

CPW Migration Corridor Mapping

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CPW Wildlife Commission

April 5, 2024



Photo credit: J. Fielder

Presentation Outline

- Migration Corridor Mapping
 - Purpose and Need
 - Data Review
 - Mapping Process
- Transportation Updates
 - Wildlife Transportation Alliance
 - Safe Passage Fund
 - Wildlife Crossing Project Updates



Photo credit: R. Spitzer

Migration Corridors

- Increased local, state and federal interest in migration corridors
 - 2018 DOI S03362
 - 2019 Governor EO -Big Game Winter Range and Migration Corridors



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 - 2018 DOI SO3362
 - 2019 Governor EO -Big Game Winter Range and Migration Corridors
- 2021 CPW Wildlife Movement Coordinator position created
- Data Needs
 - Land use planning
 - Internal program needs
 - Habitat projects and land protection funding opportunities



GPS Collar Data



Photo credit: E. Slezak

Spring 2022 GPS Collar Data Gathering Effort*

Species	Total Collared Animals	Location Points Collected
Elk	758	1,780,148
Mule Deer	1020	2,078,776
Pronghorn	91	73,977
RM Bighorn Sheep	297	681,606
Desert Bighorn Sheep	104	359,237
	Total	4,973,744



*Beaupre, C. 2022. *Animal Sample Size Guidelines for Mapping Migrations and Distribution with GPS Collars*. MS in Ecology, Western Colorado University.

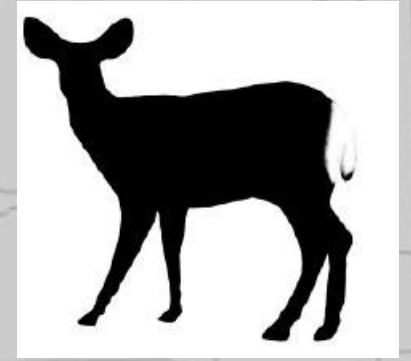
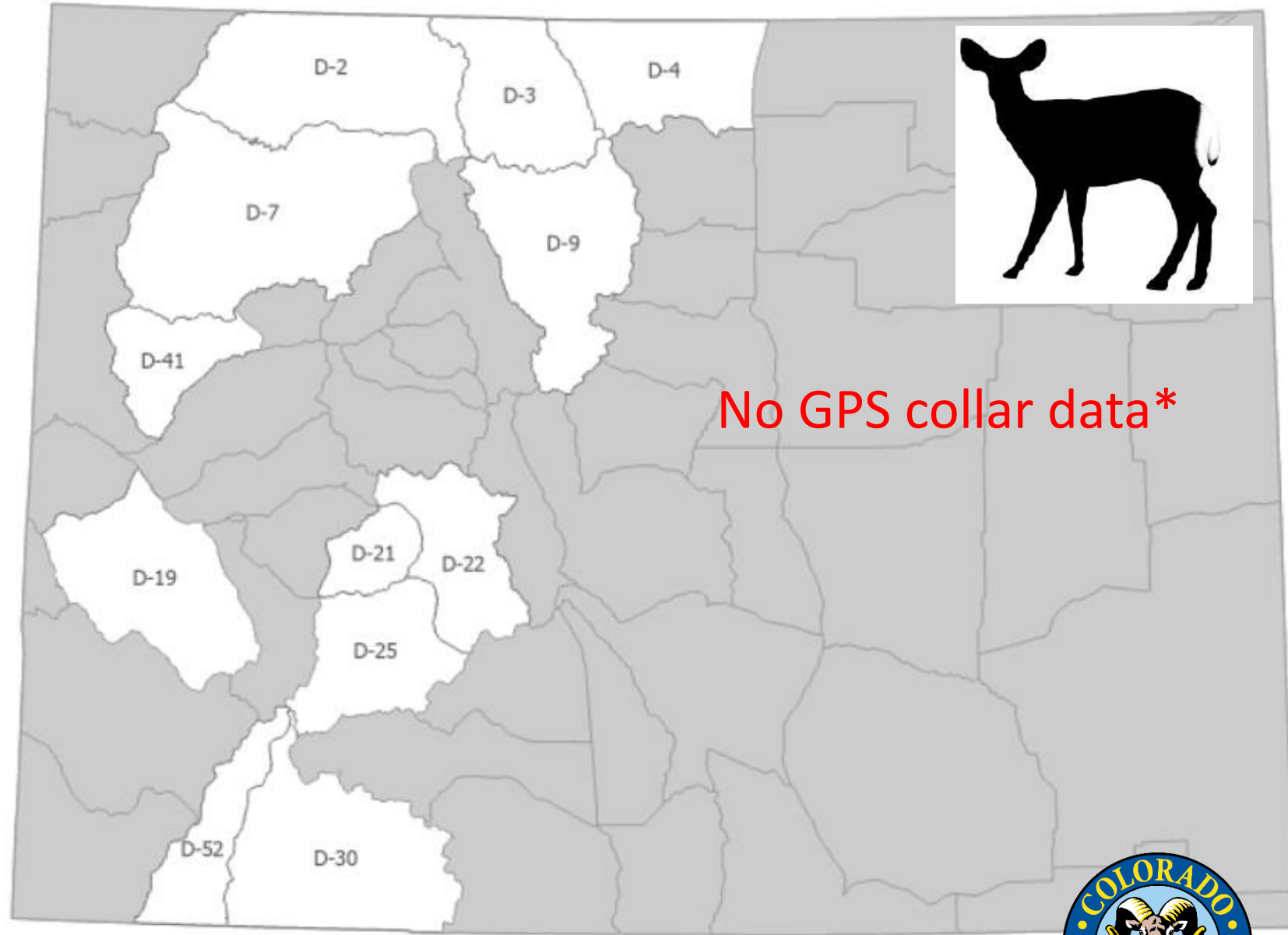
*Spring 2022 Analysis Mule Deer GPS Collar Data

2,078,776 points

1,020 migrating individuals

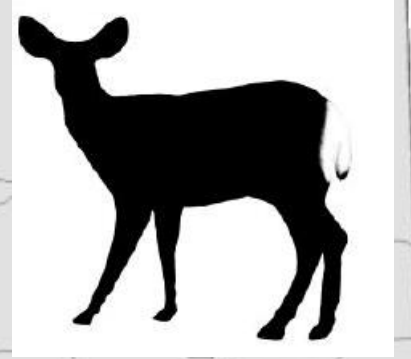
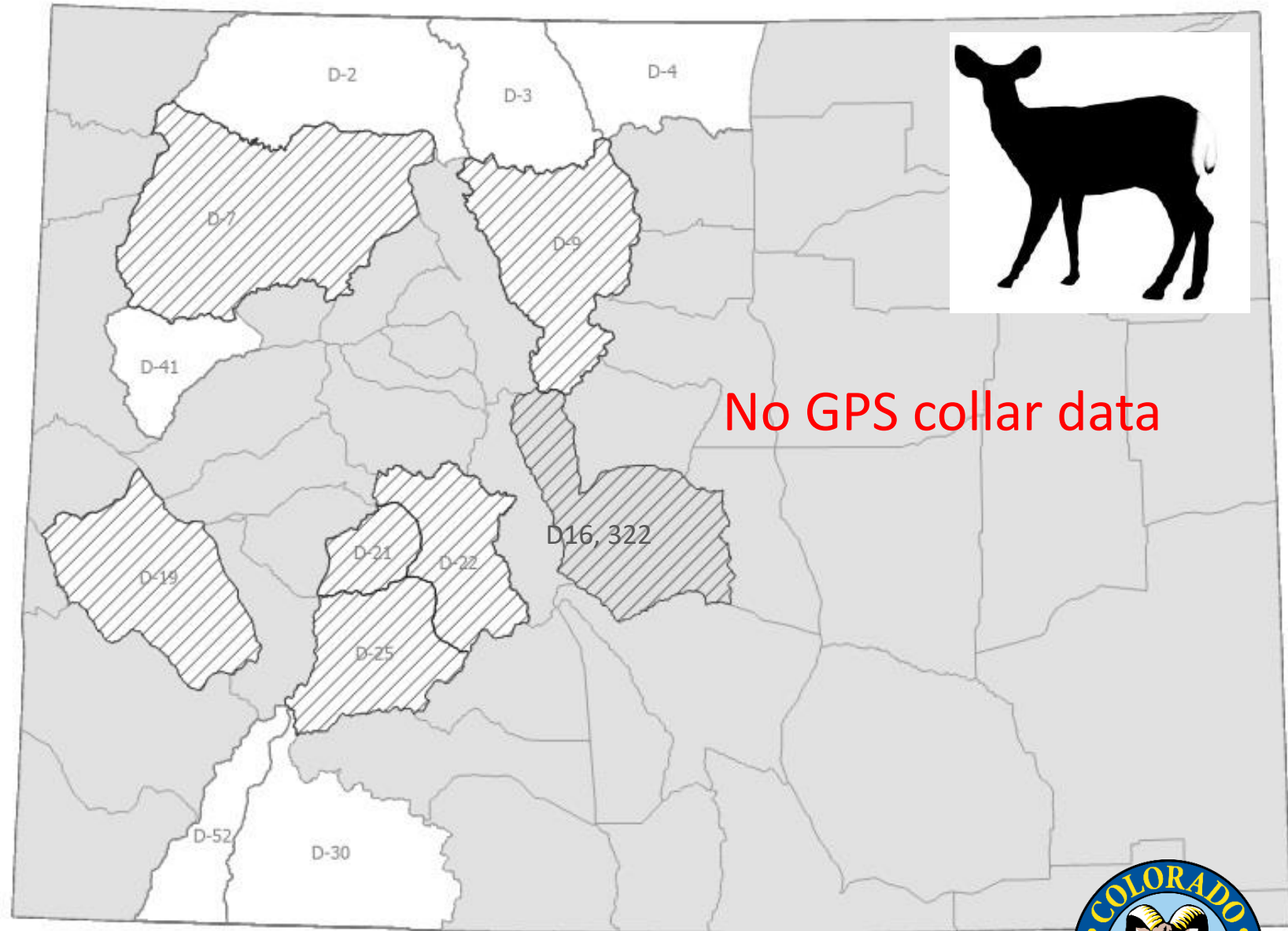
Gray = No GPS Data

