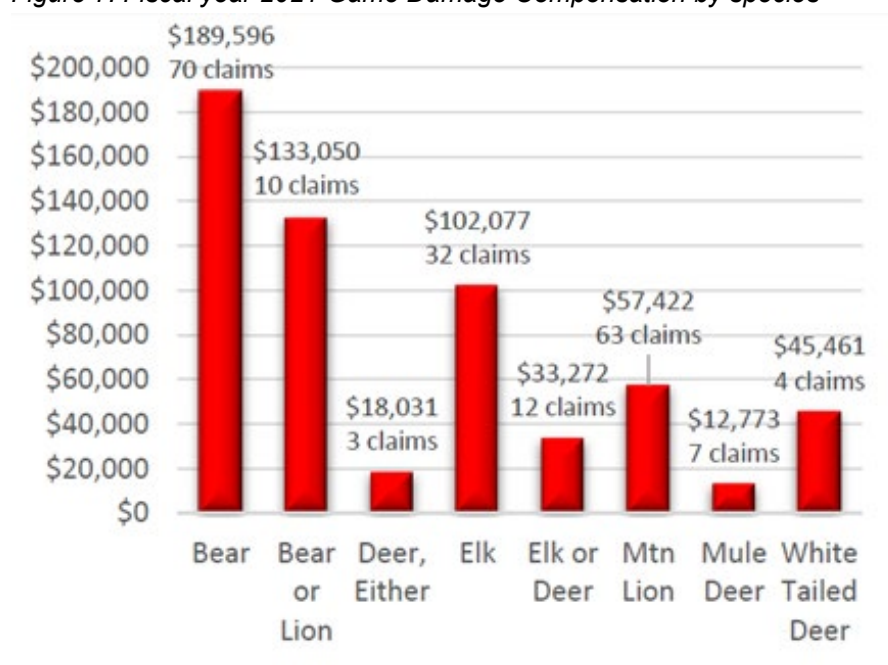


Figure 7: Fiscal year 2021 Game Damage Compensation by species

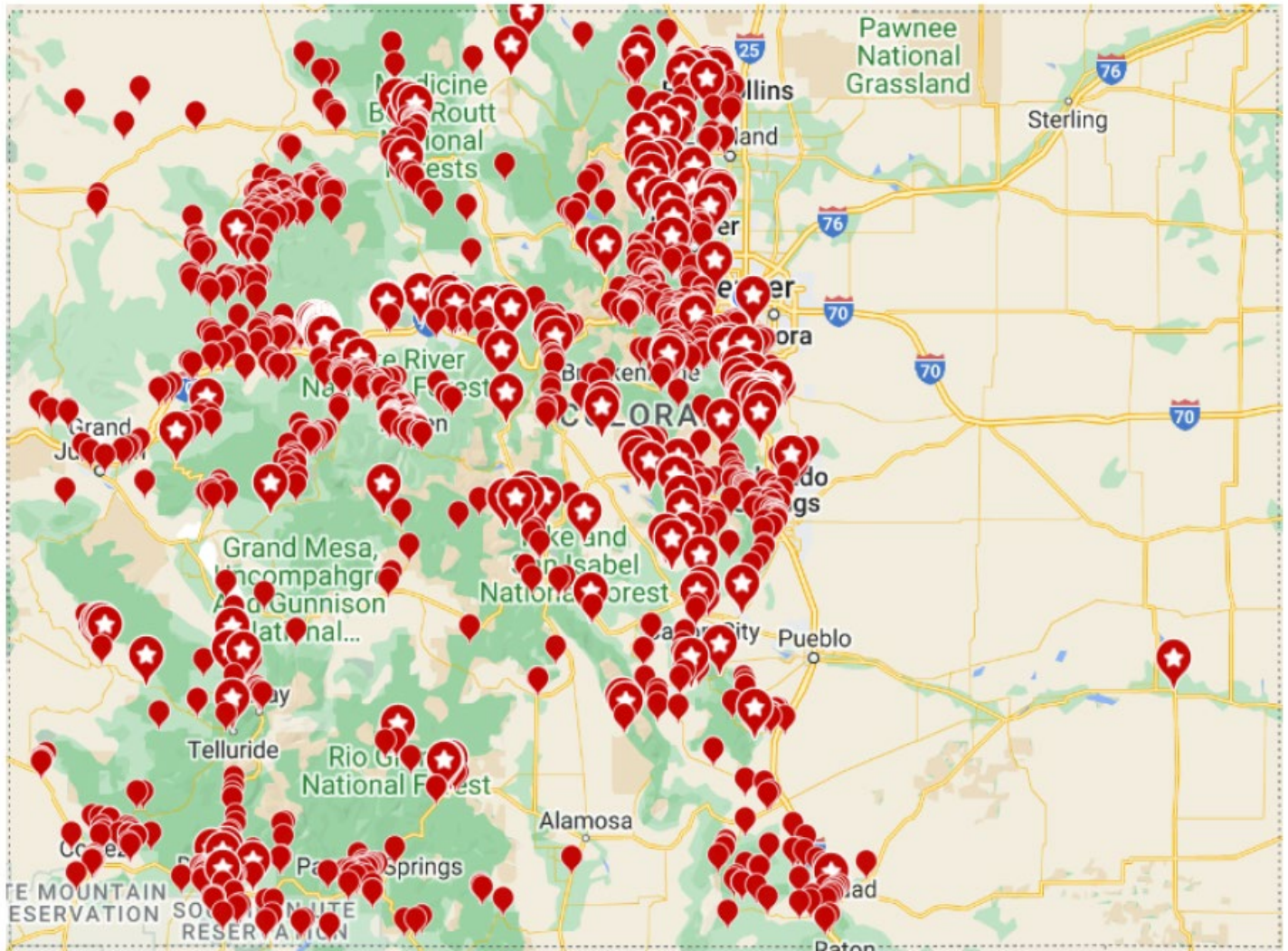


CPW staff spend considerable time responding to human-bear encounters. Unfortunately, because of the way staff time is entered into our payroll system, it is difficult to accurately identify the amount of money spent on these specific calls. Starting in 2019, CPW began keeping track of human-bear encounters reported to CPW, county sheriff offices, and municipal police/animal control departments through an electronically recorded Wildlife Incidents database. These incidents range from a report of a bear sighting in a residential or urban area to a physical interaction between a bear and a person. For the purposes of defining a “conflict”, CPW categorized incidents that involved a complaint type of either Attack, Aggressive Behavior, Food Source Property Damage, or Non-Food Property Damage as a conflict, and

CPW classified incidents with a complaint type of Sighting or Unsubstantiated as non-conflict. With less than three full years of Wildlife Incidents App data so far, it is difficult to conclude any trends at this point. Figure 9 is a map of the bear incidents in 2021 and includes Incident Types: Food Source Property Damage, Non-Food Property Damage, Attack, and Aggressive Behavior. The white stars were incidents where a further response was needed, a call and then a follow-up by CPW personnel.

Figure 9: Black bear incident locations in 2021

## Black Bear Incident Locations January 1, 2021 to December 31, 2021



### Comparison with other western states

Lastly, we offer a comparison to other western states. The average cost for a 2022 nonresident bear licenses is approximately \$290 (Figure 10). Colorado's bear license price is the lowest compared to other western states.

Figure 10: 2022 nonresident bear license prices in western states

Colorado BEAR (2022)	*Average	Arizona	Idaho	Montana	Nevada	N.Mex.	Wyoming	Utah
\$103.60	<b>\$288.39</b>	\$150	\$231.75	\$350	\$300	\$260	\$373	\$354

### Recommendation

Acknowledging the complexity of bear management as outlined in this memo, CPW staff recommends continuation of the \$100 price with an increase for the consumer price index (CPI) adjustment for nonresident bear licenses. For 2023, the price would be set at \$110.59.

FINAL REGULATIONS - CHAPTER W-0 - GENERAL PROVISIONS

ARTICLE XIII - GAME MANAGEMENT UNIT BOUNDARIES.

#025 - BIGHORN SHEEP UNIT BOUNDARY DESCRIPTIONS

UNIT S16      **Cimarrona Peak** - Those portions of Hinsdale and Mineral counties bounded on the north by the Rio Grande River; on the east by Trout Creek, West Trout Creek, and Middle Fork of Trout Creek, the Middle Fork of the Piedra River and the Piedra River; on the south by the Hinsdale/Archuleta county line; and on the west by Weminuche Creek, USFS Trail 539, the Los Pinos River, and North Fork Pinos River and the Rio Grande Reservoir/~~Squaw-Grizzly~~ Creek Divide.

## Appendix F - Wildlife License and Pass Prices

### (1) Resident and nonresident licenses

License	Residency	Fees
3-year possession/hunting raptor license	Resident	<del>\$172.55</del> *** <del>\$ 158.92</del> ***
Annual possession/hunting raptor license	Nonresident	<del>\$92.03</del> *** <del>\$ 84.75</del> ***
Peregrine falcon capture license	Resident	<del>\$345.11</del> *** <del>\$ 317.83</del> ***
Extra rod stamp	Resident	<del>\$10.35</del> ** <del>\$ 9.53</del> **
Extra rod stamp	Nonresident	<del>\$10.35</del> ** <del>\$ 9.53</del> **
Fishing - 1 day	Resident	<del>\$13.80</del> ** <del>\$ 12.71</del> **
Fishing - 1 day	Nonresident	<del>\$17.26</del> ** <del>\$ 15.89</del> **
Fishing - additional day	Resident	<del>\$5.75</del> ** <del>\$ 5.30</del> **
Fishing - additional day	Nonresident	<del>\$5.75</del> ** <del>\$ 5.30</del> **
Fishing - 5 day	Nonresident	<del>\$34.51</del> ** <del>\$ 31.78</del> **
Fishing- annual	Resident	<del>\$37.96</del> ** <del>\$ 34.96</del> **
Fishing - annual	Nonresident	<del>\$109.28</del> ** <del>\$ 100.65</del> **
Youth (ages 16-17) annual fishing	Resident	<del>\$9.20</del> ** <del>\$ 8.48</del> **
Senior annual fishing	Resident	<del>\$9.20</del> ** <del>\$ 8.48</del> **
Small game hunting	Resident	<del>\$32.21</del> ** <del>\$ 29.66</del> **
Senior lifetime fishing upgrade to annual combination fishing and small game hunting^	Resident	<del>\$22.59</del> ** <del>\$ 20.81</del> **
Small game hunting	Nonresident	<del>\$92.03</del> ** <del>\$ 84.75</del> **
Small game - 1 day	Resident	<del>\$13.80</del> ** <del>\$ 12.71</del> **
Small game - 1 day	Nonresident	<del>\$17.26</del> ** <del>\$ 15.89</del> **
Small game - additional day	Resident	<del>\$5.75</del> ** <del>\$ 5.30</del> **
Small game - additional day	Nonresident	<del>\$5.75</del> ** <del>\$ 5.30</del> **
Furbearer license	Resident	<del>\$32.21</del> ** <del>\$ 29.66</del> **
Furbearer license	Nonresident	<del>\$92.03</del> ** <del>\$ 84.75</del> **
Turkey, fall	Resident	<del>\$26.46</del> ** <del>\$ 24.37</del> **
Turkey, fall	Nonresident	<del>\$172.55</del> ** <del>\$ 158.92</del> **
Turkey, spring	Resident	<del>\$32.21</del> ** <del>\$ 29.66</del> **
Turkey, spring	Nonresident	<del>\$172.55</del> ** <del>\$ 158.92</del> **
Turkey (youth)	Resident	<del>\$16.11</del> ** <del>\$ 14.83</del> **
Turkey (youth)	Nonresident	<del>\$115.04</del> ** <del>\$ 105.94</del> **
Combination fishing and small game hunting	Resident	<del>\$55.22</del> ** <del>\$ 50.85</del> **
Senior (ages 65 and older) combination fishing and small game hunting	Resident	<del>\$31.79</del> ** <del>\$ 29.28</del> **
Pronghorn	Resident	<del>\$43.71</del> ** <del>\$ 40.26</del> **
Pronghorn	Nonresident	<del>\$454.39</del> ** <del>\$ 418.48</del> **
Bear, fall	Resident	<del>\$42.03</del> ** <del>\$ 38.70</del> **
Bear, fall	Nonresident	<del>\$110.59</del> ** <del>\$ 101.85</del> **
Bear, fall (youth)	Resident	<del>\$15.48</del> * <del>\$ 14.26</del> *
Bear, fall (youth)	Nonresident	<del>\$55.30</del> * <del>\$ 50.93</del> *
Deer	Resident	<del>\$43.71</del> ** <del>\$ 40.26</del> **
Deer	Nonresident	<del>\$454.39</del> ** <del>\$ 418.48</del> **
Elk	Resident	<del>\$60.97</del> ** <del>\$ 56.15</del> **
Elk (antlered or either sex)	Nonresident	<del>\$759.24</del> ** <del>\$ 699.23</del> **
Elk (antlerless)	Nonresident	<del>\$759.24</del> ** <del>\$ 524.42</del> **
Mountain goat	Resident	<del>\$345.11</del> ** <del>\$ 317.83</del> **
Mountain goat	Nonresident	<del>\$2,542.29</del> ** <del>\$ 2,341.35</del> **
Moose	Resident	<del>\$345.11</del> ** <del>\$ 317.83</del> **
Moose	Nonresident	<del>\$2,542.29</del> ** <del>\$ 2,341.35</del> **
Mountain lion	Resident	<del>\$55.22</del> ** <del>\$ 50.85</del> **
Mountain lion	Nonresident	<del>\$387.08</del> ** <del>\$ 356.48</del> **
Rocky mountain bighorn sheep	Resident	<del>\$345.11</del> ** <del>\$ 317.83</del> **
Rocky mountain bighorn sheep	Nonresident	<del>\$2,542.29</del> ** <del>\$ 2,341.35</del> **



Desert bighorn sheep	Resident	<del>\$345.11**</del> <del>\$ 317.83**</del>
Desert bighorn sheep	Nonresident	<del>\$2,542.29**</del> <del>\$ 2,341.35**</del>
Resident low-income senior lifetime fishing	Resident	<del>\$8.96**</del> <del>\$ 8.25**</del>
Youth big game (deer, elk, pronghorn)	Resident	<del>\$16.07 each*</del> <del>\$ 14.82 each*</del>
Youth big game (deer, elk, pronghorn)	Nonresident	<del>\$115.00 each*</del> <del>\$ 105.93 each*</del>
Youth small game hunting	Resident	<del>\$1.40</del> <del>\$ 1.34</del>
Youth small game hunting	Nonresident	<del>\$1.40</del> <del>\$ 1.34</del>
Colorado wildlife habitat stamp, purchased in conjunction with the purchase of a hunting or fishing license	Resident	<del>\$11.50</del> <del>\$ 10.59</del>
Colorado wildlife habitat stamp, purchased in conjunction with the purchase of a hunting or fishing license	Nonresident	<del>\$11.50</del> <del>\$ 10.59</del>
"Lifetime" Colorado wildlife habitat stamp	Resident	<del>\$345.11***</del> <del>\$ 317.83***</del>
"Lifetime" Colorado wildlife habitat stamp	Nonresident	<del>\$345.11***</del> <del>\$ 317.83***</del>

\*Plus additional surcharge of \$1.50 for the Wildlife Management Public Education Fund.