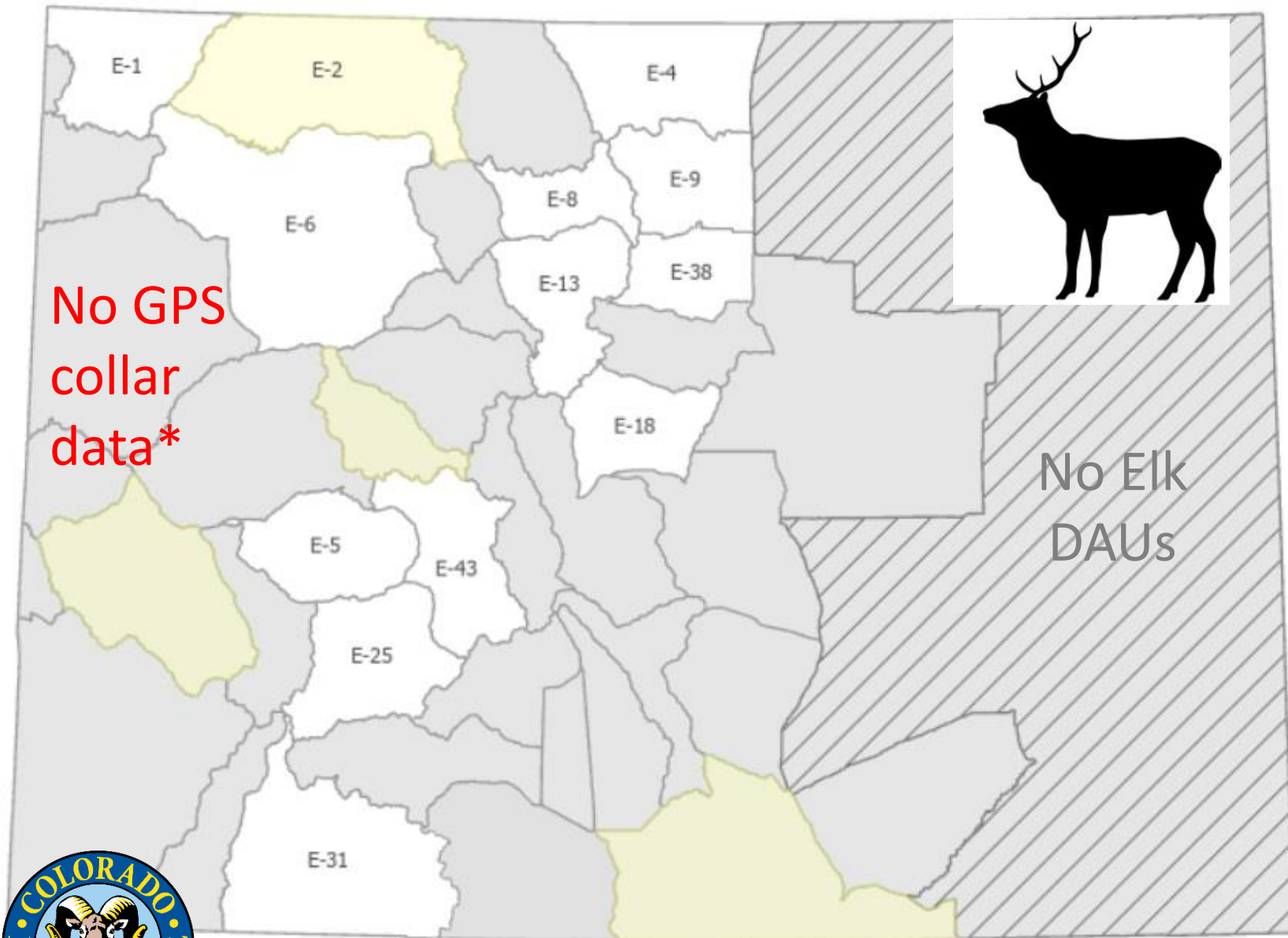
D30: data collected in collaboration
with the Southern Ute Indian Tribe



CPW Mule Deer Survival Study Analysis Units

- Study objective: herd survival
- Study start dates: 1997 - 2007
- Transitioning from VHF to GPS collars
- GPS fix rate 12-13 hours to maximize collar life





***Spring 2022 Analysis
Elk GPS Collar Data**

1,780,148 points

758 migrating individuals

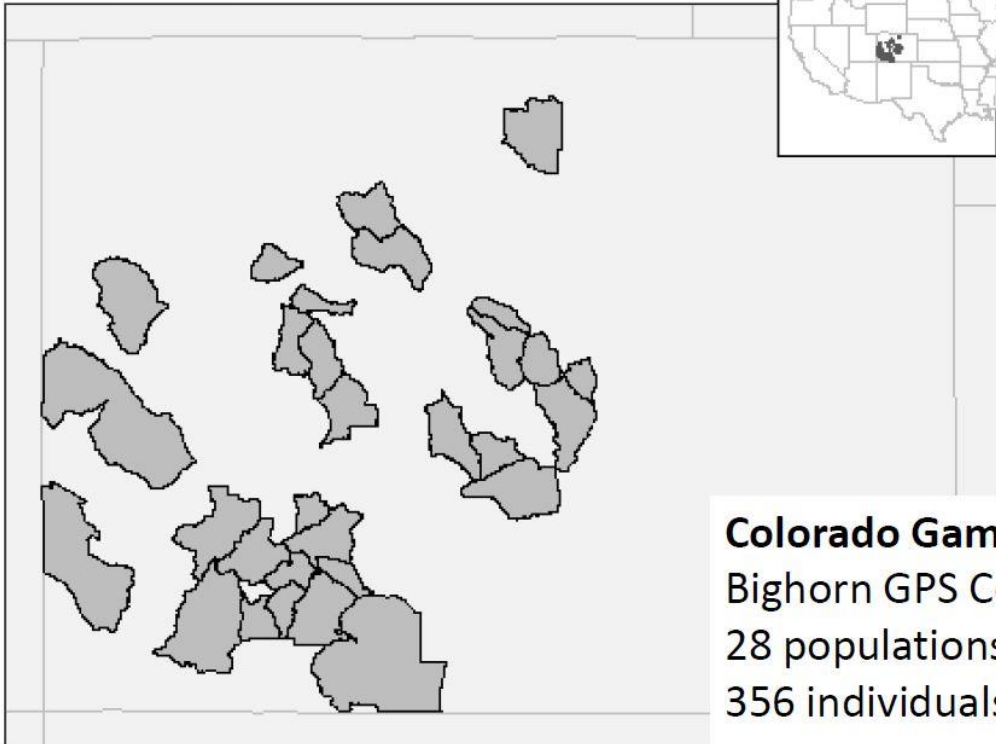
Gray = not sampled

E31: data collected in collaboration with the Southern Ute Indian Tribe

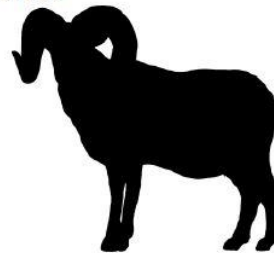


Bighorn Sheep GPS Collar Data Range 2007-2022 Studies

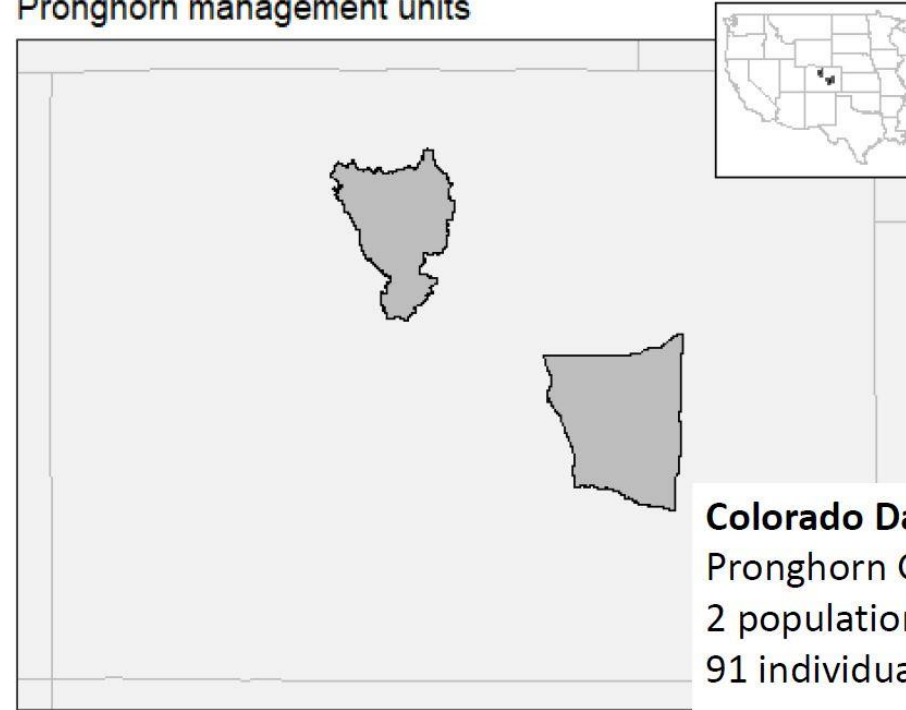
Bighorn sheep management units



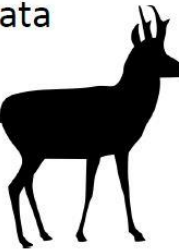
Colorado Game Management Units
Bighorn GPS Collar Data
28 populations
356 individuals



Pronghorn management units



Colorado Data Analysis Units
Pronghorn GPS Collar Data
2 populations
91 individuals



Pronghorn GPS Collar Data
Range 2016-2022



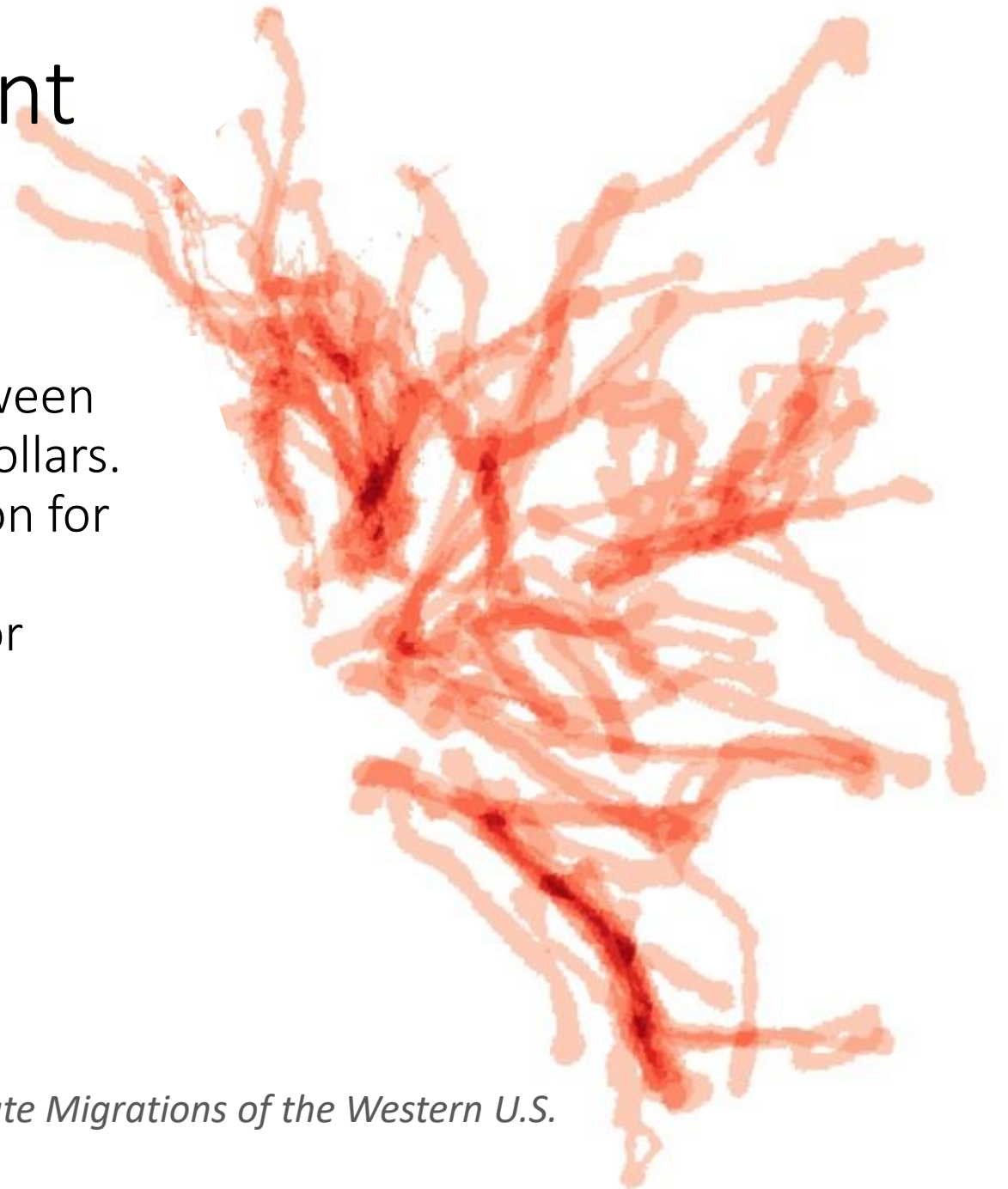
Migration Analysis



Photo credit: CPW

Brownian Bridge Movement Models (BBMM)*:

- Estimates the expectant movement path between identified migration points collected by GPS collars.
- Produces a heat map for each animal migration for each season and year.
- Stacks heat maps for all individuals in a herd or defined sub-herd.



**Horne et al. 2007. Ecology*

**Sawyer et al. 2009. Ecological Applications*

**Kauffman et al. 2020. Volume 1: USGS Ungulate Migrations of the Western U.S.*

Brownian Bridge Movement Models (BBMM)*

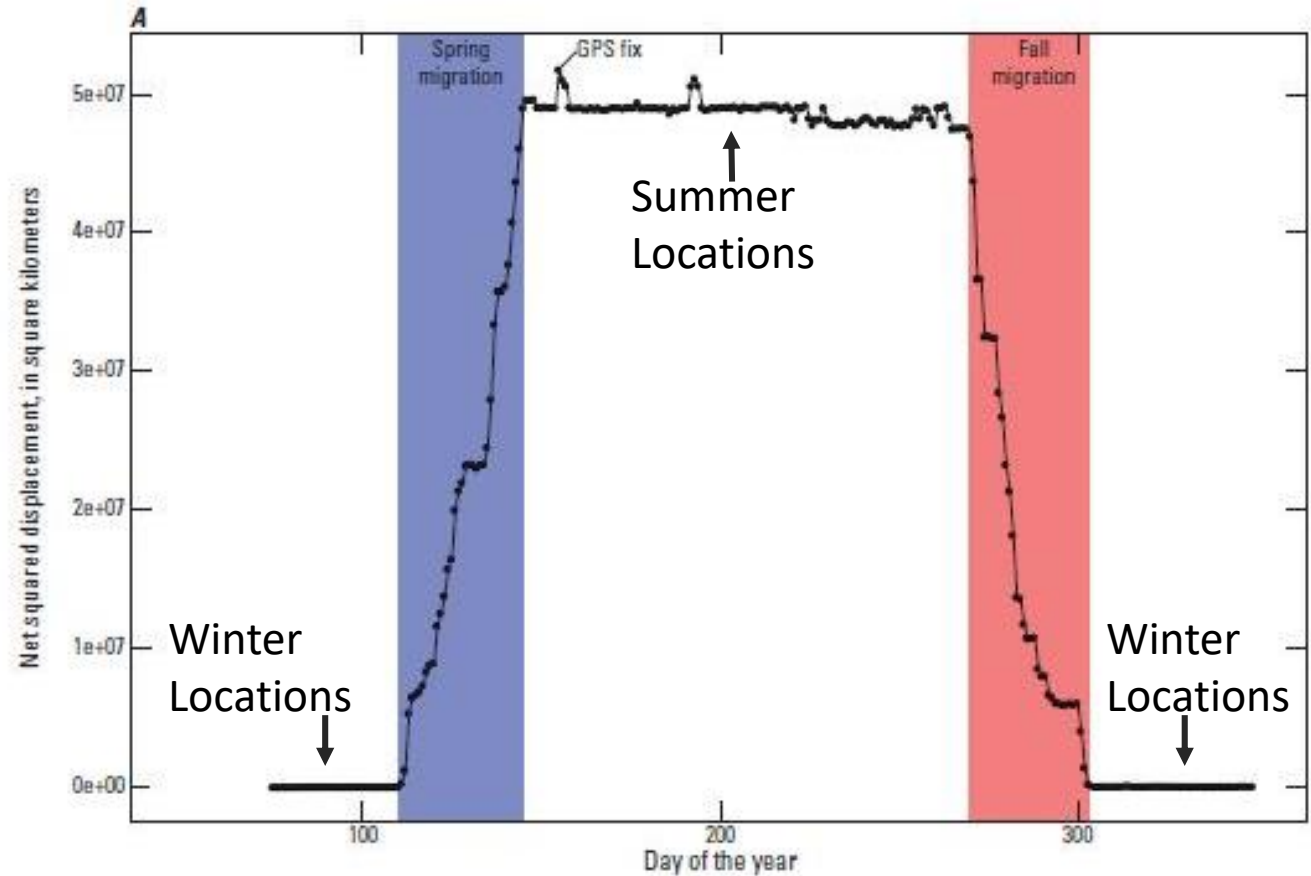
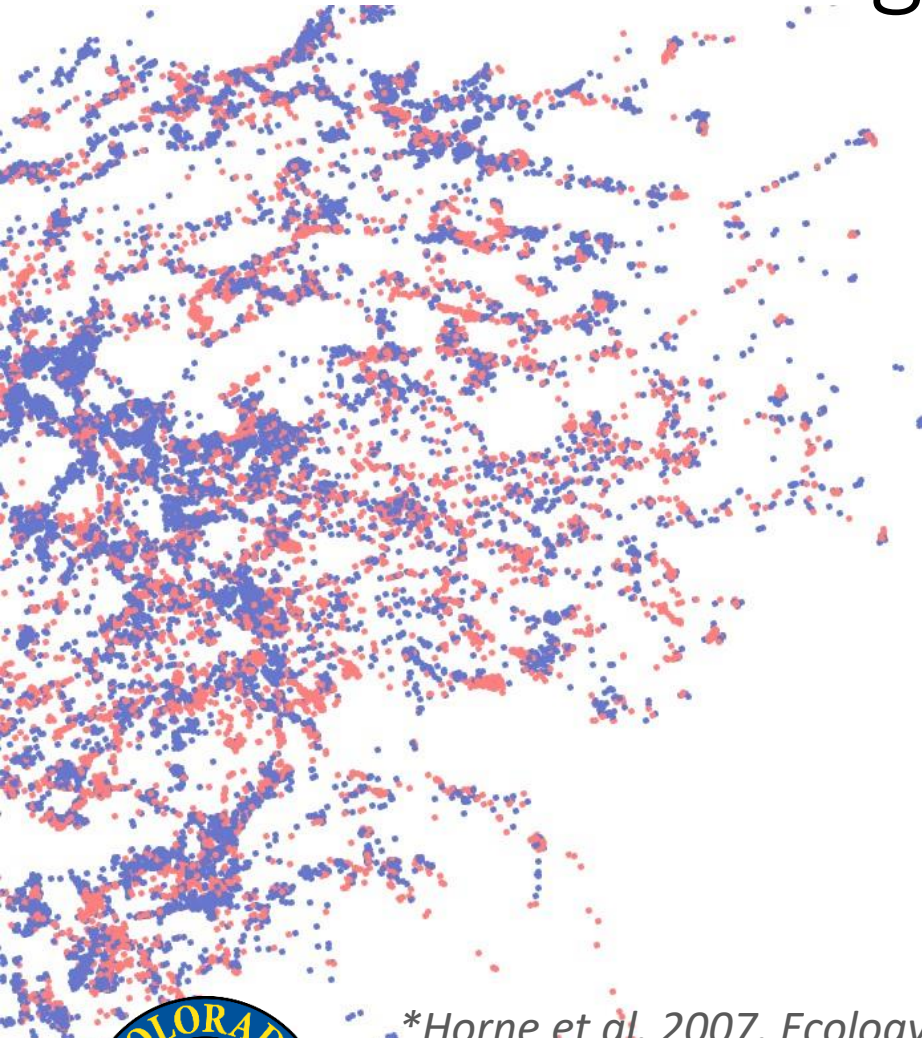