\*\*Plus additional surcharge of \$1.50 for the Wildlife Management Public Education Fund and \$0.25 for the Search and Rescue Fund.

\*\*\*Plus additional surcharge of \$0.25 for the Search and Rescue Fund.

^Valid only for resident senior Lifetime Disability and Low Income Fishing license holders.

License prices established in this table are the actual license price. Some license prices have discounts applied from the statutory maximum price as provided for in Chapters W-2 and W-3.

(2) Special licenses

License	Fees
Scientific collecting license	<del>\$32.21</del> <del>\$ 29.66</del>
Importation license	<del>\$86.28</del> <del>\$ 79.46</del>
Field trial license	<del>\$26.46</del> <del>\$ 24.37</del>
Commercial lake license	<del>\$230.07</del> <del>\$ 211.89</del>
Private lake license	<del>\$16.11</del> <del>\$ 14.83</del>
Commercial wildlife park license	<del>\$172.55</del> <del>\$ 158.92</del>
Noncommercial park license	<del>\$32.21</del> <del>\$ 29.66</del>
Wildlife sanctuary license	<del>\$172.55</del> <del>\$ 158.92</del>
Zoological park license	<del>\$172.55</del> <del>\$ 158.92</del>

(3) The fee for each migratory waterfowl stamp is ~~\$40.59~~ \$11.50.

(4) The fee for each Federal Waterfowl Stamp is \$31.00.

(5) The nonrefundable application-processing fee for each limited license is ~~\$7.438~~ \$0.00 for resident applications and ~~\$9.47~~ \$10.00 for nonresident applications.

(6) Colorado State Wildlife Area passes

Pass	Fees
Colorado State Wildlife Area Pass - annual	<del>\$38.21**</del> <del>\$ 35.21**</del>
Colorado State Wildlife Area Pass - 1 day	<del>\$8.50*</del> <del>\$ 7.50*</del>
Youth (ages 16-17) annual Colorado State Wildlife Area Pass	<del>\$9.45*</del> <del>\$ 8.73*</del>
Senior (ages 65 and older) annual Colorado State Wildlife Area Pass	<del>\$9.45*</del> <del>\$ 8.73*</del>
Low-income annual Colorado State Wildlife Area Pass	<del>\$9.45*</del> <del>\$ 8.73*</del>

\*Plus a surcharge of \$1.50 for the wildlife management public education fund.

\*\*Plus a surcharge of \$1.50 for the wildlife management public education fund and a fee of ~~\$40.40~~ \$11.50 for a Colorado wildlife habitat stamp.

In order to qualify for an annual low-income Colorado State Wildlife Area Pass an individual must show a photo identification card and:

~~, an individual must show photo identification and p~~Provide written proof, in the form of a federal or state income tax return from the immediately preceding calendar year, that the federal taxable income of such individual is at or below one hundred percent of the official poverty line for an individual or a family, as appropriate to the applicant, ~~defined by the federal office of management and budget based on federal bureau of the census data.~~ If said tax return is not available, a return for the year immediately preceding such year shall suffice. Or,

If ~~an individual's person's~~ income is at a level where such ~~person-individual~~ is not required to file an income tax return, such individual shall sign a statement under penalty of perjury in the second degree to such effect. No such affidavit shall be required to be notarized. Or,

A Colorado resident may provide documentation in the form of a card or other verifiable written materials that the resident is currently enrolled in any one of the following programs: TANF (Temporary Assistance to Needy Families), WIC (Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants and Children), Health First Colorado (Colorado's Medicaid program), SNAP (Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program), FDPIR (Food Distribution Program on Indian Reservations), or LEAP (Low-income Energy Assistance Program).

The federal taxable income ~~of such individual~~ amounts, based on the number of dependents, cannot be greater than the applicable guideline set forth in the Annual Update of the HHS Poverty Guidelines, ~~86-87~~ Fed. Reg. ~~7732-043315~~ (February 1, 2024/January 21, 2022) issued by the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Office of the Assistant Secretary for Planning and Evaluation, Room ~~422F-5404E~~, Humphrey Building, Department of Health and Human Services, Washington, DC 20201. This federal guideline, but not later amendments to or editions thereof, has been incorporated by reference. Information regarding how and where the incorporated materials may be examined, or copies obtained, is available from:

Regulations Manager  
Policy and Planning Unit  
Colorado Division of Parks and Wildlife  
6060 Broadway  
Denver, Colorado 80216

**MAILING 11/04/2022**  
**Basis and Purpose**  
**Chapter W-0 - General Provisions**

**Basis and Purpose:**

**Adjusting license fees according to adjustments to the Denver-Aurora-Lakewood Consumer Price Index**

Following the passage of the Hunting, Fishing, and Parks for Future Generations Act (SB 18-143), the Colorado Parks and Wildlife Commission has the authority to adjust most wildlife licenses annually with the Consumer Price Index (CPI).

Consumer Price Indices for the Denver-Aurora-Lakewood metropolitan statistical area (successor to the Denver-Boulder-Greeley statistical area) are compiled by the United States Bureau of Labor Statistics. CPI figures are reported bimonthly, in addition to the average CPI for the first half of the calendar year, the average CPI for the second half of the calendar year, and the average CPI for the entire calendar year. The chart below shows the average CPI for the first half of each year.

<b>Consumer Price Index - All Urban Consumers</b>	
Denver-Aurora-Lakewood Metropolitan Area	
First Half 2018	260.790
First Half 2019	264.147
First Half 2020	271.264
First Half 2021	276.290
First Half 2022	300.002
Annual Percentage Change (2022 Base Year)	8.6%
Cumulative Percentage Change (Rounded) (2018 Base Year)	15.0%

The CPI calculation above yields the following fees as adjusted in regulation. The fees shown in the blue highlighted columns are the statutory caps for each license fee. The Parks and Wildlife Commission may reduce these as appropriate through the rule-making process.

License Type	Residency	2022	2022	2022	2023	2023	2023
		CPI Adjusted Statutory Lid**	With annual increase in CPI only	Actual Price*	CPI Adjusted Statutory Lid**	With annual increase in CPI only	Actual Price*
3-year possession/hunting raptor license	Resident	\$158.92	\$158.92	\$158.92	\$172.55	\$172.55	\$172.55
Annual possession/hunting raptor license	Nonresident	\$84.75	\$84.75	\$84.75	\$92.03	\$92.03	\$92.03
Peregrine falcon capture license	Resident	\$317.83	\$317.83	\$317.83	\$345.11	\$345.11	\$345.11
Extra rod stamp	Resident	\$9.53	\$9.53	\$9.53	\$10.35	\$10.35	\$10.35
Extra rod stamp	Nonresident	\$9.53	\$9.53	\$9.53	\$10.35	\$10.35	\$10.35
Fishing - 1 day	Resident	\$12.71	\$12.71	\$12.71	\$13.80	\$13.80	\$13.80
Fishing - 1 day	Nonresident	\$15.89	\$15.89	\$15.89	\$17.26	\$17.26	\$17.26
Fishing - additional day	Resident	\$5.30	\$5.30	\$5.30	\$5.75	\$5.75	\$5.75
Fishing - additional day	Nonresident	\$5.30	\$5.30	\$5.30	\$5.75	\$5.75	\$5.75
Fishing - 5 day	Nonresident	\$31.78	\$31.78	\$31.78	\$34.51	\$34.51	\$34.51
Fishing- annual	Resident	\$34.96	\$34.96	\$34.96	\$37.96	\$37.96	\$37.96
Fishing - annual	Nonresident	\$100.65	\$100.65	\$100.65	\$109.28	\$109.28	\$109.28
Youth (ages 16-17) annual fishing	Resident	\$8.48	\$8.48	\$8.48	\$9.20	\$9.20	\$9.20
Senior annual fishing	Resident	\$8.48	\$8.48	\$8.48	\$9.20	\$9.20	\$9.20
Small game hunting	Resident	\$29.66	\$29.66	\$29.66	\$32.21	\$32.21	\$32.21

License Type	Residency	2022	2022	2022	2023	2023	2023
Senior lifetime fishing upgrade to annual combination fishing and small game hunting <sup>^</sup>	Resident	-	\$20.81	\$20.81	-	\$22.59	\$22.59
Small game	Nonresident	\$84.75	\$84.75	\$84.75	\$92.03	\$92.03	\$92.03
Small game - 1 day	Resident	\$12.71	\$12.71	\$12.71	\$13.80	\$13.80	\$13.80
Small game - 1 day	Nonresident	\$15.89	\$15.89	\$15.89	\$17.26	\$17.26	\$17.26
Small game - additional day	Resident	\$5.30	\$5.30	\$5.30	\$5.75	\$5.75	\$5.75
Small game - additional day	Nonresident	\$5.30	\$5.30	\$5.30	\$5.75	\$5.75	\$5.75
Furbearer license	Resident	\$29.66	\$29.66	\$29.66	\$32.21	\$32.21	\$32.21
Furbearer license	Nonresident	\$264.86	\$84.75	\$84.75	\$287.59	\$92.03	\$92.03
Turkey, fall	Resident	\$24.37	\$24.37	\$24.37	\$26.46	\$26.46	\$26.46
Turkey, fall	Nonresident	\$158.92	\$158.92	\$158.92	\$172.55	\$172.55	\$172.55
Turkey, spring	Resident	\$29.66	\$29.66	\$29.66	\$32.21	\$32.21	\$32.21
Turkey, spring	Nonresident	\$158.92	\$158.92	\$158.92	\$172.55	\$172.55	\$172.55
Turkey (youth)	Resident	\$14.83	\$14.83	\$14.83	\$16.11	\$16.11	\$16.11
Turkey (youth)	Nonresident	\$105.94	\$105.94	\$105.94	\$115.04	\$115.04	\$115.04
Combination fishing and small game hunting	Resident	\$50.85	\$50.85	\$50.85	\$55.22	\$55.22	\$55.22
Senior (ages 65 and older) combination fishing and small game hunting	Resident	-	\$29.29	\$29.28	-	\$31.79	\$31.79
Pronghorn	Resident	\$40.26	\$40.26	\$40.26	\$43.71	\$43.71	\$43.71
Pronghorn	Nonresident	\$418.48	\$418.48	\$418.48	\$454.39	\$454.39	\$454.39
Bear, fall	Resident	\$50.85	\$38.70	\$38.70	\$55.22	\$42.03	\$42.03
Bear, fall	Nonresident	\$699.23	\$101.85	\$101.85	\$759.24	\$110.59	\$110.59
Bear (youth)	Resident	-	\$14.26	\$14.26	-	\$15.48	\$15.48
Bear (youth)	Nonresident	-	\$50.93	\$50.93	-	\$55.30	\$55.30
Deer	Resident	\$40.26	\$40.26	\$40.26	\$43.71	\$43.71	\$43.71
Deer	Nonresident	\$418.48	\$418.48	\$418.48	\$454.39	\$454.39	\$454.39
Elk	Resident	\$56.15	\$56.15	\$56.15	\$60.97	\$60.97	\$60.97
Elk (either sex)	Nonresident	\$699.23	\$699.23	\$699.23	\$759.24	\$759.24	\$759.24
Elk (antlerless)	Nonresident	\$699.23	\$524.42	\$524.42	\$759.24	\$569.43	\$759.24
Mountain goat	Resident	\$317.83	\$317.83	\$317.83	\$345.11	\$345.11	\$345.11
Mountain goat	Nonresident	\$2,341.35	\$2,341.35	\$2,341.35	\$2,542.29	\$2,542.29	\$2,542.29
Moose	Resident	\$317.83	\$317.83	\$317.83	\$345.11	\$345.11	\$345.11
Moose	Nonresident	\$2,341.35	\$2,341.35	\$2,341.35	\$2,542.29	\$2,542.29	\$2,542.29
Mountain lion	Resident	\$50.85	\$50.85	\$50.85	\$55.22	\$55.22	\$55.22
Mountain lion	Nonresident	\$699.23	\$356.48	\$356.48	\$759.24	\$387.08	\$387.08
Rocky mountain bighorn sheep	Resident	\$317.83	\$317.83	\$317.83	\$345.11	\$345.11	\$345.11
Rocky mountain bighorn sheep	Nonresident	\$2,341.35	\$2,341.35	\$2,341.35	\$2,542.29	\$2,542.29	\$2,542.29
Desert bighorn sheep	Resident	\$317.83	\$317.83	\$317.83	\$345.11	\$345.11	\$345.11
Desert bighorn sheep	Nonresident	\$2,341.35	\$2,341.35	\$2,341.35	\$2,542.29	\$2,542.29	\$2,542.29
Resident low-income senior lifetime fishing	Resident	\$8.48	\$8.25	\$8.25	\$9.20	\$8.96	\$8.96
Youth big game (deer, elk, pronghorn)***	Resident	\$14.57	\$14.57	\$14.57	\$15.82	\$15.82	\$15.82
Youth big game (deer, elk, pronghorn)***	Nonresident	\$105.68	\$105.68	\$105.68	\$114.75	\$114.75	\$114.75
Youth small game hunting***	Resident	\$1.06	\$1.06	\$1.06	\$1.15	\$1.15	\$1.15
Youth small game hunting***	Nonresident	\$1.06	\$1.06	\$1.06	\$1.15	\$1.15	\$1.15
Colorado wildlife habitat stamp, purchased in conjunction with the purchase of a hunting or fishing license	Resident	\$10.59	\$10.59	\$10.59	\$11.50	\$11.50	\$11.50

License Type	Residency	2022	2022	2022	2023	2023	2023
Colorado wildlife habitat stamp, purchased in conjunction with the purchase of a hunting or fishing license	Nonresident	\$10.59	\$10.59	\$10.59	\$11.50	\$11.50	\$11.50
"Lifetime" Colorado wildlife habitat stamp	Resident	\$317.83	\$317.83	\$317.83	\$345.11	\$345.11	\$345.11
"Lifetime" Colorado wildlife habitat stamp	Nonresident	\$317.83	\$317.83	\$317.83	\$345.11	\$345.11	\$345.11

\*excludes additional surcharges and fees

\*\*2018 base year

\*\*\*Plus \$0.25 for S&R which is built into the statutory fee and for which CPI adjustments should not be made.

License Type	Residency	2022	2022	2023	2023
		CPI Adjusted Statutory Lid	Actual Price*	CPI Adjusted Statutory Lid	Actual Price*
Scientific collecting license	N/A	\$29.66	\$29.66	\$32.21	\$32.21
Importation license	N/A	\$79.46	\$79.46	\$86.28	\$86.28
Field trial license	N/A	\$24.37	\$24.37	\$26.46	\$26.46
Commercial lake license	N/A	\$211.89	\$211.89	\$230.07	\$230.07
Private lake license	N/A	\$14.83	\$14.83	\$16.11	\$16.11
Commercial wildlife park license	N/A	\$158.92	\$158.92	\$172.55	\$172.55
Noncommercial park license	N/A	\$29.66	\$29.66	\$32.21	\$32.21
Wildlife sanctuary license	N/A	\$158.92	\$158.92	\$172.55	\$172.55
Zoological park license	N/A	\$158.92	\$158.92	\$172.55	\$172.55

\*excludes additional surcharges and fees

\*\*2018 base year

License Type	Residency	2022	2022	2023	2023
		CPI Adjusted Statutory Lid	Actual Price*	CPI Adjusted Statutory Lid	Actual Price*
Migratory waterfowl stamp	N/A	\$10.59	\$10.59	\$11.50	\$11.50

\*excludes additional surcharges and fees

\*\*2018 base year

License Type	Residency	2022	2022	2022	2023	2023	2023
		CPI Adjusted Statutory Lid	With annual increase in CPI	Actual Price*	CPI Adjusted Statutory Lid	With annual increase in CPI	Actual Price*
Non-refundable application-processing fee	Resident	\$7.42	\$7.13	\$7.13	\$8.05	\$7.26	\$8.00
Non-refundable application-processing fee	Nonresident	\$9.53	\$9.17	\$9.17	\$10.35	\$9.34	\$10.00

\*excludes additional surcharges and fees

\*\*2018 base year

Colorado State Wildlife Area Passes	Residency	2022	2022	2023	2023
		CPI Adjusted Statutory Lid	Actual Price*	CPI Adjusted Statutory Lid	Proposed Price*
Colorado State Wildlife Area Pass - annual	N/A	-	\$35.21	-	\$38.21

		2022 CPI Adjusted Statutory Lid	2022 Actual Price*	2023 CPI Adjusted Statutory Lid	2023 Proposed Price*
Colorado State Wildlife Area Pass - 1 day	N/A	-	\$7.50	-	\$8.50
Youth (ages 16-17) annual Colorado State Wildlife Area Pass	N/A	-	\$8.73	-	\$9.45
Senior (ages 65 and older) annual Colorado State Wildlife Area Pass	N/A	-	\$8.73	-	\$9.45
Low-income annual Colorado State Wildlife Area Pass	N/A	-	\$8.73	-	\$9.45

\*excludes additional surcharges and fees

### **Revising a Unit S16 boundary name**

One of the boundaries for Unit S16 has been updated to Grizzly Creek following the renaming of the creek by the U.S Board on Geologic Names.

### **Modification to the Low-income annual Colorado State Wildlife Area pass**

CPW offers the Low-income annual Colorado State Wildlife Area pass to income eligible individuals. To qualify previously, individuals were required to have an income at or below the federal poverty guidelines and provide a federal or state tax return as documentation, or a signed affidavit stating that their income was at a level that did not require them to file taxes. To better serve income eligible individuals, the program has been expanded to Colorado residents who are enrolled in any one of several specified programs for low-income households.

The statements of basis and purpose for these regulations can be obtained from the Colorado Division of Parks and Wildlife, Office of the Regulations Manager by emailing [dnr\\_cpw\\_planning@state.co.us](mailto:dnr_cpw_planning@state.co.us) or by visiting the Division of Parks and Wildlife headquarters at 6060 Broadway, Denver, CO, 80216.

**The statutory authority for these regulations includes, but is not limited to:**

- § 24-4-103, C.R.S.
- § 33-1-105(1)(c), C.R.S. (Commission has the power to “Construct or otherwise establish public facilities and conveniences at any site or on any land in which the commission holds an interest ... and, when appropriate, make reasonable fees or charges for their use....”).
- §§ 33-1-101 to 33-6-209, C.R.S., particularly §§ 33-1-105, -106, -107, and 33-4-102, C.R.S.
- § 33-9-102, C.R.S.

**EFFECTIVE DATE - THESE REGULATIONS SHALL BECOME EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2023, AND SHALL REMAIN IN FULL FORCE AND EFFECT UNTIL REPEALED, AMENDED, OR SUPERSEDED.**

**APPROVED AND ADOPTED BY THE PARKS AND WILDLIFE COMMISSION OF THE STATE OF COLORADO ON THIS 17TH DAY OF NOVEMBER 2022.**

**APPROVED:  
Carrie Besnette Hauser  
Chair**

**ATTEST:  
Marie Haskett**

**Secretary**

## FINAL REGULATIONS - CHAPTER W-2 - BIG GAME

## ARTICLE I - GENERAL PROVISIONS

## #201 - LICENSE FEES

## A. Big Game License Fees

## 1. License Fee Reduction:

In accordance with the provisions of §33-4-102, C.R.S., the following big game license fees shall be reduced to the fee specified herein, from the level set forth in §33-4-102, C.R.S.:

License Type	<del>2021-2022</del> License Fee	<del>2022-2023</del> License Fee
Resident Bear	<del>\$38.70</del> \$38.00	<del>\$38.70</del> \$42.03
Nonresident Bear	<del>\$101.85</del> \$100.00	<del>\$101.85</del> \$110.59
Resident Bear (Youth)	<del>\$14.26</del> \$14.00	<del>\$14.26</del> \$15.48
Nonresident Bear (Youth)	<del>\$50.93</del> \$50.00	<del>\$50.93</del> \$55.30
Nonresident Mountain Lion	<del>\$356.48</del> \$350.00	<del>\$356.48</del> \$387.08
<del>Nonresident Antlerless Elk</del>	<del>\$514.88*</del>	<del>\$524.42*</del>
<del>*Nonresident Antlerless Elk license fee is set at 75% of the Nonresident Elk license fee.</del>		

## #206 - APPLICATIONS AND DRAWINGS FOR LIMITED LICENSES

A. Exceeding of Quota: The Division shall only exceed the number of licenses authorized by the Commission:

1. If there is proof of Division error in the application for or issuance of a limited license, provided that the director or his designee determines there will be no detrimental impact to the subject wildlife population.
2. To issue licenses to hunters with mobility impairments or United States Armed Services Wounded Warrior hunters, who qualify for such licenses in accordance with regulation #206(B)(4)(e) or #206(B)(4)(f), provided there is no detrimental impact to the established herd population and sex ratio objectives. For each of these two programs:
  - no more than 100 limited antlerless deer, 100 limited doe pronghorn, and 200 limited antlerless elk licenses may be issued each year.
  - no more than 100 total antlered or either-sex licenses for deer or elk and buck pronghorn licenses in the aggregate may be issued each year.

Provided further, that limited license numbers for wildlife ranching properties cannot exceed the levels established by the Division and the landowner on the Ranching for Wildlife Seasons Form.

B. Application and Drawing Provisions and Restrictions:

1. General Provisions and Restrictions



- a. Number of Applications: No person may submit more than one application per year for the regular drawing process for a limited license for any big game species, or more than one application per year for a leftover limited license draw for any species.
- b. Additional Choice Applications: Any additional choice on any application must be for the same species as the first choice.
- c. Valid Applications: Only complete and correct application forms will be accepted. Any forms involved in a violation of (a) or (b) above will be considered to be incorrect. Any incorrect application by one member of a group will invalidate the entire application.
- d. To be eligible for any big game license draw an individual must have first purchased either a veterans lifetime resident combination license, a first responder lifetime resident combination license, an annual small game license, an annual small game/fishing combination license, an annual senior small game/fishing combination license, a senior lifetime fishing upgrade to an annual combination small game/fishing combination license, or an annual spring turkey license valid for the same license year as the big game license for which they are applying. Individuals that do not hold one of these qualifying licenses may not apply.
  - 1. To be eligible for the Secondary Draw, an individual must have first purchased either an annual fall turkey license valid for the same license year as the big game license for which they are applying or any one of the licenses listed in #206.B.1.d. valid for the same license year as the big game license for which they are applying. Individuals that do not hold one of these qualifying licenses may not apply for the Secondary Draw.
- e. Group Applications: Group applications are accepted for the regular drawing for all species except moose and desert bighorn sheep, with no limit on the number of applicants per group except as follows:
 

Bighorn Sheep	2 applicant maximum
Mountain Goat	2 applicant maximum

Provided further that residents and nonresidents may not apply for the sheep or mountain goat on same group application.
- f. Ranching for Wildlife: Non-residents are not eligible to apply for public Ranching for Wildlife licenses for any big game species.
- g. Bighorn Sheep Access Program: Non-residents are not eligible to apply for public Bighorn Sheep Access Program licenses.

2. Restrictions by Species

- a. Bighorn Sheep: Any person who harvests a Rocky Mountain bighorn sheep ram, one-half (½) curl or larger, except one taken on a Division auction or raffle license or a license issued in accordance with regulation #271 or #272, shall not be eligible to apply for, or participate in the drawing for a Rocky Mountain bighorn sheep ram license for the five years following the year in which the harvest occurred. During this five-year period a person may apply for a ewe license, but

if unsuccessful will not receive preference points or chances. Any person who harvests a desert bighorn sheep, shall never again be eligible to apply for or participate in a desert bighorn sheep license drawing.

- b. Mountain Goat: Any person who harvests a mountain goat, except one taken on an auction or raffle license, a special goat management license, or a license issued in accordance with regulation #271 or #272, shall not be eligible to apply for or participate in the drawing for a mountain goat license for the five years following the year in which the harvest occurred.
- c. Moose: Any person who harvests an antlered moose, except one taken on an auction or raffle license, or a license issued in accordance with regulation #271 or #272 shall never again be eligible to apply for or participate in an antlered or either-sex moose license drawing.

### 3. Application Submittal

- a. Applications for limited licenses will be accepted only by methods (on-line or by phone) provided by the Division.
- b. Application submittal shall include a ~~\$7.13~~ non-refundable application fee for residents and ~~a \$9.17 non-refundable application fee for nonresidents~~ in accordance to the fee structure in Chapter W-0 Appendix F.
- c. Applications for the regular drawing must be submitted appropriately no later than 8:00 PM Mountain Time on the first Tuesday in April. Applications not submitted by this deadline are void.

### 4. Preference Systems

Note: see also §33-4-103, C.R.S.

- a. Landowner Preference: General Provisions
  - 1. Preference for hunting licenses under the Landowner Preference Program shall only be given to eligible landowners who apply using the Landowner registration form(s) provided by the division. Only complete and correct registration forms will be accepted. Except for the carryover registration provided in § 33-4-103(2)(c), C.R.S., registration in the Landowner Preference Program is valid for 5 years. All landowners shall re-register their properties every 5 years (or on or before July 1, 2016 for carryover registrations) to continue participation, if desired, in the Landowner Preference Program.
  - 2. As a condition of registration and participation in the Landowner Preference Program, landowners shall provide and maintain accurate ownership information with the division for all lands registered in the Program. During the statutory period of carryover registration provided in §33-4-103(2)(c), C.R.S., and any five-year registration period, landowners shall notify the division of any changes to required registration information in writing within 30 days.
  - 3. Landowner preference is species specific and available only in units that are totally limited for all rifle licenses for deer, elk or pronghorn and vouchers will be allocated to eligible landowners by unit, species, sex

and season. In units where vouchers remain after the initial allocation, eligible landowners may apply for the unused vouchers and shall pay \$25 for each reallocated female (antlerless/doe) and \$40 for each either-sex or male (antlered/buck) voucher. Unsuccessful applicants will receive a refund check.

4. Vouchers not otherwise allocated to landowners as part of the Landowner Preference Program shall be made available as licenses to the general public in the remaining limited licenses draws or sales.
5. All landowners and hunters participating in the Landowner Preference Program shall file reports using the forms provided by the division. Reports must be complete and correct, and submitted to the Division by within 30 days after the close of the season.
6. Landowners and their registered properties may be audited for compliance with eligibility requirements of the Landowner Preference Program during any carryover or 5-year registration period. Notice of any noncompliance will be provided in writing to the landowner and the landowner shall have 30 days to resolve the noncompliance or withdraw the property from the Landowner Preference Program.

b. Landowner Preference: Voucher Requirements and Restrictions

1. Vouchers shall only be transferred by the landowner or the landowner's land manager, if any, directly to an individual to be used by that individual for the purchase of a license. Landowners may only designate one land manager for all lands registered in the Landowner Preference Program in any one unit.
2. The transfer of any voucher must include permission to access and hunt all lands in the unit registered in the Landowner Preference Program for the entire season for which the voucher was awarded. Such access shall be allowed without discrimination between hunters accessing the property, and without restriction other than manner of access restrictions (foot, horseback, vehicular) that are reasonably necessary to prevent damage to property.
3. The transfer of a voucher by any person other than the landowner or the landowner's land manager to any person other than an individual for purchase of a license is prohibited. Violation of this prohibition shall void the voucher and any license purchased with it.
4. No person shall broker a voucher on behalf of any landowner or person, or use or possess any brokered voucher. Violation of this prohibition shall void the voucher and any license purchased with it.

c. Landowner Preference: Disqualification

1. Landowners, or the landowner's land manager, who fail to comply with any requirements of the Landowner Preference Program, may be disqualified from participation in the Program from one to five years. Disqualification of a joint or co-owner of property registered with the Landowner Preference Program shall disqualify all other joint or co-owners of the registered properties from participation in the Program.

2. Disqualification of a landowner from the Landowner Preference Program shall invalidate all preference points associated with property registered by the landowner in the Program.
  3. Any landowner, or the landowner's land manager, that has been disqualified from the Landowner Preference Program shall not register properties, apply for vouchers or acquire or use any vouchers during the term of disqualification. Landowners that have been disqualified from participation in the Landowner Preference Program shall be required to re-register at the end of their period of disqualification and prior to further participation, if desired, in the Program.
  4. Any other person that fails to comply with any requirements of the Landowner Preference Program may also be disqualified from participation in the Landowner Preference Program from one to five years. Any person disqualified shall not participate in the Landowner Preference Program in any manner, including, but not limited to, as a landowner, as a landowner's land manager, enrolling properties in any name, submitting applications for vouchers, receiving vouchers, transferring vouchers, redeeming vouchers or using licenses obtained with vouchers.
  5. Any person convicted of a violation of the Landowner Preference Program will be given notice in writing of their possible disqualification from the Landowner Preference Program and the opportunity to appear and show cause why they should not be disqualified from participation in the Program. Any such disqualification hearing shall be held in the Denver office of the division, or at another location acceptable to the division. Notice of any resulting disqualification shall be sent to the person by certified mail, return receipt requested.
- d. Youth Preference - a minimum of 15 percent of the number of the limited doe pronghorn licenses, limited either-sex and antlerless deer licenses and limited antlerless elk licenses established for each GMU shall be made available for purchase by qualified youth applicants. Licenses shall be available through application and computer selection from the Division headquarters, 6060 Broadway, Denver, CO 80216. Licenses not allocated to youth shall be made available to the general public in the remaining drawings.
1. Any eligible hunter, ages 12-17 is entitled to youth hunt preference for all seasons and methods of take for the license types listed in the preceding paragraph, except that public, non-youth only Ranching for Wildlife and Air Force Academy licenses shall not be included in this preference. The applicant must submit an individual application for the desired, eligible license on forms provided by the Division. Group applications will not be accepted for youth preference. Where more than one (1) hunt code choice is shown on the application, all hunt codes must be youth preference-eligible hunt codes or youth-only hunt codes.
  2. Youth preference will be set at 50% for all antlerless deer licenses in GMUs 54, 55, 66, 67, and 551.
- e. Youth Outreach Hunting Licenses – The Director may make additional youth outreach program deer, elk and pronghorn licenses available to qualified organizations sponsoring youth hunting activities.