**Horne et al. 2007. Ecology*

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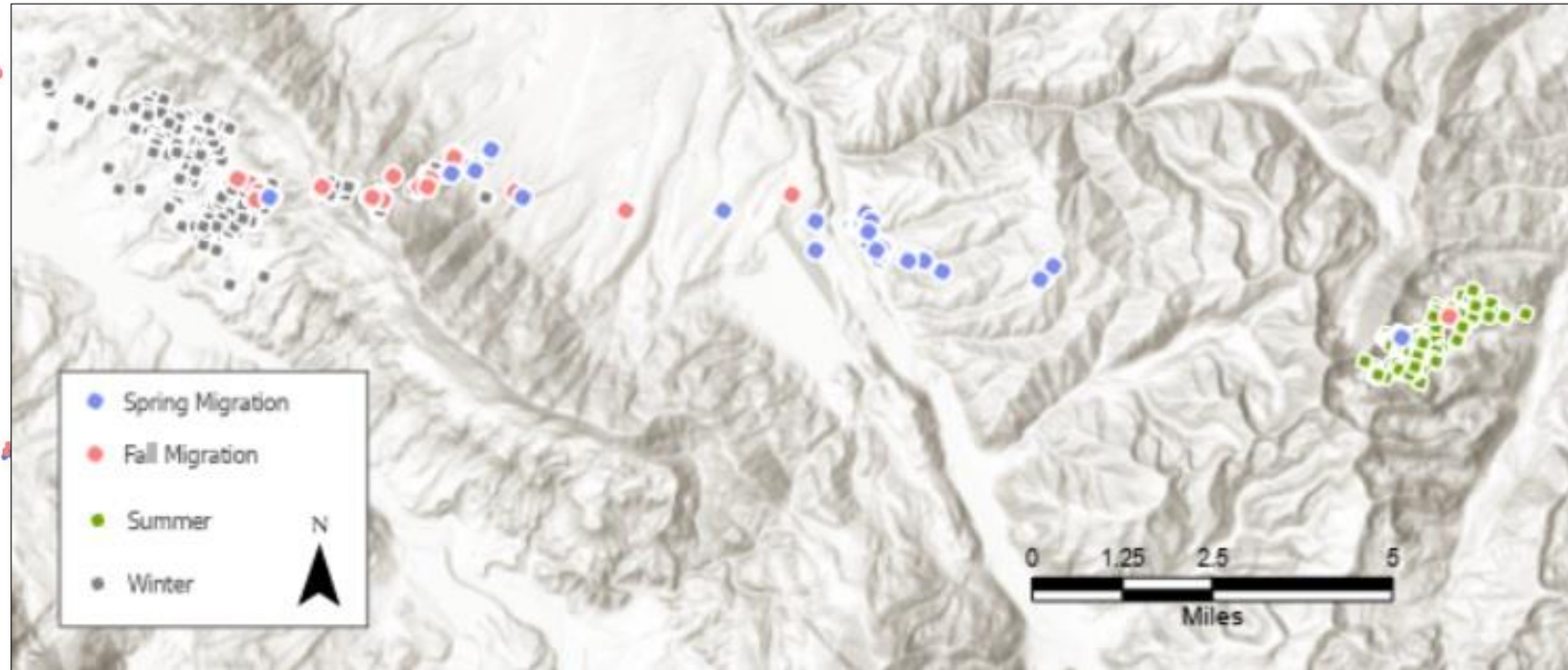
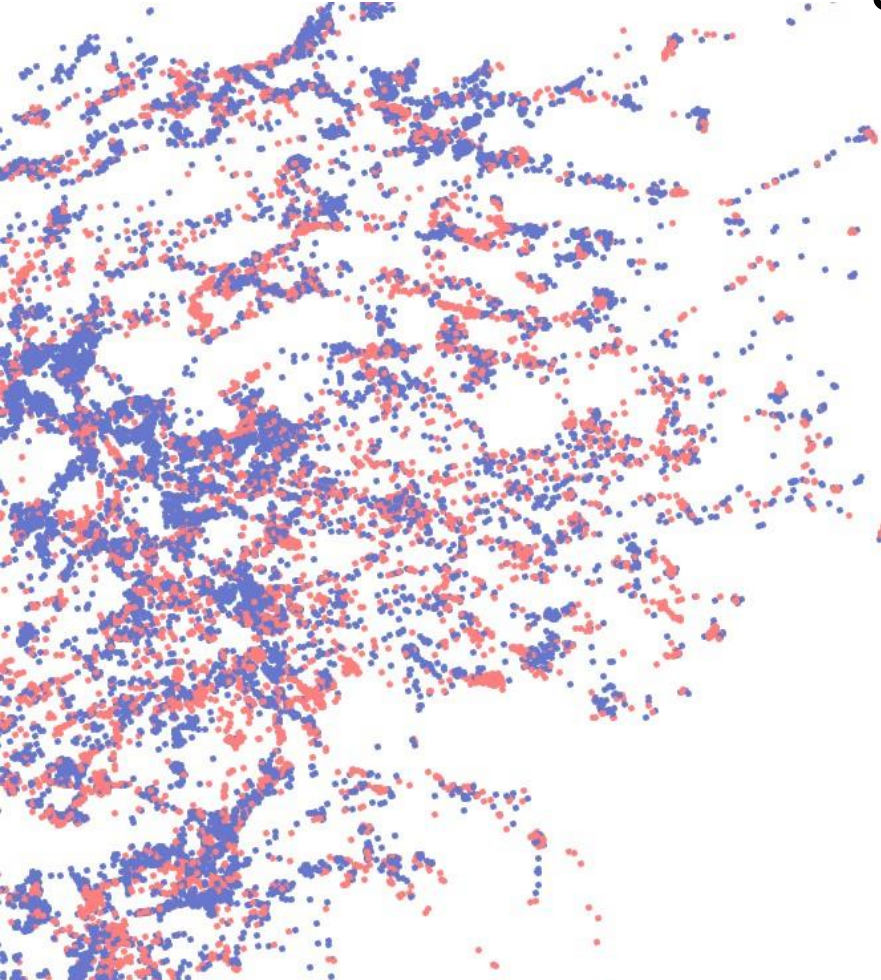


*Horne et al. 2007. *Ecology*

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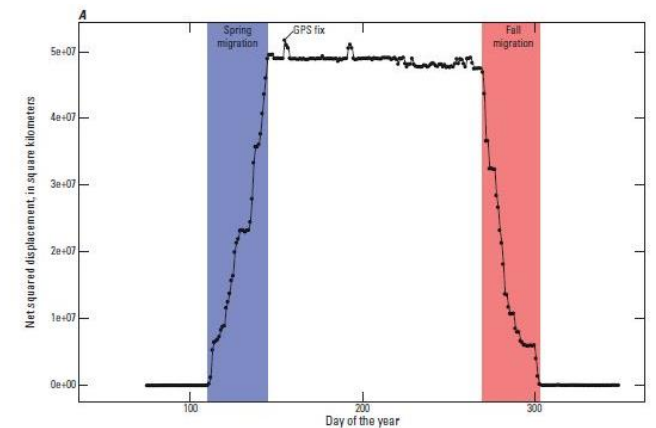
Brownian Bridge Movement Models (BBMM)*