1. There will be no more than 300 elk licenses (50 antlered or either-sex, 250 antlerless), no more than 200 deer licenses (50 antlered or either-sex, 150 antlerless) and no more than 200 pronghorn licenses (30 buck or either-sex, 170 doe) issued annually under this subsection.
  2. Licenses in game management units with at least one hunt code requiring 6 or more resident preference points to draw, excluding Ranching for Wildlife properties, will not be authorized for use under this subsection unless the request is for a hunt exclusively on private land.
  3. Licenses are issued on a first come, first served basis to qualified organizations. No more than 10 licenses may be issued per event to any single requesting organization.
  4. Requested dates for hunting events must occur between August 15 and January 31 each year.
  5. Organizations who wish to request a Youth Outreach license must submit the request in writing to Colorado Parks and Wildlife, State Hunter Outreach Coordinator, 6060 Broadway, Denver, Colorado 80216 no later than 60 days prior to the planned hunting event.
  6. Licenses are limited to youth hunters 12 to 17 years of age.
- f. Novice Adult Outreach Hunting Licenses – The Director may make additional novice adult outreach program deer, elk and pronghorn licenses available to qualified organizations sponsoring novice adult hunting activities.
1. For the purpose of these regulations a novice adult hunter is defined as a Colorado resident 18 years of age or older, who has either: no big game license purchase history, only held a big game hunting license(s) in the previous year, or has no big game license purchase history in the previous five years.
  2. There will be no more than 300 elk licenses (50 antlered or either-sex, 250 antlerless), no more than 200 deer licenses (50 antlered or either-sex, 150 antlerless) and no more than 200 pronghorn licenses (30 buck or either-sex, 170 doe) issued annually under this subsection.
  3. Licenses in game management units with at least one hunt code requiring 6 or more resident preference points to draw, excluding Ranching for Wildlife properties, will not be authorized for use under this subsection unless the request is for a hunt exclusively on private land.
  4. Licenses are issued on a first come, first served basis to qualified organizations. No more than 10 licenses may be issued per event to any single requesting organization.
  5. Requested dates for hunting events must occur between August 15 and January 31 each year.
  6. Organizations who wish to request a Novice Adult Hunter Outreach license must submit the request in writing to Colorado Parks and Wildlife, State Hunter Outreach Coordinator, 6060 Broadway, Denver, Colorado 80216 no later than 60 days prior to the planned hunting event.

- g. Hunting Licenses for Hunters with Mobility Impairments - The Director may make certain deer, elk, and pronghorn licenses available to qualified hunters with mobility impairments.
1. Applicants for hunting licenses for hunters with mobility impairments must have a mobility impairment resulting from permanent medical conditions, which makes it physically impossible for them to hunt without the assistance of an attendant. Evidence of an impossibility to participate in the hunt without the assistance of an attendant may include, but is not limited to, prescribed use of a wheel chair; shoulder or arm crutches; walker; two canes; or other prescribed medical devices or equipment.
  2. Applications for antlerless deer and elk and doe pronghorn licenses for hunters with mobility impairments shall be made on the form available from, and submitted with the applicable license fee to, the Division, Limited License Office, 6060 Broadway, Denver, Colorado, 80216. Applications for antlered deer and elk and pronghorn buck licenses for hunters with mobility impairments shall be made on the form available from, and submitted with the applicable license fee to, the applicable Division regional service center. Hunters may apply from the Monday after the May Commission meeting through the last day of the rifle seasons.
  3. Applications for hunting licenses for hunters with mobility impairments shall contain a statement from a licensed medical doctor or a certified physical, occupational, or recreational therapist describing the applicant's mobility impairment and the permanent medical condition which makes it impossible for the applicant to hunt without the assistance of an attendant. Additional documentation may be required if necessary to establish the applicant's eligibility for a hunting license for hunters with mobility impairments. For the 2001 seasons and thereafter, once certified by the Division as mobility-impaired according to these regulations, applicants will not be required to submit the medical statement.
  4. Antlerless deer and elk and doe pronghorn licenses will be available in all game management units with a total allocation of more than 100 antlerless deer or 100 antlerless elk or 50 doe pronghorn during the rifle seasons described in #250, #257, and #262 of these regulations. For any one game management unit no more than 10 licenses or 2 percent of the total number of limited antlerless deer or elk or doe pronghorn licenses for the game management unit, whichever number is greater, shall be issued as hunting licenses for hunters with mobility impairments for the species in question.
  5. Antlered or either-sex licenses for deer or elk and buck pronghorn licenses will be private land only licenses and will be available for hunt codes requiring four or fewer resident preference points to draw in the previous year in all game management units with a total allocation of more than 100 antlered or either-sex deer, 100 antlered or either-sex elk, or 50 buck pronghorn during the rifle seasons described in #250, #257 and #262 of these regulations. For any one game management unit no more than 5 licenses or 2 percent of the total number of limited antlered, either-sex or buck licenses for the game management unit, whichever is

greater, shall be issued as hunting licenses for hunters with mobility impairments for the species in question.

6. Antlered or either-sex licenses for deer or elk and buck pronghorn licenses will be approved by the applicable Regional Manager on a case-by-case basis for hunters who qualify as mobility-impaired in instances where an organization assisting hunters with mobility impairments has coordinated a hunting opportunity specifically for this program and where all other avenues of obtaining a license have been exhausted.
  7. Hunting licenses for hunters with mobility impairments will be valid only for the season dates and any units included in the authorized hunt code. Licenses for hunters with mobility impairments may not be issued for Ranching for Wildlife properties unless otherwise provided in the ranch contract.
- h. Wounded Warrior Hunting Licenses - The Director may make certain deer, elk, and pronghorn licenses available to qualified participants in any United States Armed Services Wounded Warrior programs.
1. Applicants must be members of the United States Armed Forces, who are residents of, or stationed in, Colorado returning from post-September 11, 2001 overseas contingency operations who have been so severely injured during combat, including combat-related support activities, that they will require years of intense, ongoing care or assistance. Additionally, applicants must be members of a United States Armed Services Wounded Warrior program, as defined in 33-4-102(1.9) C.R.S., and must be assigned to a military medical treatment facility at the time of application for this program.
  2. Applications shall contain a statement from a licensed medical doctor certifying the applicant's eligibility under the criteria in 1 above. Additional documentation may be required if necessary to establish the applicant's eligibility under this program.
  3. Applications for antlerless deer and elk and doe pronghorn licenses shall be made on the form available from the Division, Limited License Office, 6060 Broadway, Denver, Colorado. Applications for antlered deer and elk and pronghorn buck licenses shall be made on the form available from the applicable Division regional service center. Hunters may apply from the Monday after the May Commission meeting through the last day of the rifle seasons. Licenses issued under this program shall be issued as free licenses.
  4. Antlerless deer and elk and doe pronghorn licenses will be available in all game management units with a total allocation of more than 100 antlerless deer or 100 antlerless elk or 50 doe pronghorn during the rifle seasons described in 250, 257, and 262 of these regulations. Licenses issued for military installations will be exempted from these minimum license requirements. Wounded Warrior licenses issued for military installation property will be approved by the applicable Regional Manager. For any one game management unit no more than 10 licenses or 2 percent of the total number of limited antlerless deer or elk or doe pronghorn licenses for the game management unit, whichever number is greater, shall be issued as Wounded Warrior hunting licenses for the species in question.

5. Antlered or either-sex licenses for deer or elk and buck pronghorn licenses will be private land only licenses and will be available for hunt codes requiring four or fewer resident preference points to draw in the previous year in all game management units with a total allocation of more than 100 antlered or either-sex deer, 100 antlered or either-sex elk, or 50 buck pronghorn during the rifle seasons described in #250, #257 and #262 of these regulations. Licenses issued for military installations will be exempted from these preference point and minimum license requirements. Wounded Warrior licenses issued for military installation property will be approved by the applicable Regional Manager. For any one game management unit no more than 5 licenses or 2 percent of the total number of limited antlered, either-sex or buck licenses for the game management unit, whichever is greater, shall be issued as Wounded Warrior hunting licenses for the species in question.
  6. Antlered or either-sex licenses for deer or elk and buck pronghorn licenses will be approved by the applicable Regional Manager on a case-by-case basis for hunters who qualify under this program in instances where an organization assisting Wounded Warrior hunters has coordinated a hunting opportunity specifically for this program and where all other avenues of obtaining a license have been exhausted.
  7. Wounded Warrior hunting licenses will be valid only for the season dates and any units included in the authorized hunt code. Wounded Warrior hunting licenses may not be issued for Ranching for Wildlife properties unless otherwise provided in the ranch contract.
- i. Dream Hunt Hunting Licenses – The Director may make available additional deer, elk, pronghorn, mountain lion and black bear licenses to individuals qualified under this subsection.
1. Applicants for Dream Hunt licenses must be at least 12 and under 22 years of age, and must have a terminal illness or a life-threatening disease or injury.
  2. A request for a Dream Hunt license must be made, in writing, by a sponsoring organization, documenting the individual's life-threatening or terminal condition, desired, hunt experience, desired location, time frame and logistical considerations. Requests should be sent to the Division of Parks and Wildlife, Hunter Outreach Coordinator, 6060 Broadway, Denver, Colorado 80216.
  3. Requested dates for hunting events must occur between August 15 and January 31 each year, with preferred dates occurring during an existing season for the requested species. However, alternate dates may be approved by the Director on a case-by-case basis as an applicant's condition requires.
  4. Written landowner permission must be obtained prior to issuance of a license under this subsection if the individual will be hunting on private land.
- j. Preference Points and Chances



1. Preference will be given for qualifying applications for first choice hunt codes only and shall be subject to the following provisions:
  - a. Deer, Elk, Pronghorn, and Bear: one preference point will be awarded to each person who qualifies for and fails to draw a limited license for deer, elk, pronghorn, or bear as a first choice in the regular drawing or who applies using a first choice hunt code established for the purpose of accumulating a preference point only. Preference points will be used in future drawings for the same species and will accumulate until the applicant obtains a first choice license. When an applicant obtains a first choice license, all accumulated preference points for that species become void. If an applicant both fails to apply for a species and has not purchased a license for that same species during any given 10-year period, all accumulated preference points for that species become void. If an applicant accepts a first choice license that has been returned and reissued manually, all accumulated preference points for that species become void. No preference points are required for purchasing a returned license placed on the leftover list. In those hunt codes requiring 10 or more resident preference points to draw, up to 20 percent of available licenses for deer, elk, pronghorn and bear shall be issued through a random drawing. The number of preference points required to draw shall be determined by a three-year average for the 2007, 2008, and 2009 limited license draws. A minimum of five individual preference points is required for an applicant to participate in the random drawing. Group applications shall not be eligible to participate in the random drawing.
  - b. Rocky Mountain Bighorn Sheep, Mountain Goat, and Moose: One preference point will be awarded to each person who qualifies for and fails to draw a first choice license, until three preference points have been accumulated. Each time an applicant with three (3) points qualifies for and fails to draw a first choice license for rocky mountain bighorn sheep, mountain goat or moose the applicant will be awarded one (1) weighted preference point to be used in future drawings for that species. Applicants with at least three (3) preference points or any number of weighted preference points will be given weighted preference during the license drawings for each applicable species. Weighted preference is calculated by converting the applicant's original application number into a new random application number, then dividing that random application number by the number of weighted preference points the applicant currently has for that species plus one. The resulting number is the applicant's final and only application number. Final application numbers are sorted from lowest number to highest number, with licenses awarded to applicants starting on the top of the list (lowest number), working down the list until no licenses for that species remain. When an applicant obtains a first choice license, all accumulated preference points for that species become void. If an applicant both fails to apply for a species and has not purchased a license for that same species during any given 10-year period, all accumulated preference points for that species become void. If an applicant accepts a first choice license that has been returned and reissued, all accumulated preference points for that species become void.

- c. In addition to the ~~\$7.13~~ application fee, [found in Chapter W-0 Appendix F](#), a resident applicant who is unsuccessful on their first choice (except youth as defined by 33-4-117 C.R.S., lifetime license holders, and Colorado resident military personnel on active duty outside Colorado), or a resident who applies using a first choice hunt code established for the purpose of accumulating a preference point or weighted preference point only, for moose, Rocky Mountain bighorn sheep, or mountain goat will be assessed a \$50 fee to receive a preference point or weighted preference point. In addition to the ~~\$9.17~~ application fee, [found in Chapter W-0 Appendix F](#), a nonresident applicant who is unsuccessful on their first choice (except youth as defined by 33-4-117 C.R.S.), or a nonresident who applies using a first choice hunt code established for the purpose of accumulating a preference point or weighted preference point only, for moose, Rocky Mountain bighorn sheep, or mountain goat will be assessed a \$100 fee to receive a preference point or weighted preference point. The fee, per species, shall entitle the hunter to preference points or weighted preference points for any unsuccessful first choice moose, Rocky Mountain bighorn sheep, or mountain goat application in that year. If the applicant chooses to not pay the preference point fee, the applicant will not receive a preference point or weighted preference point for that application.
- d. Applications receiving preference points will be given priority over all applications with fewer points. Group applications will receive preference at the level of the group member with the fewest accumulated preference points, and, where applicable, the fewest accumulated chances, except that group applications will not be successful, regardless of preference point level or number of chances, when there are fewer licenses remaining in the hunt code quota than the number of applicants in the group.
- e. In lieu of applying through the regular limited license draw, any active duty member of the United States Armed Forces who is stationed at any military facility in Colorado and actively deployed outside the United States, or any active duty member of the United States Armed Forces who is a Colorado resident and is deployed outside the United States, shall, upon their return to the United States, be eligible to apply for preference points for any regular limited license draw that occurred during their absence. Applications for preference points shall be made on forms provided by the Division and filed within six months upon the member's return to the United States.