*Horne et al. 2007. *Ecology*

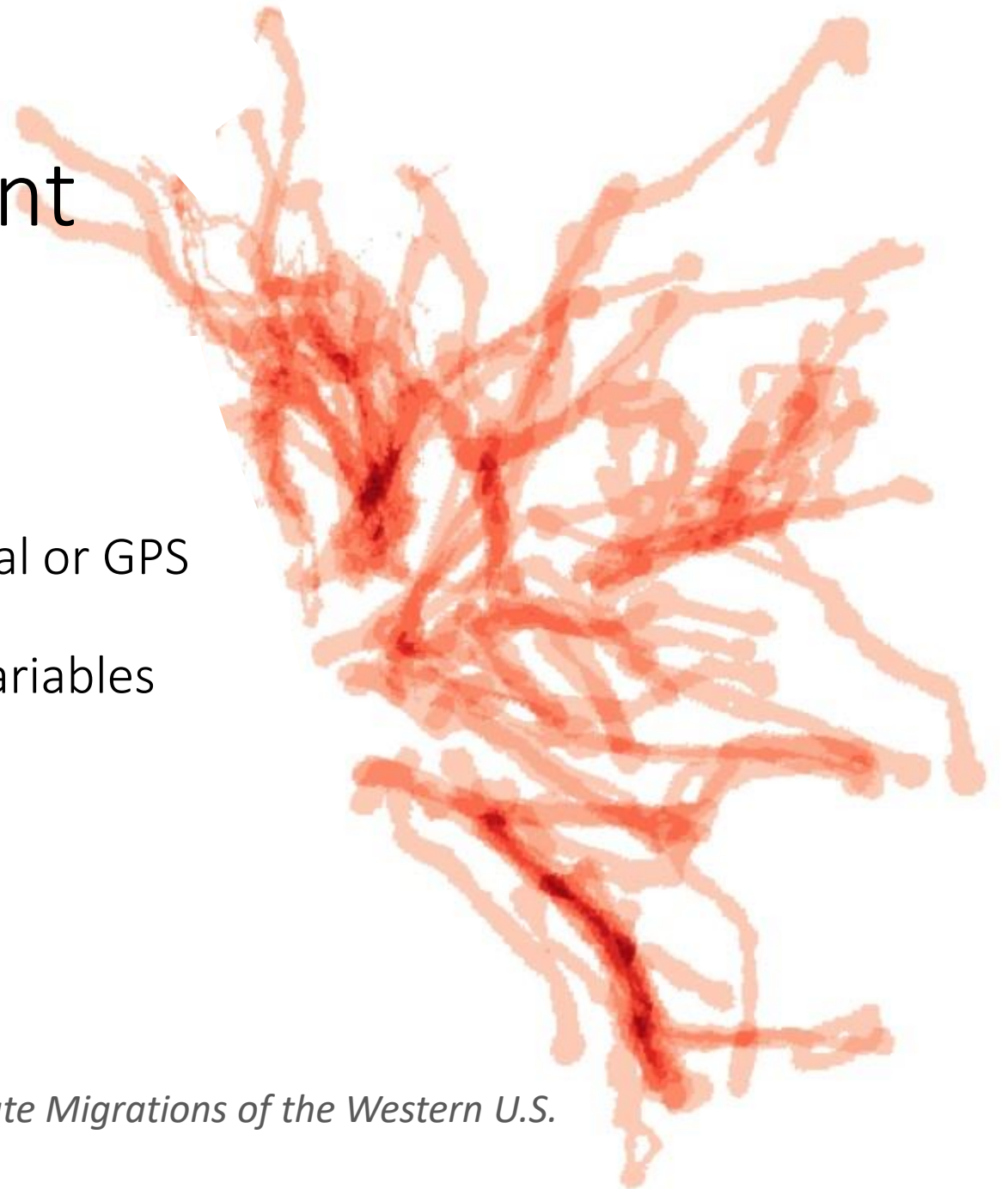
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Brownian Bridge Movement Models (BBMM*):

- Results are based on GPS point locations.
- Width of corridors are affected by time interval or GPS collar fix rate between points.
- BBMM does not extrapolate environmental variables to 'model' the migration corridors.



**Horne et al. 2007. Ecology*

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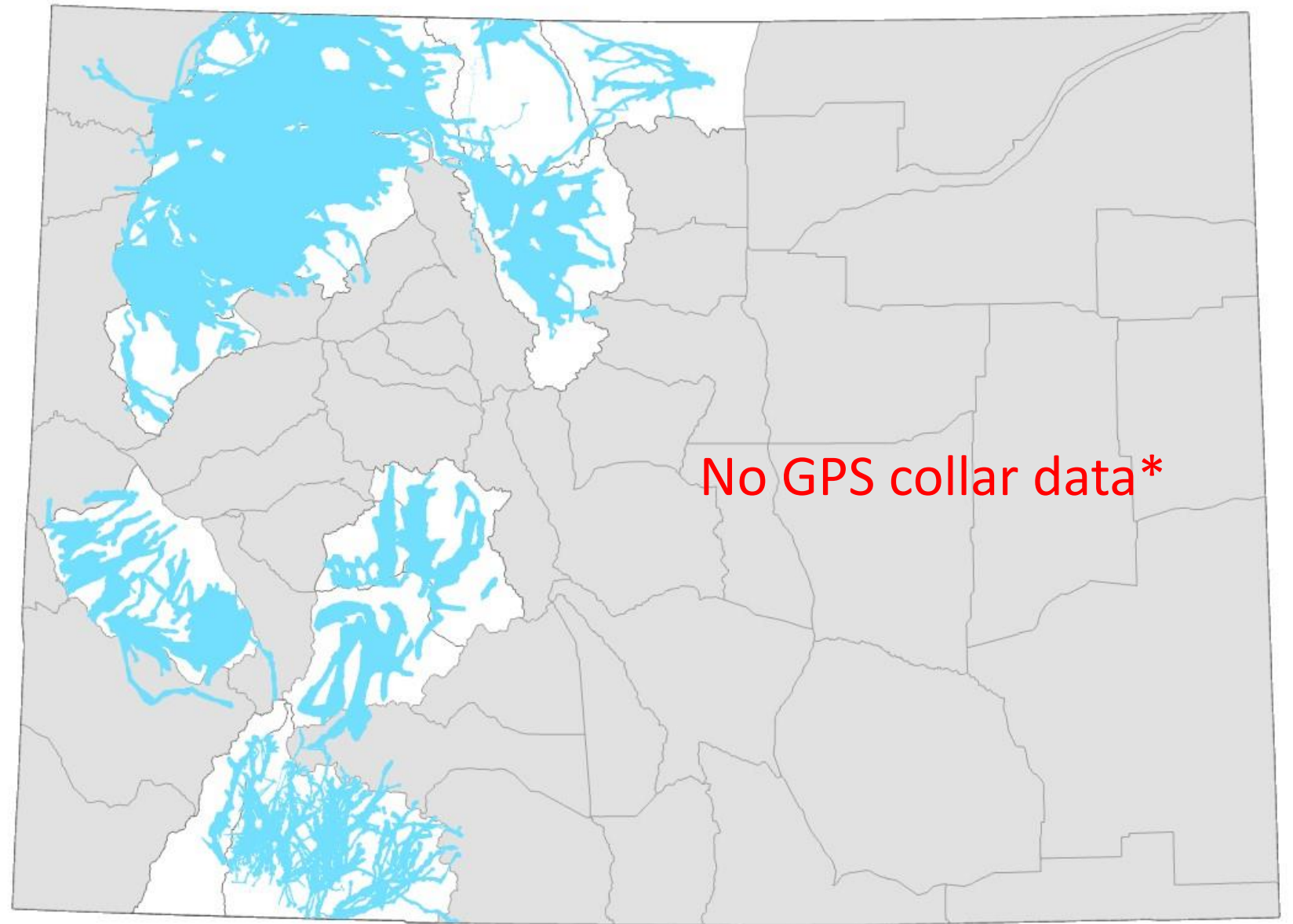


Photo credit: Wayne Lewis



Migration Range:
*Spring 2022 BBMM
Analysis of Mule
Deer GPS Collar Data



 BBMM Migration Range

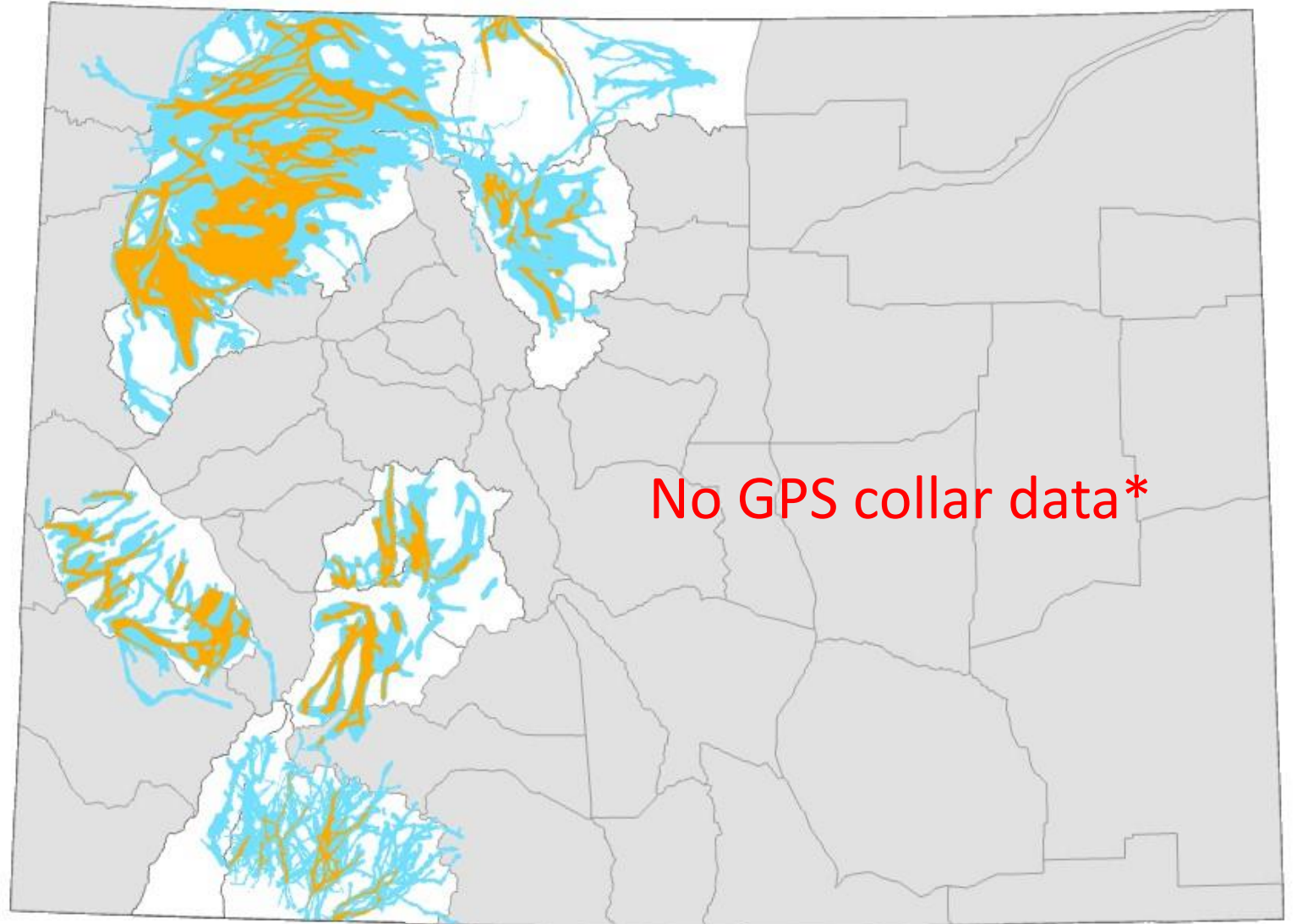


Migration Range: An area suitable for use by migrating animals to move between seasonal ranges, regardless of the number of individuals.



*Spring 2022 BBMM
Analysis of Mule Deer
GPS Collar Data

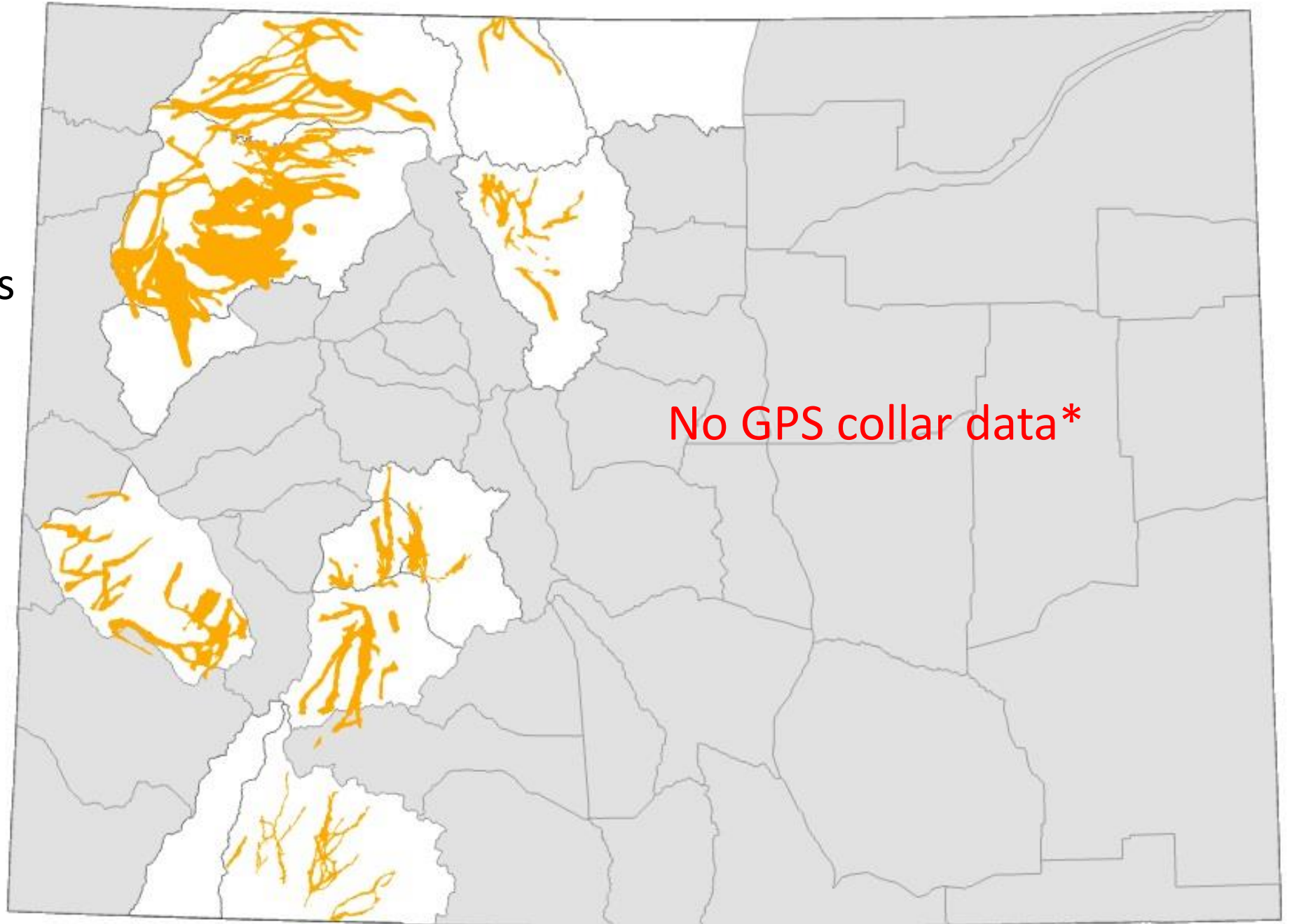
-  BBMM Migration Corridors
-  BBMM Migration Range



Migration Corridor: A specific geographic area that facilitates movement between seasonal habitat ranges and receives higher use than the surrounding landscape, relative to herd or population use, and loss of which would disrupt migration.



*Spring 2022 Analysis
Mule Deer GPS
Collaring Projects in
only 12 of 52 DAU




No GPS collar data*

 BBMM Migration Corridors



Best Available Mule
Deer Migration
Corridor Data
Combines a Data
Driven Approach and
Staff Mapping

 2023 CPW Species Activity Map
(SAM) Mule Deer Migration
Corridors

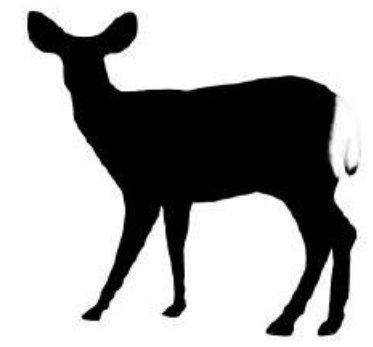
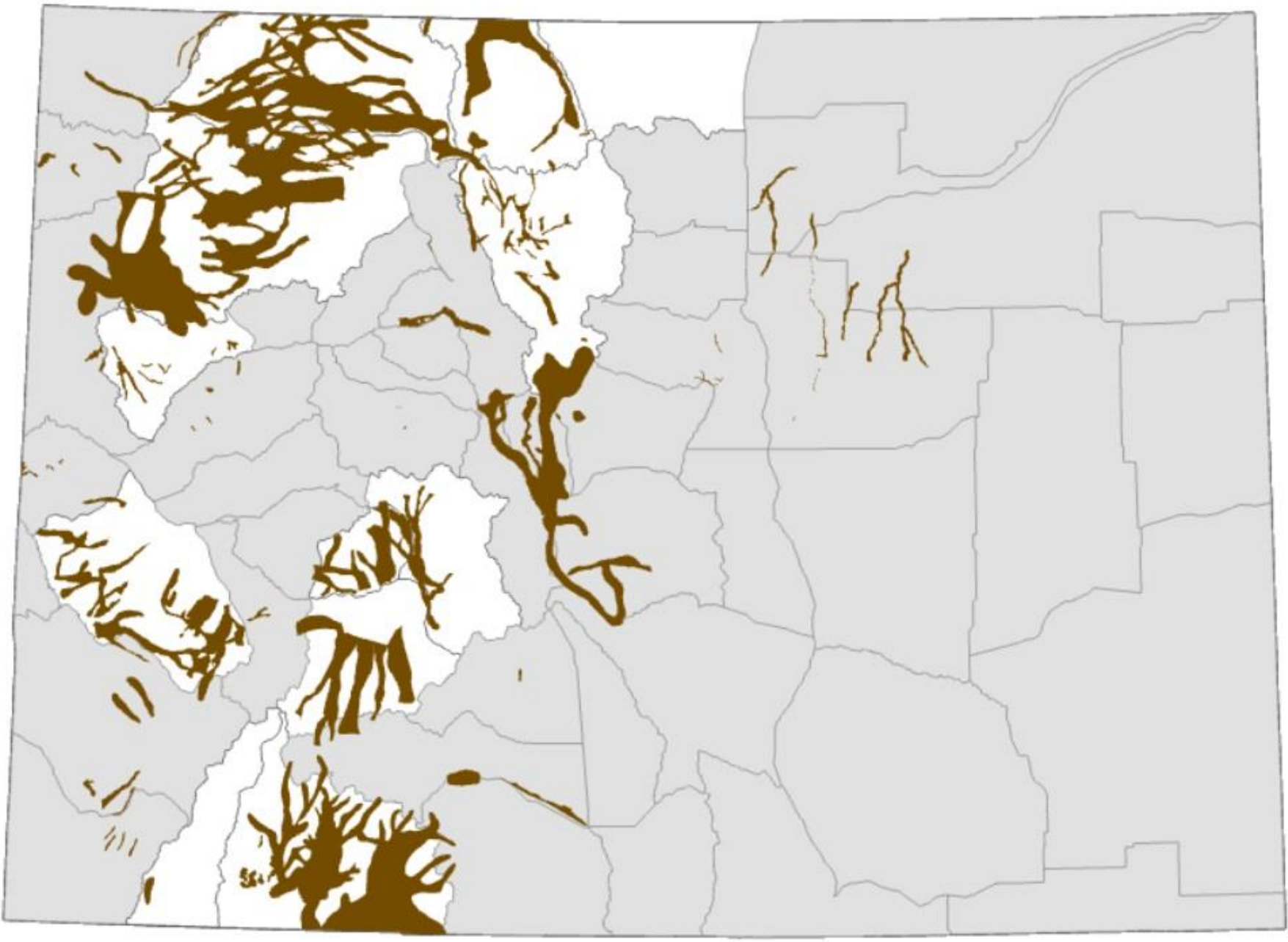