## 5. Drawing Processes

- a. Applications using landowner preference and youth preference shall be drawn, in that order, prior to drawing general public applications for the same species.
- b. Except as otherwise provided, applicants who applied properly for deer, elk, or pronghorn in the regular drawing and are unsuccessful will be given the option to apply for a leftover drawing.
- c. Unsuccessful applicants will be notified of their accumulated preference points on their on-line account.
- d. Nonresident hunter drawing limitations (first choice applications only)

1. Nonresidents hunters shall receive no more than 10% of available moose, bighorn sheep and mountain goat licenses for all hunt codes. In the event there are an insufficient number of nonresident applications for the allocated number of moose, bighorn sheep or mountain goat licenses in any hunt code, the excess nonresident licenses will be issued to residents through the regular drawing process. These drawing limitations do not apply to the issuance of Bighorn Sheep Access Program (BSAP) licenses.
  2. Unless there is an insufficient number of resident applications, nonresident hunters shall receive no more than 35% of available deer and elk licenses for hunt codes requiring fewer than six preference points for resident hunters to draw in the regular drawing, and no more than 20% of available deer and elk licenses for hunt codes requiring six or more preference points for resident hunters to draw in the regular drawing as calculated using a three-year average for the 2007, 2008, and 2009 limited license draws. These drawing limitations do not apply to the issuance of Private Land Only and Ranching for Wildlife licenses.
6. Secondary Draw, Leftover Licenses, Drawing Provisions and Restrictions
- a. Elk, deer, pronghorn and bear licenses which are not issued through the regular drawing will be issued through a secondary drawing process if the number of remaining licenses is sufficient to justify the administrative cost, except the following licenses will not be issued through a secondary drawing process:
    1. Any license that required five (5) or more resident preference points to draw as determined by the current year's limited license draw unless the license cannot be manually reissued to one of the first five (5) people on the regular draw list prior to the opening of the secondary drawing application period, and
    2. Public Ranching for Wildlife licenses.
  - b. Any eligible hunter, ages 12 – 17 shall receive preference for the secondary draw for elk, deer, pronghorn and bear licenses.
  - c. There is no landowner preference for the secondary draw.
  - d. Any active duty member of the United States Armed Forces stationed at any military facility in Colorado and actively deployed outside the United States, or any active duty member of the United States Armed Forces who is a Colorado resident and is deployed outside the United States, shall be allowed a preference for the purchase of leftover licenses prior to their sale to the general public.
  - e. Group applications are not accepted for the secondary draw.
  - f. Applicants for the secondary draw must apply on-line or over the phone following the regular drawing.
  - g. Secondary draw applications must be submitted no later than 8:00 PM Mountain Time the last business day in June. Applications not submitted by this deadline are void.

- h. Secondary draw applications not submitted by 8:00 PM Mountain Time the last business day in June will become void.
- i. Except for Ranching for Wildlife licenses, any licenses remaining after the secondary draw, will be placed on the leftover license list and will become available through the standard over-the-counter leftover process. For information regarding the availability of leftover Ranching for Wildlife licenses available on a first-come, first-served basis, please refer to the big game drawing brochure or call the Division at (303) 297-1192.

**Basis and Purpose:**

**Differential pricing for nonresident black bear, resident black bear, youth black bear nonresident mountain lion, and nonresident antlerless elk licenses**

Following the passage of the Hunting, Fishing, and Parks for Future Generations Act (SB 18-143), the Colorado Parks and Wildlife Commission has the authority to adjust most wildlife licenses annually with the Consumer Price Index (CPI). While most resident and nonresident wildlife license fees may now be adjusted based on CPI, differential pricing has been retained for nonresident black bear, resident black bear, youth black bear, and nonresident mountain lion licenses to continue incentivizing the purchase of these licenses. However, all of these licenses prices have increased in accordance with the CPI.

Differential pricing has been removed from the nonresident antlerless elk licenses as it is no longer needed. Over the past 18 years cow elk licenses have been reduced while the demand for those licenses has increased removing the need to incentivize purchase of unsold cow licenses. Removing this differential pricing also simplifies regulation as there is no other differential pricing for any other ungulates. In addition, the differential pricing no longer seems to be an incentive when combined with the overall costs for a non-resident elk hunt.

The statements of basis and purpose for these regulations can be obtained from the Colorado Division of Parks and Wildlife, Office of the Regulations Manager by emailing [dnr\\_cpw\\_planning@state.co.us](mailto:dnr_cpw_planning@state.co.us) or by visiting the Division of Parks and Wildlife headquarters at 6060 Broadway, Denver, CO, 80216.

**The primary statutory authority for these regulations can be found in § 24-4-103, C.R.S., and the state Wildlife Act, §§ 33-1-101 to 33-6-209, C.R.S., specifically including, but not limited to: §§ 33-1-106, C.R.S.**

**EFFECTIVE DATE – THE REGULATIONS HEREIN SHALL BECOME EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2023, AND SHALL REMAIN IN FULL FORCE AND EFFECT UNTIL REPEALED, AMENDED, OR SUPERSEDED.**

**APPROVED AND ADOPTED BY THE PARKS AND WILDLIFE COMMISSION OF THE STATE OF COLORADO ON THIS 17TH DAY OF NOVEMBER, 2022.**

**APPROVED:  
Carrie Besnette Hauser  
Chair**

**ATTEST:  
Marie Haskett  
Secretary**

**FINAL REGULATIONS - CHAPTER W-3 - FURBEARERS AND SMALL GAME, EXCEPT MIGRATORY BIRDS**

**ARTICLE I - GENERAL PROVISIONS**

**#301 - LICENSE FEES**

**A. Furbearer License Fee**

- 1. Furbearer License Fee Reduction:**  
 In accordance with the provisions of §33-4-102, C.R.S., the following furbearer license fees shall be reduced to the fee specified herein, from the level set forth in §33-4-102, C.R.S.:

License Type	License Fee
Nonresident Furbearer	<del>\$84.75</del> <u>92.03</u>

**B. Resident senior combination fishing and small game hunting license fee**

- 1. Resident senior combination fishing and small game hunting license fee reduction:**  
 In accordance with the provisions of §33-4-102, C.R.S., the following combination license shall be created with a reduced fee specified herein, from the level set forth in §33-4-102, C.R.S.:

License Type	License Fee
Resident senior combination fishing and small game hunting license	<del>\$29.28</del> <u>31.79</u>
Resident senior lifetime fishing upgrade to annual combination fishing and small game hunting license*	<del>\$20.84</del> <u>22.59</u>

\*Valid only for resident senior Lifetime Disability and Low Income Fishing license holders.

**ARTICLE II - SMALL GAME SEASON DATES, UNITS (AS DESCRIBED IN CHAPTER 0 OF THESE REGULATIONS), BAG AND POSSESSION LIMITS, LIMITED LICENSES AND PERMITS**

**#322 - Wild Turkey**

**A. Season Bag and Possession Limits**

- 1. The bag and possession limit for each season annually shall be as provided below.
  - a. Spring Season - The limit shall be two bearded turkeys in the spring for those persons who possess a limited spring license. One turkey must be harvested on the limited license and in the limited area. The additional bearded turkey must be harvested with an over-the-counter license.
  - b. Fall Season - The limit shall be one turkey of either sex.
  - c. Late Season - The limit shall be two beardless turkeys.
- 2. In addition to the above bag and possession limits, a hunter may obtain any number of nuisance turkey licenses as provided in #322(F).

3. In addition to the above bag and possession limits, a hunter may take one additional turkey with a Turn In Poachers (TIPS) license as provided in #002(H)(11)(b).

B. Applications for Limited Licenses

1. Application requirements
  - a. No person shall submit more than one (1) application per season.
  - b. Incomplete applications will not be accepted.
  - c. Applications not submitted by the deadline date and time are void.
2. Drawing applications submittal
  - a. Applications will be accepted by phone or internet only through the Division's electronic licensing system.
  - b. Each drawing application shall include payment of a ~~\$7.13~~ non-refundable application fee for residents ~~and or a \$9.17~~ non-refundable application fee for nonresidents, found in Chapter W-0 Appendix F. Individuals successful in the draw ~~with will~~ be charged for the limited license as well as ~~a \$.25 fee designated for search and rescue operations and a \$1.50 Wildlife Council applicable~~ surcharges found in Chapter W-0 Appendix F.
  - c. Spring season
    1. Applications for limited licenses must be received by phone or online no later than 8:00 PM Mountain Time, on the first Tuesday in February annually.
  - d. Fall season
    1. Applications for limited licenses must be received by phone or online no later than 8:00 PM Mountain Time, on the last business day in May annually.
3. Preference systems
  - a. Preference Points: Preference will be given for correct applications for first choice hunt codes only and shall be subject to the following provisions:
    1. One preference point will be awarded to each person who qualifies for and fails to draw a limited license as a first choice in the drawing or who applies using a first choice hunt code established for the purpose of accumulating a preference point only. However, no applicant may accumulate more than two turkey preference points per calendar year.
    2. Preference points will be used in future drawings for the same species and will continue to accumulate until the applicant draws a license as a first choice. If an applicant both fails to apply for a turkey license and has not purchased a turkey license during any given 10-year period, all accumulated preference points for turkey become void.
    3. Applications receiving preference will be given priority over all applications with fewer points.
    4. Group applications will receive preference at the level of the group member with the fewest accumulated points.
    5. Unsuccessful and successful applicants in the drawing can check their current accumulated preference point totals online.
  - b. Hunting Licenses for Hunters with Mobility Impairments - The Director may make licenses valid in certain GMU's available to qualified hunters with mobility impairments.
    1. Applicants for hunting licenses for hunters with mobility impairments must have a mobility impairment resulting from permanent medical conditions, which makes it physically impossible for them to hunt without the assistance of an attendant. Evidence of an impossibility to participate in the hunt without the assistance of an attendant may include, but is not limited to, prescribed use of a wheel chair; shoulder or arm crutches; walker; two canes; or other prescribed medical devices or equipment.
    2. Applications for hunting licenses for hunters with mobility impairments shall be made on the form, available from and submitted with the applicable license fee to, Colorado Parks and Wildlife, Limited License Office, 6060 Broadway, Denver,

Colorado 80216. Hunters may apply from the Monday after the November Commission meeting through the last day of the spring season.

3. Applications for hunting licenses for hunters with mobility impairments shall contain a statement from a licensed medical doctor or a certified physical, occupational, or recreational therapist describing the applicant's mobility impairment and the permanent medical condition which makes it impossible for the applicant to hunt without the assistance of an attendant. Additional documentation may be required, if necessary to establish the applicant's eligibility for a hunting license for hunters with mobility impairments. Once certified by the Division as mobility-impaired according to these regulations, applicants will not be required to submit the medical statement.
4. Ten (10) hunting licenses for hunters with mobility impairments will be available for the spring season, valid only on private lands in units 91, 92, and 96. The licenses will be valid for the season dates established for the authorized hunt code. Licenses for hunters with mobility impairments may not be issued for Ranching for Wildlife properties unless otherwise provided in the ranch contract.
- c. Youth Outreach Hunting Licenses – The Director may make additional youth outreach program turkey licenses available to qualified organizations sponsoring youth hunting activities.
  1. There will be no more than 200 licenses issued annually under this subsection.
  2. Licenses will be approved by the applicable Regional Manager on a case-by-case basis.
  3. Licenses are issued on a first come, first served basis to qualified organizations.
  4. Organizations who wish to request a Youth Outreach license must submit the request in writing to Colorado Parks and Wildlife, State Hunter Outreach Coordinator, 6060 Broadway, Denver, Colorado 80216 no later than 60 days prior to the planned hunting event.
  5. Licenses are limited to youth hunters under 18 years of age.
- d. Novice Outreach Hunting Licenses- The Director may make additional outreach program turkey licenses available to qualified organizations sponsoring novice adult hunting activities.
  1. There will be no more than 200 licenses issued annually under this subsection.
  2. Licenses will be approved by the applicable Regional Manager on a case-by-case basis.
  3. Licenses are issued on a first-come, first-served basis to qualified organizations.
  4. Organizations who wish to request an Outreach License must submit the request in writing to Colorado Parks and Wildlife, State Hunter Outreach Coordinator, 6060 Broadway, Denver, Colorado 80216 no later than 60 days prior to the planned hunting event.
  5. Licenses are limited to novice hunters. For the purpose of these regulations a novice adult hunter is defined as a Colorado resident 18 years of age or older, who has either: no turkey license purchase history, only held a turkey license(s) in the previous year, or has no turkey license purchase history in the previous five years.

### C. Special Restrictions

1. Tagging Requirements
  - a. When any person kills a turkey, that person must immediately detach, sign, and date the carcass tag. Such tags must be attached to the carcass of the bird while it is transported in any vehicle, while in camp, at a residence, or other place of storage.
  - b. Such tags, when dated, signed and attached to the turkey lawfully taken or killed and lawfully in possession, authorizes the possession, use, storage, and transportation of the carcass, or any part thereof, within the state.



- c. If the carcass tag is inadvertently or accidentally detached from the license or is lost or destroyed, the licensee must obtain a duplicate carcass tag before he can lawfully hunt with such license. The duplicate carcass tag may be obtained upon furnishing satisfactory proof as to the inadvertent or accidental nature of the detachment, loss, or destruction to Colorado Parks and Wildlife.
2. Spanish Peaks SWA
    - a. Hunting during the spring turkey season shall be permitted only on Saturdays, Sundays, Mondays and Tuesdays on the Spanish Peaks State Wildlife Area, except as provided in subparagraph b of this subsection.
    - b. For hunters with mobility impairments, hunting during the spring turkey season shall be permitted after the second weekend of the season on Wednesdays, Thursdays and Fridays, by special access permit only. For the purposes of this subparagraph, the following restrictions shall apply:
      1. Applicants for access permits for hunters with mobility impairments must have a mobility impairment resulting from permanent medical conditions, which makes it physically impossible for them to hunt without the assistance of an attendant. Evidence of an impossibility to participate in the hunt without the assistance of an attendant may include, but is not limited to, prescribed use of a wheelchair; shoulder or arm crutches; walker; two canes; or other prescribed medical devices or equipment. Applications will be accepted until the last day of the spring turkey season. Permits will be issued on a first-come, first-served basis, and will be limited to two (2) individuals during each Wednesday through Friday time period during the spring season.
      2. Applications for access permits for hunters with mobility impairments shall be made on the form available from, and submitted to, Colorado Parks and Wildlife, Limited License Office, 6060 Broadway, Denver, Colorado 80216.
      3. Applications for access permits for mobility-impaired hunters shall contain a statement from a licensed medical doctor or a certified physical, occupational, or recreational therapist describing the applicant's mobility impairment and the permanent medical condition which makes it impossible for the applicant to hunt without the assistance of an attendant. Additional documentation may be required if necessary to establish the applicant's eligibility for an access permit for hunters with mobility impairments. Once certified by the Division as mobility-impaired according to these regulations, applicants will not be required to submit the medical statement.
  3. Higel and Rio Grande SWAs
    - a. Turkey hunting access during the spring turkey season requires an access permit. Access permits will be issued for each property, from the Division Office in Monte Vista through a hand drawing. Permit applications may be obtained from CPW, 0722 S. Road 1E, Monte Vista, CO 81144. Group applications will be accepted. No more than two (2) applicants per group. Application deadline is January 31 of each year. Successful applicants will be notified by mail. The date, time and location of the drawing will be included on the application.
  4. Horsethief Canyon State Wildlife Area
    - a. Turkey hunting access is limited to the spring turkey season and is restricted to youth mentor turkey hunting only, by access permit only. Mentors are not allowed to hunt. Permit applications are available from Colorado Parks and Wildlife Northwest Region Service Center at 711 Independent Ave., Grand Junction, CO 81505, 970-255-6100. The application deadline is March 31. Successful applicants will be notified by mail.
  5. Southwest Youth Turkey Extended Season
 

Youths under 18 years of age may hunt turkey in GMUs 52, 54, 55, 60, 61, 62, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 82, 83, 411, 521, 551, 681, 682, 711, 741, 751 and 771 from the Saturday before Thanksgiving through the Sunday after Thanksgiving, provided they possess an unfilled youth fall turkey license (including, but not limited to, hunt code TE000U3R), comply with applicable regulations for the hunt in which they participate, and are accompanied by a mentor.