Photo credit: CPW



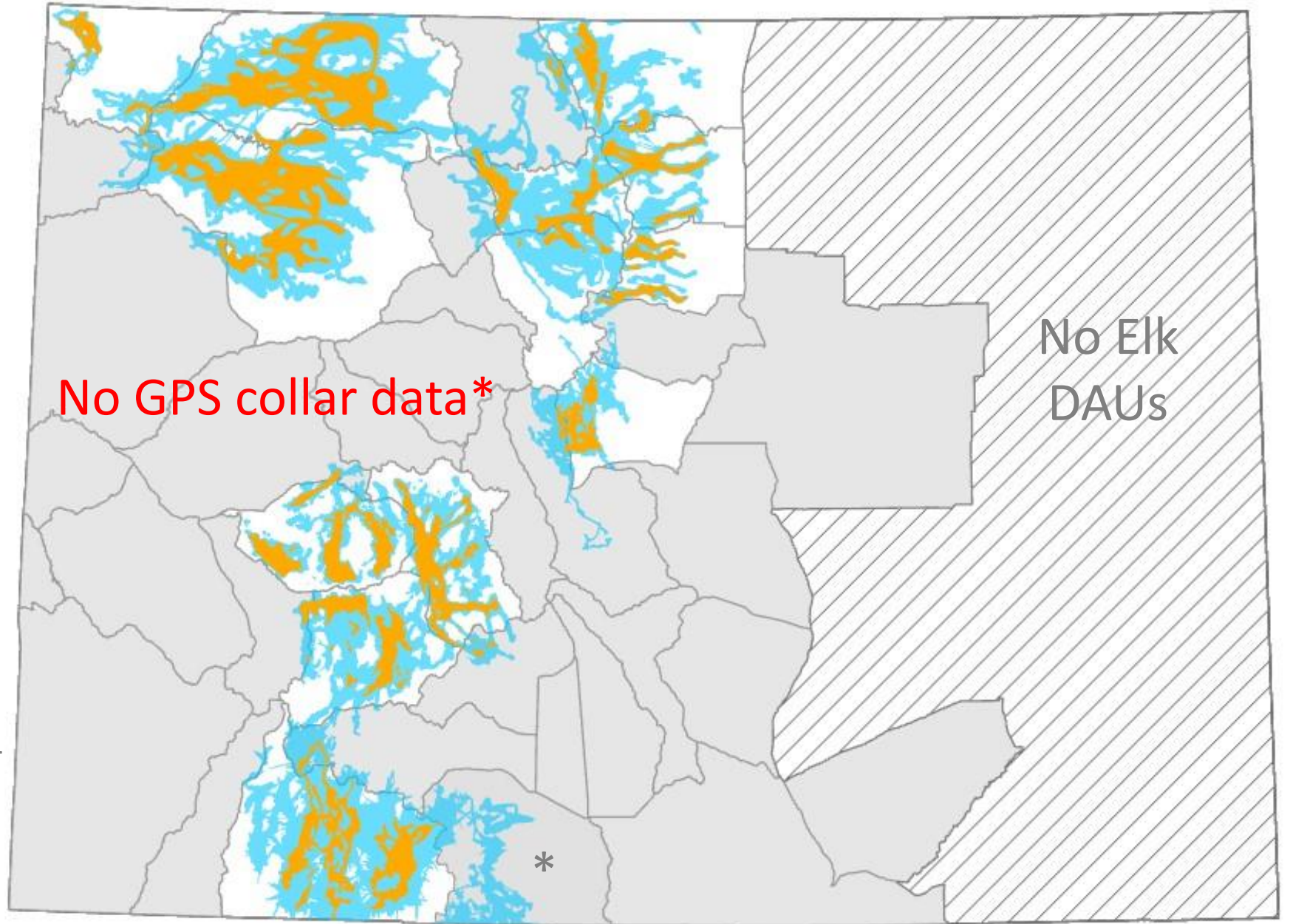
*Spring 2022 Analysis Elk GPS Collar Data

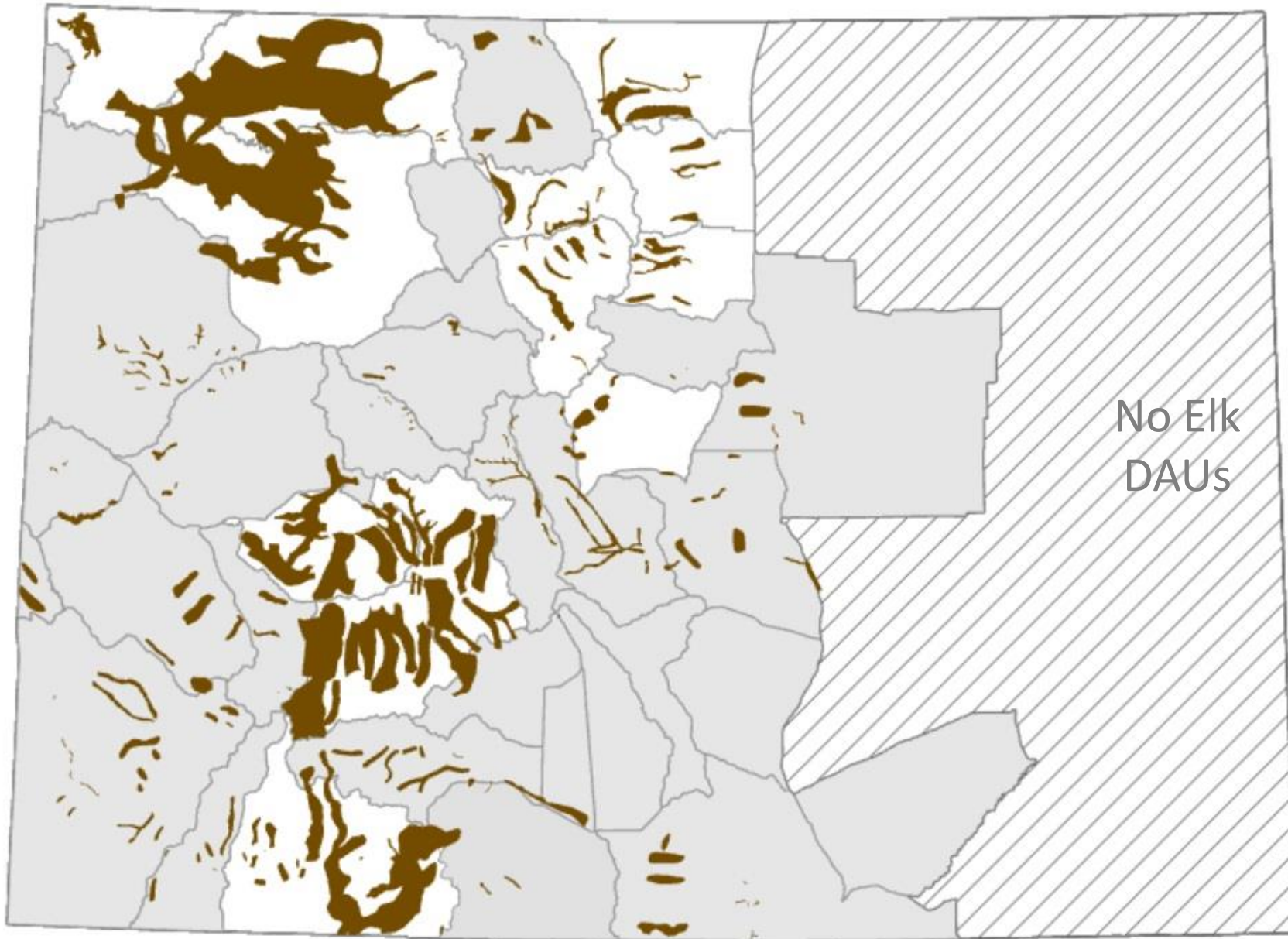
 BBMM Migration Corridors

 BBMM Migration Range

Gray = No GPS Data

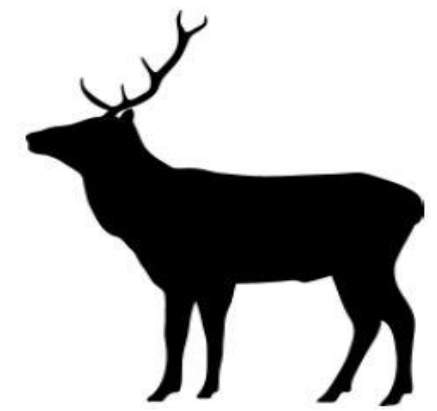
Note: E-31 in collaboration with SUIT





Best Available Elk Migration Corridor Data Combines a Data Driven Approach and Staff Mapping