A mentor must be at least 18 years of age and comply with hunter education requirements. The mentor may not hunt.

D. Season Dates and Units - Unlimited Licenses.

1. Spring Seasons

Units	Hunt Code	Date Open	Date Closed	Licenses
001, 003, 004, 005, 006, 007, 008, 009, 010, 011, 012, 013, 014, 016, 017, 018, 019, 020, 022, 024, 028, 029, 030, 031, 032, 033, 038, 039, 040, 041, 042, 046, 048, 049, 050, 051, 052, 053, 054, 055, 056, 057, 058, 059 except on the Beaver Creek SWA and the Table Mountain State Trust Land Lease, 060, 061, 062, 063, 064, 065, 066, 067, 068, 069, 070, 071, 072, 073, 074, 075, 076, 077, 078, 079, 082, 083, 084, 085, 086, 087, 088, 089, 090, 093, 094, 095, 097, 098, 099, 100, 104, 105, 106, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 126, 128, 130, 131, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 140 except on James M. John and Lake Dorothey State Wildlife Areas, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 161, 171, 181, 191, 211, 214, 231, 301, 391, 411, 421, 441, 461, 481, 500, 501, 511, 512, 521, 551, 561, 581, 591, 681, 682, 691, 711, 741, 751, 771, 791, 851 except the Bosque del Oso SWA, 861, 951, and private land portions of 91, 92, 101, 102, 103, 107, 109, 124, 125, 127, 129, 132, 139.	TM000U1R	04/09/2022	05/31/2022	Unlimited

2. Fall Seasons

Unit	Hunt Code	Open Date	Close Date	Licenses
001, 003, 004, 005, 006, 007, 008, 009, 010, 011, 012, 013, 014, 016, 017, 018, 019, 020, 022, 023, 024, 028, 029, 031, 032, 033, 038, 039, 040, 041, 042, 043, 046, 048, 049, 050, 051, 052, 053, 054, 055, 056, 057, 058, 059 except on the Beaver Creek SWA and the Table Mountain State Trust Land Lease, 060, 061, 062, 064, 065, 066, 067, 068, 069, 070, 071, 072, 073, 074, 075, 076, 077, 078, 079, 082, 083, 084, 085 except on the Spanish Peaks State Wildlife Area, 086, 087, 088, 094, 104, 105, 110, 112, 113, 114, 116, 117, 118, 119, 121, 122, 123, 128, 130, 131, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 140 except on the James M. John and Lake Dorothey State Wildlife Areas, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 147, 161, 171, 181, 191, 211, 214, 231, 301, 391, 411, 421, 441, 461, 481, 500, 501, 511, 512, 521, 551, 561, 581, 591, 681, 682, 691, 711, 741, 751, 771, 791, 851 except on the Bosque del Oso SWA, 861, 951, and private land portions of	TE000U2R	09/01/2022	10/02/2022 and 10/28/2022	Unlimited West of I- 25 and GMU 140 and East of I- 25 (excluding GMU 140)

101, 102,,				
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3. Private Land Only Late Seasons

- a. Private land only licenses are valid on all private land within the game management unit upon which the license holder has permission to hunt.

Unit	Hunt Code	Open Date	Close Date	Licenses
112, 113	TF000U2R	12/15/2022	01/15/2023	Unlimited

- E. Season Dates and Units - Limited Licenses and Limited License Areas. Limited licenses shall be valid only for the time period and game management unit(s) or area(s) indicated on the license.

1. Spring Season.				
Unit	Hunt Code	Date Opened	Date Closed	Licenses
				Bearded Turkey Only
2	TM002O1R	04/09/2022	05/31/2022	15
15, 27,37 and 361	TM015O1R	04/09/2022	05/31/2022	15
21	TM021O1R	04/09/2022	05/31/2022	10
23	TM023O1R	04/09/2022	05/31/2022	15
23 – private land only	TM023P1R	04/11/2022	05/31/2022	25
25	TM025O1R	04/09/2022	05/31/2022	40
34	TM034O1R	04/09/2022	05/31/2022	40
35, 36	TM035O1R	04/09/2022	05/31/2022	20
43	TM043O1R	04/09/2022	05/31/2022	60
44	TM044O1R	04/09/2022	05/31/2022	80
47	TM047O1R	04/09/2022	05/31/2022	15
59 - Beaver Creek State Wildlife Area and Table Mountain State Trust Land Lease only	TM059O1R	04/09/2022	04/29/2022	5
59 - Beaver Creek State Wildlife Area and Table Mountain State Trust Land Lease only	TM059O2R	04/30/2022	05/31/2022	10
59 - Beaver Creek State Wildlife Area and Table Mountain State Trust Land Lease only – youth only	TM059K1R	04/09/2022	05/31/2022	10
80	TM080O1R	04/09/2022	05/31/2022	10
81	TM081O1R	04/09/2022	05/31/2022	10
91	TM091O1R	04/09/2022	04/29/2022	50
91, 92, 96, 101, 102-youth only	TM091K1R	04/09/2022	05/31/2022	200
91	TM091O2R	04/30/2022	05/31/2022	50
92	TM092O1R	04/09/2022	04/29/2022	50
92	TM092O2R	04/30/2022	05/31/2022	50
96	TM096O1R	04/09/2022	04/29/2022	100
96 - private land only	TM096P1R	04/09/2022	04/29/2022	175
96	TM096O2R	04/30/2022	05/31/2022	100
96 - private land only	TM096P2R	04/30/2022	05/31/2022	175

<b>1. Spring Season.</b>				
<b>Unit</b>	<b>Hunt Code</b>	<b>Date Opened</b>	<b>Date Closed</b>	<b>Licenses</b>
				<b>Bearded Turkey Only</b>
101, 102	TM101O1R	04/09/2022	04/29/2022	40
101, 102	TM101O2R	04/30/2022	05/31/2022	40
103, 107, and 109	TM103O1R	04/09/2022	04/29/2022	50
103,107, and 109	TM103O2R	04/30/2022	05/31/2022	50
103, 107, 109 - youth only	TM103K1R	04/09/2022	05/31/2022	40
124, 125, and 129	TM124O1R	04/09/2022	05/31/2022	25
124, 125, and 129 - youth only	TM124K1R	04/09/2022	05/31/2022	15
127, 132	TM127O1R	04/09/2022	05/31/2022	30
139	TM139O1R	04/09/2022	05/31/2022	15
140 - Lake Dorothey State Wildlife Area only	TM140O1R	04/09/2022	05/31/2022	30
140 - James John State Wildlife Area only	TM140O2R	04/09/2022	05/31/2022	20
444	TM444O1R	04/09/2022	05/31/2022	45
444 – Private Land Only	TM444P1R	04/09/2022	05/31/2022	30
851 - Bosque del Oso State Wildlife Area only	TM851O1R	04/09/2022	05/31/2022	30
<b>Total</b>				<b>1790</b>

<b>2. Fall Season</b>				
<b>Unit</b>	<b>Hunt Code</b>	<b>Date Opened</b>	<b>Date Closed</b>	<b>Licenses</b>
				<b>Either Sex</b>
15, 27, 37 and 361	TE015L1R	09/01/2022	10/02/2022	15
25	TE025L1R	09/01/2022	10/02/2022	15
34	TE034L1R	09/01/2022	10/02/2022	25
47	TE047L1R	09/01/2022	10/02/2022	25
59 - Beaver Creek State Wildlife Area and Table Mountain State Trust Land Lease only	TE059L1R	09/01/2022	10/02/2022	15
85 - Spanish Peaks State Wildlife Area - Oberosler Tract only	TE085L1R	09/01/2022	10/02/2022	25
85 - Spanish Peaks State Wildlife Area – Tochter Tract only	TE085L2R	09/01/2022	10/02/2022	25
85 -Spanish Peaks State Wildlife Area - Sakariason Tract only	TE085L3R	09/01/2022	10/02/2022	25
91	TE091L1R	09/01/2022	10/28/2022	50
91, 92, 96, 101, and 102 – youth only	TE091K1R	09/01/2022	10/28/2022	50
92	TE092L1R	09/01/2022	10/28/2022	50
96	TE096L1R	09/01/2022	10/28/2022	175

<b>2. Fall Season</b>				
<b>Unit</b>	<b>Hunt Code</b>	<b>Date Opened</b>	<b>Date Closed</b>	<b>Licenses</b>
				<b>Either Sex</b>
101, 102	TE101L1R	09/01/2022	10/28/2022	50
103, 107, and 109	TE103L1R	09/01/2022	10/28/2022	45
103, 107, 109 - youth only	TE103K1R	09/01/2022	10/28/2022	20
124, 125 and 129	TE124L1R	09/01/2022	10/28/2022	15
124, 125 and 129 - youth only	TE124K1R	09/01/2022	10/28/2022	15
126, 146	TE126L1R	09/01/2022	10/28/2022	20
127, 132	TE127L1R	09/01/2022	10/28/2022	20
139	TE139L1R	09/01/2022	10/28/2022	10
140 - Lake Dorothey State Wildlife Area only	TE140L1R	09/01/2022	10/02/2022	35
140 - James John State Wildlife Area only	TE140L2R	09/01/2022	10/02/2022	10
444	TE444L1R	09/01/2022	10/02/2022	20
851 - Bosque del Oso State Wildlife Area only	TE851L1R	09/01/2022	10/02/2022	25
<b>Total</b>				<b>780</b>

F. Special Licenses for Nuisance Turkeys

1. The Director shall have the authority to establish special hunting seasons for turkeys, between December 1 and March 31 on an annual basis, when necessary to control nuisance turkeys. The Area Wildlife Manager will determine the type of license(s) (either-sex or hen only) most appropriate to control the conflict.
  - a. Nuisance turkey hunts are limited to a maximum of 50 licenses per landowner, per year.
    1. The Area Wildlife Manager shall provide the landowner with special application forms for distribution to individuals of their choice. Participants shall submit the completed application form with payment to the Division office indicated on the application. Nuisance turkey licenses shall be sold at the fall season license price.
  - b. Prior to approving the hunt, the Division shall:
    1. Verify that conflicts are occurring.
    2. Designate what area shall be open to hunting.
    3. Determine the manner of hunting that will be permitted.
    4. Determine the number of hunters allowed to hunt in each designated area.
  - c. Hunting will be done under the direction of a District Wildlife Manager, following approval by the owner of land where such conflict is occurring.

- d. Hunters shall hunt in designated areas and on the dates indicated on the license.
  - 1. A map or a written description of the designated area open to hunting (which would include, but would not be limited to landowner(s) name, game management unit, township, range and section(s) and/or identification of landmarks such as roads, rivers, or fence lines which coincide with boundaries), will be provided to each licensed hunter by the Division.
- e. Any person who purchases a license for a nuisance turkey season shall be required to complete a Division harvest survey form and return it to the Area office that is nearest the location of the hunt no later than 5 days after the season ends.

**Basis and Purpose:**

**Differential pricing for the nonresident furbearer license, the resident senior combination fishing and small game hunting license, and the resident senior lifetime fishing upgrade to annual combination fishing and small game hunting license**

Following the passage of the Hunting, Fishing, and Parks for Future Generations Act (SB 18-143), the Colorado Parks and Wildlife Commission has the authority to adjust most wildlife licenses annually with the Consumer Price Index (CPI). While most resident and nonresident wildlife license fees may now be adjusted based on CPI, differential pricing has been retained for certain licenses, including the nonresident furbearer license, in order to keep the fee equitable with similar license types, such as the small game license. Discounts have also been retained for the resident senior combination fishing and small game hunting license and the resident senior lifetime fishing upgrade to annual combination fishing and small game hunting license. However, all of these license prices have increased in accordance with the CPI.

The statements of basis and purpose for these regulations can be obtained from the Colorado Division of Parks and Wildlife, Office of the Regulations Manager by emailing [dnr\\_cpw\\_planning@state.co.us](mailto:dnr_cpw_planning@state.co.us) or by visiting the Division of Parks and Wildlife headquarters at 6060 Broadway, Denver, CO, 80216.

**The primary statutory authority for these regulations can be found in § 24-4-103, C.R.S., and the state Wildlife Act, §§ 33-1-101 to 33-6-209, C.R.S., specifically including, but not limited to: §§ 33-1-106, C.R.S.**

**EFFECTIVE DATE - THESE REGULATIONS SHALL BECOME EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2023, AND SHALL REMAIN IN FULL FORCE AND EFFECT UNTIL REPEALED, AMENDED, OR SUPERSEDED.**

**APPROVED AND ADOPTED BY THE PARKS AND WILDLIFE COMMISSION OF THE STATE OF COLORADO ON THIS 17TH DAY OF NOVEMBER 2022.**

**APPROVED:  
Carrie Besnette Hauser  
Chair**

**ATTEST:  
Marie Haskett  
Secretary**

**FINAL REGULATIONS - CHAPTER W-11 - WILDLIFE PARKS AND UNREGULATED WILDLIFE**

**ARTICLE II - LICENSE REQUIREMENTS, LICENSE EXEMPTIONS, LICENSE TYPES, APPLICATION AND RECORD REQUIREMENTS, AND LICENSE RENEWAL.**

**#1104 - LICENSE TYPES**

A. Commercial Wildlife Park License

Commercial Wildlife Park Licenses are issued to a person or persons for the operation of privately owned wildlife parks and for the related commercial use of such wildlife including: buying, selling, propagating, brokering or trading of lawfully acquired captive wildlife; charging customers to hunt on such a park; or, exhibiting wildlife for educational or promotional purposes.

1. Big Game Hunting Park - Issued for hunting privately owned big game animals on private property. No new big game hunting park licenses shall be issued after July 1, 1996, except when a change of ownership occurs on an existing Big Game Hunting Park. The new applicant(s) must comply with all regulations in place at the time of the change of ownership when applying for the new license.
  - a. Big Game Hunting Park Carcass tags will be provided by the Division at no cost. No hunting license is required for hunting captive wildlife within the park. Hunting can occur year-round. All wildlife removed from the park must be accompanied by a carcass tag, properly attached, showing number, sex, age, species, date taken, park number, hunter's name and address and, if available, eartag and/or tattoo number of each animal taken.
  - b. All wildlife released into the park must be marked with a USDA official identification device pursuant to 9 C.F.R. § 77.33 (effective July 29, 2014) and/or eartags provided or approved by the Division. All alternative livestock (fallow deer and elk) released into the park must be identified as provided by State Board of Livestock Inspection Commission regulations. CPW incorporates 9 C.F.R. § 77.33 (effective July 29, 2014) by reference, but not later amendments or editions. Such document can be viewed, and copies obtained from the Division as set forth in the "Incorporated References" section of Chapter 0 of these regulations or from the USDA at 4700 River Road, Riverdale, MD 20737.
  - c. No live wildlife may be removed from the park.
  - d. All big game killed on Big Game Hunting Parks will be subject to the "Slaughter Surveillance Program" for bovine tuberculosis testing as provided for in regulation #008, and to CWD testing requirements in #1110.
2. Wildlife Exhibitors Park - Issued for the exhibition of live wildlife (except birds) for educational or promotional activities.
  - a. Exhibition of animals in the families *Canidae Felidae*, or *Ursidae* outside the licensed Wildlife Exhibitors Park premises is prohibited except under the following conditions:
    1. Animals must be caged at all times, except as provided in 1104(A)(2)(a)(2). Cages must be made from a minimum of 9 gauge wire, completely enclosed, including a top and a bottom; and shall be large enough to allow the animal being caged to stand up and turn around.



2. Animals may be exhibited out of cage only when the exhibitor is covered by a current and in-force insurance policy in the face amount of no less than \$500,000 coverage for general liability. Copies of the liability insurance policy shall be forwarded to the Special License Unit of the Division prior to the scheduled event.
  3. Animals must remain caged during any exhibition in any educational institution.
  4. All incidents involving exhibited wildlife where injury to wildlife or people occurs must be reported to the Special Licensing Unit within 24 hours.
- b. Exhibition of any wildlife for educational purposes is permitted under the following conditions:
    1. A copy of the authorization from the educational institution, if exhibited at an educational institution, must be submitted to the Special Licensing Unit prior to presentation.
    2. A copy of the lesson plan must be submitted on an annual basis to the Division Education Unit.
  - c. Wildlife Exhibitors Parks must be AZA accredited prior to and maintain such accreditation as a condition of the issuance of a license. Facilities previously licensed by the Division prior to January 1, 2006 may continue to operate under wildlife parks requirements without obtaining AZA certification.
3. Non-Resident Temporary Exhibitors License - Issued for the importation and exhibition of live regulated wildlife for educational, training or entertainment purposes from a facility outside Colorado that is properly licensed by the state of origin.
    - a. Each Non-Resident Temporary Exhibitors license shall be valid for no more than 30 days within a calendar year.
    - b. All animals must be housed, transported, and displayed in a safe and humane manner. Any applicant who has been convicted of animal cruelty shall not be issued a license.
  4. Wildlife Producers Park - Issued for trading, selling, propagating, bartering, shooting, brokering, and transporting, live wildlife (except birds) and wildlife parts.
  5. Upland Bird and Waterfowl Hunting and Producers Park -Issued for the propagation and release of commercially raised upland game birds and waterfowl for preserve shooting.
    - a. Boundaries of licensed areas shall be clearly identified with fencing or other distinguishing features and shall be signed at intervals of not more than 400 yards. All hunting shall be limited to the area identified on the license.
    - b. Total harvest of any bird species released on a commercial wildlife park shall be limited to no more than the number of flight capable birds released in a calendar year.
    - c. Only the following wildlife species may be released and hunted under the authority of this license: Ring-necked pheasant, Gambel's, scaled, and bobwhite quail, chukar, gray partridge, and mallard ducks. Exceptions to this list may occur with the approval of the Director of the Division.

d. Wildlife taken under an Upland and Waterfowl Hunting and Producers Park may be taken within the licensed park without a hunting license, unless otherwise restricted by Federal law and may be taken from January 1 through December 31. A receipt must be issued to any hunter leaving the park with wildlife stating numbers of wildlife taken, sex, species, park number and date.

6. Zoological Park License - Issued for the operation of facilities, other than AZA-accredited zoos, open to the public for wildlife exhibition. Zoological Park License costs ~~\$172.55458.92~~ as provided in 33-4-102 C.R.S.

a. Zoological Parks must meet all criteria of 33-4-102(13)(a) C.R.S. as amended.

#### B. Non-commercial Wildlife Park License

Non-commercial Wildlife Park licenses are issued to a person or persons for the purpose of keeping birds other than raptors, or for species acquired in accordance with section 2 below.

1. A licensee may only buy, propagate, give, trade, exchange, release, import or export any lawfully acquired birds or eggs in accordance with Parks and Wildlife Commission regulations. Such license activity may not be engaged in for the purpose of generating a profit.
2. Persons in possession of a private non-commercial wildlife park license or in lawful non-commercial possession of exotic mammals prior to January 1, 1983 may continue to possess only those individual mammals and their progeny born after January 1, 1982, under a non-commercial wildlife park license.
3. Non-commercial Wildlife Park licenses are nontransferable and shall be valid for the life of the licensee. Any change in the location of the facilities for a noncommercial park must be approved as a license amendment, in advance, by the Division.

#### C. Wildlife Sanctuary Licenses

As provided in § 33-1-106, C.R.S., Wildlife Sanctuary licenses are issued to wildlife sanctuaries as defined in § 33-1-102, C.R.S.

##### 1. Types of Licenses

###### a. Provisional Wildlife Sanctuary

1. Issued to nonprofit entities for the conditional operation of a wildlife sanctuary as defined in 33-1-102, C.R.S. Provisional wildlife sanctuary licenses expire December 31<sup>st</sup> of the year issued and may be renewed for up to one additional year after which time the facility must meet the requirements to obtain and be issued a wildlife sanctuary license. In the event that a facility fails to meet this requirement, all wildlife in possession must be transferred from the facility according to the approved contingency plan and the facility must wait a minimum of 5 years before re-applying for a new provisional wildlife sanctuary license.
2. Except for the provisions of Reg # 1105.A.8, the Division shall determine that the applicant has met the following requirements prior to the issuance of a provisional wildlife sanctuary license:
  - aa. Documentation demonstrating experience in the care and handling of the type of wildlife for which the applicant is seeking authorization to possess on their license.

- bb. Letter of recommendation from a currently licensed Colorado wildlife sanctuary acknowledging the applicant's qualifications in the care and handling of captive wildlife.

b. Wildlife Sanctuary

1. Prior to the annual issuance or renewal of a wildlife sanctuary license, the Division shall determine that the applicant possesses a current provisional wildlife sanctuary license or a current wildlife sanctuary license issued by the Division.
2. All Wildlife Sanctuary licenses may be issued only to nonprofit entities.
3. Wildlife sanctuaries must comply with all requirements of § 33-1-102(52) and § 33-4-102(14), C.R.S.
4. Except as provided herein, wildlife sanctuaries must be an accredited or certified "related facility" by the AZA or accredited or verified by the GFAS prior to and maintain such certification as a condition of the issuance of a wildlife sanctuary license. Facilities previously licensed by the Division as a commercial wildlife park prior to January 1, 2001, and incorporated as a 501(c)(3) non-profit which functioned as wildlife sanctuaries may continue to operate as wildlife sanctuaries under the wildlife parks facility requirements set forth in Regulation No. 1108. In addition, these existing facilities may expand operation onto contiguous property owned by them under those same facilities requirements and without AZA certification. Provided further that, when one of these existing facilities is impacted by an act of nature (e.g. fire or flood) that prevents it from reasonably continuing its operation at the present location, the facility may, with the approval of the Director, move to a new location and continue its operation without being subject to the generally applicable AZA certification requirement, provided the relocated facility complies with the wildlife parks facility requirements set forth in #1108 of these regulations, and all wildlife sanctuary operations at the present locations cease.
5. Wildlife possessed by a wildlife sanctuary shall be surgically sterilized within thirty days of arrival, except that pregnant animals shall be surgically sterilized immediately following weaning and animals eligible for participation in the AZA's Species Survival Plan ("SSP") need not be sterilized. However, documents supporting such SSP eligibility must be provided to the Division within 30 days of arrival at the wildlife sanctuary.

Any nonprofit sanctuary facility previously licensed by the Division as a commercial wildlife park prior to January 1, 2001, shall submit a sterilization plan for wildlife possessed by such facility for approval by the Division. Such plan shall be submitted to the Division by January 1, 2006 and shall provide for surgical sterilization of all wildlife possessed at such facility as of November 1, 2005, in an expeditious manner, but in no event later than May 1, 2007. Wildlife brought onto such a facility after November 1, 2005, shall be surgically sterilized within thirty days of arrival, except that pregnant animals shall be surgically sterilized immediately following weaning.

In lieu of surgical sterilization, wildlife sanctuaries may submit a birth control plan for animals located on the facility for approval by the Division. Such plans may be approved if they provide sufficient assurances against propagation of animals at the facility.

- D. Except as provided herein, no wildlife taken from the wild shall be possessed by any commercial wildlife park, noncommercial wildlife park or wildlife sanctuary in Colorado. Wildlife taken from the wild outside of Colorado may be possessed by a wildlife sanctuary provided:

1. The wildlife has been determined by the wildlife management agency of the source state or country to be habituated and non-releasable and has otherwise authorized the export of the wildlife, and
2. The wildlife has been held in captivity in the source state or country for no less than 24 months. However, the Director may authorize the importation of wildlife that does not meet the captivity period requirement if he/she determines it is proper for management of the Division and otherwise beneficial to the management, preservation or conservation of wildlife resources. In making such determination, the Director shall consider:
  - a. other placement or wildlife management options available to the exporting state or country,
  - b. capacity and resources of the importing wildlife sanctuary,
  - c. impact to state wildlife management programs, and
  - d. any other wildlife management criteria.

Provided however, that no more than one such importation per calendar year (based on a three-year rolling average) may be approved for any wildlife sanctuary.

For the purposes of this regulation, wildlife born in captivity, even if born to wildlife taken from the wild, are not considered "taken from the wild."

Chapter W-11 - Wildlife Parks and Unregulated Wildlife

**Basis and Purpose:**

Following the passage of the Hunting, Fishing, and Parks for Future Generations Act (SB 18-143), the Colorado Parks and Wildlife Commission has the authority to adjust most wildlife licenses annually with the Consumer Price Index (CPI).

Consumer Price Indices for the Denver-Aurora-Lakewood metropolitan statistical area (successor to the Denver-Boulder-Greeley statistical area) are compiled by the United States Bureau of Labor Statistics. CPI figures are reported bimonthly, in addition to the average CPI for the first half of the calendar year, the average CPI for the second half of the calendar year, and the average CPI for the entire calendar year. The chart below shows the average CPI for the first half of each year.

<b>Consumer Price Index - All Urban Consumers</b>	
Denver-Aurora-Lakewood Metropolitan Area	
First Half 2018	260.790
First Half 2019	264.147
First Half 2020	271.264
First Half 2021	276.290
First Half 2022	300.002
Annual Percentage Change (2022 Base Year)	8.6%
Cumulative Percentage Change (Rounded) (2018 Base Year)	15.0%

The CPI calculation above yields the following fees as adjusted in regulation. The fees shown in the blue highlighted columns are the statutory caps for each license fee. The Parks and Wildlife Commission may reduce the license price as appropriate through the rule-making process.

License Type	Residency	2022	2022	2023	2023
		CPI Adjusted Statutory Lid	Actual Price*	CPI Adjusted Statutory Lid	Actual Price*
Zoological park license	N/A	\$158.92	\$158.92	\$172.55	\$172.55

\*excludes additional surcharges and fees

\*\*2018 base year

The statements of basis and purpose for these regulations can be obtained from the Colorado Division of Parks and Wildlife, Office of the Regulations Manager by emailing [dnr\\_cpw\\_planning@state.co.us](mailto:dnr_cpw_planning@state.co.us) or by visiting the Division of Parks and Wildlife headquarters at 6060 Broadway, Denver, CO, 80216.

**The primary statutory authority for these regulations can be found in § 24-4-103, C.R.S., and the state Wildlife Act, §§ 33-1-101 to 33-6-209, C.R.S., specifically including, but not limited to: §§ 33-1-106, C.R.S.**

**EFFECTIVE DATE - THESE REGULATIONS SHALL BECOME EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2023, AND SHALL REMAIN IN FULL FORCE AND EFFECT UNTIL REPEALED, AMENDED, OR SUPERSEDED.**

**APPROVED AND ADOPTED BY THE PARKS AND WILDLIFE COMMISSION OF THE STATE OF COLORADO ON THIS 17TH DAY OF NOVEMBER 2022.**

**APPROVED:**  
**Carrie Besnette Hauser**  
**Chair**

**ATTEST:**  
**Marie Haskett**  
**Secretary**

**FINAL REGULATIONS - CHAPTER W-15 - DIVISION AGENTS**

See also § 33-4-101, C.R.S. and §33-12-104(1) C.R.S., for statutory provisions applicable to Division agents.

**ARTICLE VI - AGENT COMMISSION RATES****#1510 - Agent Commission Rates**

See also §33-4-101 C.R.S. relative to Division agents and §33-4-102(1.6)(b) C.R.S. for price indexing information for nonresident big game licenses.