 2023 CPW Species Activity Map (SAM) Elk Migration Corridors



Migration Data Wrap-up

- 2022 was our first iteration of conducting a statewide migration corridors analysis
- 2024-2025 we will repeat the BBMM analysis adding new data
- Staff review and mapping continues to be vital to the process for CPW to maintain a statewide migration corridor data layer

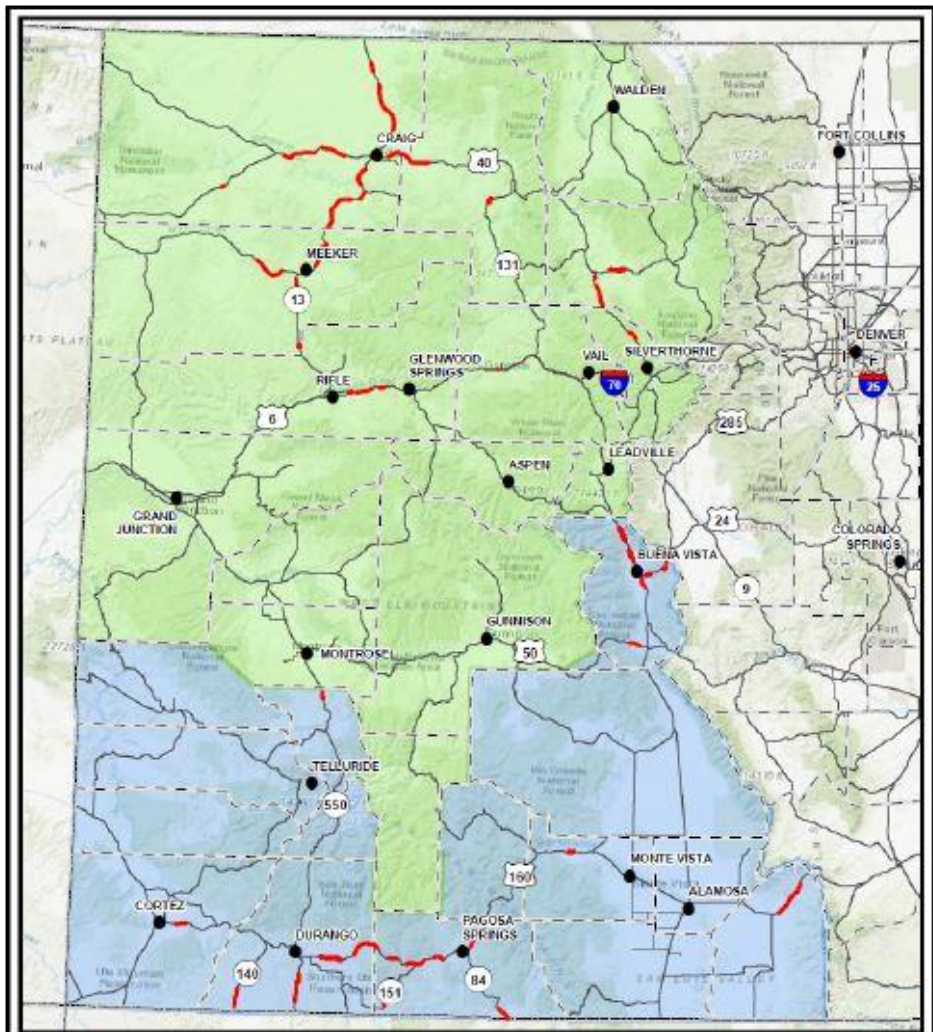


Colorado Wildlife and Transportation Alliance

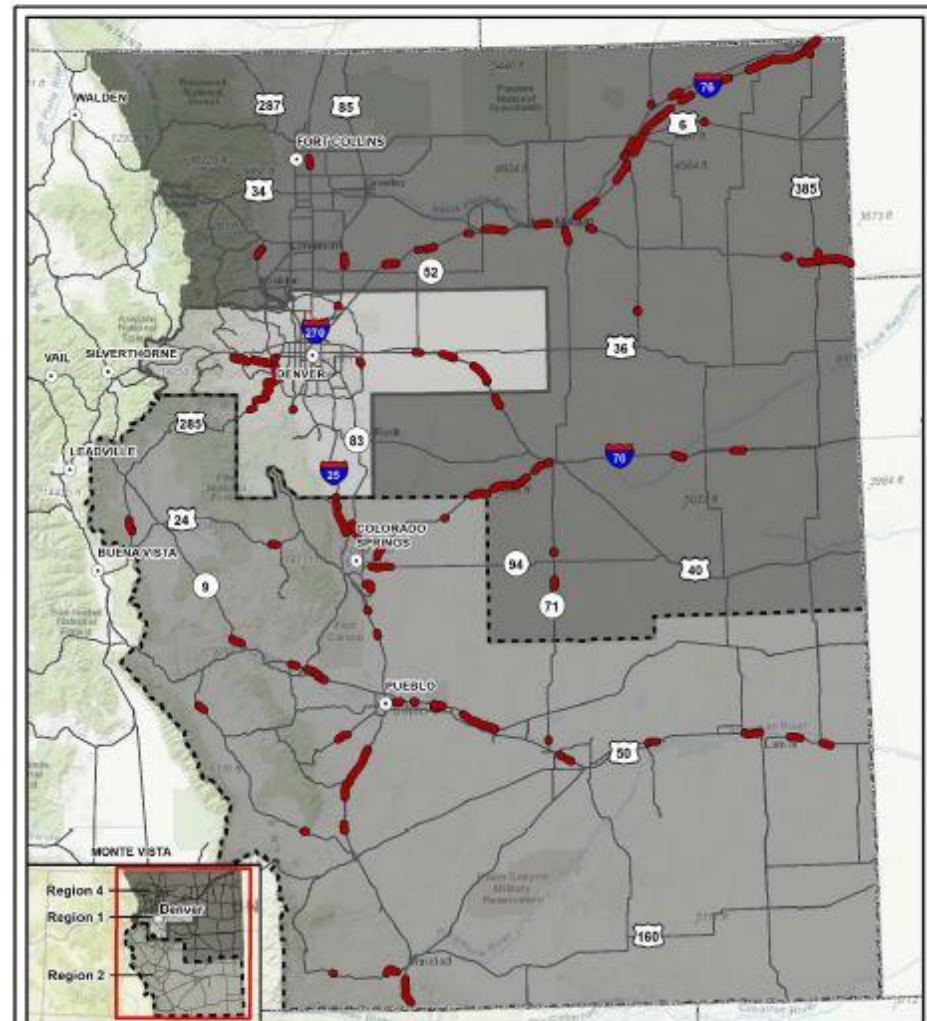
(www.coloradowta.com)



Transportation Prioritization Studies



<p>Legend</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● City — Top 5% Priority Segment — Highway CDOT Region 3 5 — County Boundary — State Boundary 	<p>West Slope Wildlife Prioritization Study</p> <p>Top 5% Segments for CDOT Regions 3 and 5</p> <p>JACOBS Date: 1/24/2019</p>
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<p>Legend</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ City — Top 5% Priority Segment — Highway CDOT Region 1 2 4 □ State Boundary 	<p>Eastern Slope and Plains Wildlife Prioritization Study</p> <p>Top 5% Segments for CDOT Regions 1, 2, and 4</p> <p>JACOBS Date: 2/14/2022</p>
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2022 Wildlife Safe Passage Fund (SB22-151)

- Provide safe road crossing for connectivity of wildlife and reduce wildlife-vehicle collisions.
- Provide funding for wildlife crossing project needs (design, construction, monitoring, land conservation efforts, maintenance) and match for federal grants related to wildlife crossing projects.
- CDOT to consult with CPW and WTA
- 2022 - \$5m
- 2023 - \$1m



SB 151 Funding - Implementation

- **Current Construction Needs:**

- CO 115, Rock Creek, Fencing, *(\$500,000)*
- CO 13, North of Craig, Radar Detection *(\$150,000)*
- CO 13, North of Craig, Zapcrete *(\$325,000)*

- **Upcoming Construction Needs**

- US 550, Billy Creek, Underpass Fencing *(\$500,000)*

- **Potential Corridor Improvements**

- US 285, Conifer, Fencing *(\$500,000)*

- **Design for Future Improvements**

- I70, East Vail Pass *(\$750,000)*
- I25, Raton Pass *(\$750,000)*

- **Additional Uses**

- Continued Alliance Operational Funds *(\$250,000)*
- Grant Match Opportunities *(\$1,275,000)*



I-25 Greenland Overpass

Received \$22m from IIJA Wildlife Crossing Pilot Program



Visualization of wildlife overpass. Looking south from MP 165.4

Wildlife & Transportation Projects

Designed with full or partial funding:

- I-70 West Vail Pass
- I-25 Greenland
- US 160 Ft Garland
- US 550 Billy Creek
- US 160 Elmore's Corner

In need of funding:

- I-70 East Vail Pass
- I-25 Raton Pass
- US 287 North Livermore
- US 40 West Craig
- US 40 Empire
- US 160 Mesa Verde
- SH13 North Rifle (P2&P3)

Completed Projects:

- SH 9 Kremmling
- SH 13 North Craig
- SH 13 North Rifle
- US 160 East Pagosa
- US 550 Durango
- US 285 Buena Vista
- I-25 Monument
- I-70 Genesee





International Conference on Ecology and Transportation





Thank you

Photo credit: J. Fielder

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Gv1LFT5FzFA>

**17
SPECIES**

**100,000+
PASSAGES**