## A. Commission Rates for Retail Agents:

1. Division agents shall be paid a 4.75% commission for each license sold electronically, except for those licenses with commissions as shown below in Table A.4.
2. Division agents shall be paid a 5% commission for each pass sold electronically.
3. Division agents who sell registrations shall be paid a flat rate of \$1.00 per registration issued.
4. Other Commission Rates:

<b>Table A.4: Division Product Type</b>	<b><del>2021</del><del>2022</del> Commission</b>	<b>% of license price in <del>2021</del><del>2022</del></b>	<b><del>2022</del><del>2023</del> Commission</b>	<b>% of license price in <del>2022</del><del>2023</del></b>
Second Rod Stamp	<del>\$0.64</del> <del>\$0.63</del>	6.7%	<del>\$0.69</del> <del>\$0.64</del>	6.7%
Resident Fishing - 1 day	<del>\$0.85</del> <del>\$0.84</del>	6.7%	<del>\$0.92</del> <del>\$0.85</del>	6.7%
Nonresident Fishing – 1 day	<del>\$1.06</del> <del>\$1.05</del>	6.7%	<del>\$1.16</del> <del>\$1.06</del>	6.7%
Fishing - 5 day	<del>\$2.13</del> <del>\$2.09</del>	6.7%	<del>\$2.31</del> <del>\$2.13</del>	6.7%
Resident Small Game - 1 day	<del>\$0.85</del> <del>\$0.84</del>	6.7%	<del>\$0.92</del> <del>\$0.85</del>	6.7%
Nonresident Small Game – 1 day	<del>\$1.06</del> <del>\$1.05</del>	6.7%	<del>\$1.16</del> <del>\$1.06</del>	6.7%
Nonresident Deer	<del>\$15.07</del> <del>\$14.79</del>	3.6%	<del>\$16.36</del> <del>\$15.07</del>	3.6%
Nonresident Pronghorn	<del>\$15.07</del> <del>\$14.79</del>	3.6%	<del>\$16.36</del> <del>\$15.07</del>	3.6%
Nonresident Bear	<del>\$3.67</del> <del>\$3.60</del>	3.6%	<del>\$3.98</del> <del>\$3.67</del>	3.6%
Nonresident Mountain Lion	<del>\$12.83</del> <del>\$12.60</del>	3.6%	<del>\$13.93</del> <del>\$12.83</del>	3.6%
Nonresident Antlerless Elk	<del>\$18.88</del> <del>\$18.54</del>	3.6%	<del>\$27.33</del> <del>\$18.88</del>	3.6%
Nonresident Either-sex Elk	<del>\$25.17</del> <del>\$24.71</del>	3.6%	<del>\$27.33</del> <del>\$25.17</del>	3.6%
Nonresident Antlered Elk	<del>\$25.17</del> <del>\$24.71</del>	3.6%	<del>\$27.33</del> <del>\$25.17</del>	3.6%
Nonresident Rocky Mtn Bighorn Sheep	<del>\$84.29</del> <del>\$82.76</del>	3.6%	<del>\$91.52</del> <del>\$84.29</del>	3.6%
Nonresident Desert Bighorn Sheep	<del>\$84.29</del> <del>\$82.76</del>	3.6%	<del>\$91.52</del> <del>\$84.29</del>	3.6%
Nonresident Goat	<del>\$84.29</del> <del>\$82.76</del>	3.6%	<del>\$91.52</del> <del>\$84.29</del>	3.6%

Nonresident Moose	<del>\$84.29</del> \$82.76	3.6%	<del>\$84.29</del> \$91.52	3.6%
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All ~~2021-2022~~ licenses sold through March ~~2022-2023~~ shall be sold at the ~~2021-2022~~ license fee and commission rates.

B. Commission Rates for the System Agent: The system agent shall be paid the commissions shown in the Table B.1 below for each license sold through the system:

1. Commission pricing for any CPW Commissionable Product sold through IPAWS

<b>Table B.1: Commission Rates</b>	<b>IPAWS Products</b>
a. Contractor Commission Fee percent commission rate to cover AWO System operation and maintenance cost for those products less than \$100 and not listed below in c.	3.7%
b. Contractor Commission Fee flat fee commission rate to cover AWO System operation and maintenance cost for those products \$100 or greater and not listed below in c.	\$4.25
c.1. All Wildlife Applications, regardless of Product Cost.	\$4.25
c.2. Parks variable cost products, regardless of actual Product Cost.	3.7%
<b>Breakout Costs</b>	
Contractor credit card fee	2.2%
Contractor fulfillment fee	\$1.45



**MAILING 11/04/2022**  
**Basis and Purpose**  
**Chapter W-15 - Division Agents**

**Basis and Purpose Statement:**

**Updating retail agent commission rates according to inflationary increase in license prices**

Previously adopted regulations set the retail agent commission at 4.75% of the license fee, except for those commissions that are fixed, as described below. Statutorily, the Commission may set these rates wherever feasible. Historically, the year-to-year Consumer Price Index (CPI) change has been used as a guideline for setting these rates. However, in 2019 CPW proposed fixed commission rates for different types of licenses (6.7% for fishing/small game, and 3.6% for nonresident big game). The fixed rates approved in 2019 yield the following retail agent commissions for the 2023 license year:

Division Product Type	2022	2022	2023	2023
	Actual Price	Commission	Actual Price	Commission
Second Rod Stamp	\$ 9.53	\$ 0.64	\$ 10.35	\$ 0.69
Resident Fishing - 1 day	\$ 12.71	\$ 0.85	\$ 13.80	\$ 0.92
Nonresident Fishing - 1 day	\$ 15.89	\$ 1.06	\$ 17.26	\$ 1.16
Fishing - 5 day	\$ 31.78	\$ 2.13	\$ 34.51	\$ 2.31
Resident Small Game - 1 day	\$ 12.71	\$ 0.85	\$ 13.80	\$ 0.92
Nonresident Small Game - 1 day	\$ 15.89	\$ 1.06	\$ 17.26	\$ 1.16
Nonresident Deer	\$ 418.48	\$ 15.07	\$ 454.39	\$ 16.36
Nonresident Pronghorn	\$ 418.48	\$ 15.07	\$ 454.39	\$ 16.36
Nonresident Bear	\$ 101.85	\$ 3.67	\$ 110.59	\$ 3.98
Nonresident Mountain Lion	\$ 356.48	\$ 12.83	\$ 387.08	\$ 13.93
Nonresident Antlerless Elk	\$ 524.42	\$ 18.88	\$ 759.24	\$ 27.33
Nonresident Either-sex Elk	\$ 699.23	\$ 25.17	\$ 759.24	\$ 27.33
Nonresident Antlered Elk	\$ 699.23	\$ 25.17	\$ 759.24	\$ 27.33
Nonresident Rocky Mtn Bighorn Sheep	\$ 2,341.35	\$ 84.29	\$ 2,542.29	\$ 91.52
Nonresident Desert Bighorn Sheep	\$ 2,341.35	\$ 84.29	\$ 2,542.29	\$ 91.52
Nonresident Goat	\$ 2,341.35	\$ 84.29	\$ 2,542.29	\$ 91.52
Nonresident Moose	\$ 2,341.35	\$ 84.29	\$ 2,542.29	\$ 91.52

The statements of basis and purpose for these regulations can be obtained from the Colorado Division of Parks and Wildlife, Office of the Regulations Manager by emailing [dnr\\_cpw\\_planning@state.co.us](mailto:dnr_cpw_planning@state.co.us) or by visiting the Division of Parks and Wildlife headquarters at 6060 Broadway, Denver, CO, 80216.

**The primary statutory authority for these regulations can be found in § 24-4-103, C.R.S., and the state Wildlife Act, §§ 33-1-101 to 33-6-209, C.R.S., specifically including, but not limited to: §§ 33-1-106, C.R.S.**

**EFFECTIVE DATE - THESE REGULATIONS SHALL BECOME EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2023, AND SHALL REMAIN IN FULL FORCE AND EFFECT UNTIL REPEALED, AMENDED, OR SUPERSEDED.**

**APPROVED AND ADOPTED BY THE PARKS AND WILDLIFE COMMISSION OF THE STATE OF COLORADO ON THIS 17TH DAY OF NOVEMBER 2022.**

**APPROVED:**

**Carrie Besnette Hauser  
Chair**

**ATTEST:  
Marie Haskett  
Secretary**

**FINAL REGULATIONS - CHAPTER P-7 - PASSES, PERMITS AND REGISTRATIONS****ARTICLE II - DIVISION AGENTS**

See also § 33-4-101, C.R.S. and § 33-12-104 (1) C.R.S., for statutory provisions applicable to Division agents.

**#720 – AGENT COMMISSION RATES**

See also §33-4-101 C.R.S. relative to CPW agents and §33-4-102(1.6)(b) C.R.S. for price indexing information for nonresident big game licenses.

## A. Commission Rates for Retail Agents:

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4. Other Commission Rates:

<b>Table A.4: Division Product Type</b>	<b><u>2021</u><del>2022</del> Commission</b>	<b>% of license price in <u>2021</u><del>2022</del></b>	<b><u>2022</u><del>2023</del> Commission</b>	<b>% of license price in <u>2022</u><del>2023</del></b>
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Nonresident Fishing – 1 day	<del>\$1.06</del> <u>\$1.05</u>	6.7%	<del>\$1.16</del> <u>\$1.06</u>	6.7%
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<b>Breakout Costs</b>	
Contractor credit card fee	2.2%
Contractor fulfillment fee	\$1.45

**MAILING 11/04/2022**  
**Basis and Purpose**  
**Chapter P-7 – Passes, Permits and Registrations**

**Basis and Purpose:**

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Previously adopted regulations set the retail agent commission at 4.75% of the license fee, except for those commissions that are fixed, as described below. Statutorily, the Commission may set these rates wherever feasible. Historically, the year-to-year Consumer Price Index (CPI) change has been used as a guideline for setting these rates. However, in 2019 CPW proposed fixed commission rates for different types of licenses (6.7% for fishing/small game, and 3.6% for nonresident big game). The fixed rates approved in 2019 yield the following retail agent commissions for the 2023 license year:

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Nonresident Goat	\$ 2,341.35	\$ 84.29	\$ 2,542.29	\$ 91.52
Nonresident Moose	\$ 2,341.35	\$ 84.29	\$ 2,542.29	\$ 91.52

The statements of basis and purpose for these regulations can be obtained from the Colorado Division of Parks and Wildlife, Office of the Regulations Manager by emailing [dnr\\_cpw\\_planning@state.co.us](mailto:dnr_cpw_planning@state.co.us) or by visiting the Division of Parks and Wildlife headquarters at 6060 Broadway, Denver, CO, 80216.

**The primary statutory authority for these regulations can be found in § 24-4-103, C.R.S., and the state Wildlife Act, §§ 33-1-101 to 33-6-209, C.R.S., specifically including, but not limited to: §§ 33-1-106, C.R.S.**

**EFFECTIVE DATE - THESE REGULATIONS SHALL BECOME EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2023, AND SHALL REMAIN IN FULL FORCE AND EFFECT UNTIL REPEALED, AMENDED, OR SUPERSEDED.**

**APPROVED AND ADOPTED BY THE PARKS AND WILDLIFE COMMISSION OF THE STATE OF COLORADO ON THIS 17TH DAY OF NOVEMBER 2022.**

**APPROVED:**

**Carrie Besnette Hauser  
Chair**

**ATTEST:  
Marie Haskett  
Secretary**

## Mountain States License Fee Comparison

The following analysis compares big game license fees and opportunities for mountain states. Although general license stipulations and hunting opportunities vary by state and species, every effort has been made to compare licenses that address similar nonresident hunting opportunities. This analysis is not intended to be a comprehensive summary of all hunting opportunities in all states. For example, several states have programs closely comparable to Ranching for Wildlife, and most states issue special licenses, including disease management, auction/raffle and landowner licenses. This analysis is intended to compare licenses generally available to average non-residents on an over-the-counter or draw basis.

### Fee Chart

	Colorado (2022)	*Average	Arizona	Idaho	Montana	Nevada	N.Mex.	Wyoming	Utah
Elk (Bull)	\$700.98	\$750.82	\$650.00	\$651.75	☐\$934.00	\$1,200.00	\$535.00	\$692.00	\$593.00
Elk (Cow)	\$526.17	\$449.39	\$650.00	\$651.75	\$270.00	\$500.00	\$535.00	\$288.00	\$251.00
Deer (Buck)	\$420.23	\$368.54	\$300.00	\$351.75	☐\$646.00	\$240.00	\$270.00	\$374.00	\$398.00
Deer (Doe)	\$420.23	\$196.82	\$300.00	\$351.75	\$75.00	\$240.00	\$270.00	\$34.00	\$107.00
Pronghorn (Buck)	\$420.23	\$332.96	\$550.00	\$342.75	\$205.00	\$300.00	\$270.00	\$326.00	\$337.00
Pronghorn (Doe)	\$420.23	\$209.79	N/A	\$342.75	\$205.00	\$300.00	\$270.00	\$34.00	\$107.00
Moose (Bull)	\$2,343.10	\$2,014.69	N/A	\$2,626.75	\$1,250.00	N/A	N/A	\$1,982.00	\$2,200.00
Moose (Cow)	\$2,343.10	\$1,714.69	N/A	\$2,626.75	\$1,250.00	N/A	N/A	\$1,982.00	\$1,000.00
Black Bear	\$103.60	\$288.39	\$150.00	\$231.75	\$350.00	\$300.00	\$260.00	\$373.00	\$354.00
Mountain Lion	\$358.23	\$237.64	\$75.00	\$204.50	\$320.00	\$104.00	\$290.00	\$373.00	\$297.00
Bighorn Sheep (Ram)	\$2,343.10	\$2,079.54	\$1,800.00	\$2,626.75	\$1,250.00	\$1,200.00	\$3,160.00	\$2,320.00	\$2,200.00
Bighorn Sheep (Ewe)	\$2,343.10	\$1,610.96	\$1,800.00	\$2,626.75	\$1,250.00	\$1,200.00	\$3,160.00	\$240.00	\$1,000.00
Mountain Goat	\$2,343.10	\$1,887.75	N/A	\$2,626.75	\$1,250.00	\$1,200.00	N/A	\$2,162.00	\$2,200.00
Hunting License	†\$88.25	\$108.67	☐\$160.00	\$185.00	\$15.00	☐\$155.00	\$65.00	N/A	\$72.00
Application Fee	\$9.17	\$13.43	\$15	**\$18.00	**\$5.00	***\$13.00	\$13.00	\$15.00	\$15.00

License prices that exceed Colorado's price.

\* Average does not include Colorado

\*\* Application fee for Goat, Sheep and Moose is more than other species (\$45.75 for Idaho; \$50 for Montana).

\*\*\* Application fee for Elk is \$18.00 (includes \$5 elk damage fee). Application fee for all other species is \$13.

☐ Hunt/fish combo license

† Colorado hunting license equals small game license (cheapest qualifying license) and \$1.75 fees (Search/Rescue & Wildlife Council)

Special Licenses	Colorado	Arizona	Idaho	Montana	Nevada	N.Mex.	Wyoming	Utah
Super Tag			\$6.00/ species	\$5.00/ chance	\$10 + \$5.00/ chance			
Superhunt Combo			\$20.00					
Elk (Quality)						\$773.00		
Limited Entry Bull Elk								\$1,000.00
Elk (Special)							\$1,268.00	
Deer/Elk Combo				\$1,108				
Deer (Quality)						\$368.00		
Premium Limited Entry Buck Deer								\$768.00
Deer (Special)							\$662.00	
Pronghorn (Special)							\$614.00	
Reduced bear tag			\$41.75					
Reduced lion tag			\$41.75				\$92.00	
Habitat/Conservation/Access Stamp	\$10.59		\$10.00	\$10.00		\$14.00	\$21.50	